



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
II Pre Board Examination [2024-25]
SUB: ENGLISH LANGUAGE & LITERATURE
SET - I

Class: X
Date: 02.01.2025
No of Sides: 09

Max Marks: 80
Reading Time: 8:00 a.m-8:15a.m
Writing Time: 8:15 a.m-11.15am

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- The question paper contains three sections
Section A: Reading (20 marks)
Section B: Writing and Grammar (20 marks)
Section C: Literature (40 marks)
- Attempt questions based on specific instructions for each part.

SECTION A - (READING) 20 Marks

Q1. Read the passage given below:

(10)

1. Not too long ago, a group of teachers studied students and their learning problems. They found something interesting. Students who struggled in subjects like Maths or Art could still do well in other areas. However, students who were bad at reading tended to do poorly in all their subjects.
2. At first, the teachers were confused by this, but they soon found the answer. They realized that even subjects like Maths and Science depend on reading.
3. While other skills are involved in subjects like Maths, such as adding and subtracting, most instructions are given in written form. Students often have to read homework directions, tests, and word problems. If students can't read and understand these, they can't solve the problems. So, being good at reading is important for success in almost every subject.
4. If you go to college, you'll spend most of your study time reading. You'll need more information, and the best way to get it is by reading. Even if information comes in movies or tapes, it won't help you unless you know how to read. In the future, magazines and books may be on computers or microfilm, but they will still need to be read. The same applies to learning in school—printed material isn't going away anytime soon.
5. Success in school still depends on being able to read well. Students who can't read or don't read well enough to understand the material will struggle. You are entering a world where more and more reading is required every day. Instructions for using apps, cooking food, understanding traffic signs, travel guides, and safety warnings all require reading skills.
6. Your ability to find and keep a job is also linked to your reading ability. Even the simplest jobs require some reading, and many people get better-paying jobs by learning new skills through reading. The more specialized the job, the more you need to read quickly and confidently. Doctors read medical journals to keep up with the latest treatments, pharmacists read prescriptions, and

lawyers spend a lot of time reading legal documents. Jobs that require strong reading skills are growing fast, and today, people who can't read well may have a hard time finding employment.

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Answer the following questions, based on the passage above.

- a) In paragraph 1, what did the teachers discover about students who struggled with reading? (1)
- b) Complete the following with the correct option : (1)
- Why do students who are bad at reading struggle in subjects like Maths and Science?
- (i) Because these subjects don't require any reading.
- (ii) Because even these subjects have written instructions and problems that students need to read and understand. (2)
- c) How does reading affect success in Maths? (2)
- d) elect which option best explains the importance of reading in college (1)
- (i) College students spend most of their time doing practical work.
- (ii) College students need to read a lot to get information, and even future technologies will still require reading.
- e) State whether the following statement is True or False. And why? (1)
- Printed material will soon disappear from schools, according to the passage.
- f) The writer mentions in paragraph 5 that more reading is required in daily life today. (1)

Which of the following are two examples of things that require reading skills?

- (i) Understanding traffic signs and safety warnings.
- (ii) Instructions for using apps and food preparation guides.
- (iii) Both (i) and (ii).
- (iv) Memorizing phone numbers and recognizing faces.

g) List two reasons why reading is important for getting and keeping a job, as mentioned in the passage. (2)

h) Fill in the blank with the correct option : (1)

According to the passage, people who cannot read well:

- (i) Will still find jobs easily in most professions.
- (ii) May struggle to find employment in today's world where reading is necessary.
- (iii) Do not need to worry about learning to read quickly or confidently.
- (iv) Don't need to worry about improving their reading skills.

Q2. Read the passage given below:

(10)

1. Forests are one of the most important ecosystems on Earth, covering approximately 31% of the world's land area. They provide essential services such as carbon storage, oxygen production, and habitat for countless species. Forests also play a key role in regulating the water cycle and preventing soil erosion.

2. Forests support biodiversity by providing shelter and food for a wide variety of plants, animals, and microorganisms. Many indigenous communities also depend on forests for their livelihoods, utilizing forest resources for food, medicine, and building materials.

3. However, deforestation is happening at an alarming rate, driven by agricultural expansion, logging, and infrastructure development. Over the past 50 years, nearly 20% of the world's forests have been lost. This not only threatens biodiversity but also contributes to global warming by reducing the number of trees available to absorb carbon dioxide.
4. Conservation efforts are underway to reduce deforestation and restore forested areas. These include reforestation projects, stricter logging regulations, and promoting sustainable farming practices. Educational programs are also being implemented to raise awareness about the importance of forests for the environment and human well-being.
5. Scientists warn that continued deforestation could result in severe environmental consequences, including the loss of biodiversity, increased carbon emissions, and disruption of the global climate.

Answer the following questions, based on the passage above.

- a) What does the phrase "carbon storage" in paragraph 1 suggest about forests? (1)
 (i) They produce carbon.
 (ii) They absorb and store carbon dioxide from the atmosphere.
 (iii) They release carbon into the atmosphere.
 (iv) They contribute to global warming.
- b) Select the option that is true for the assertion and reason given below (1)
Assertion: Forests are essential for maintaining biodiversity.
Reason: Forests provide shelter and food for a variety of species.
 (i) Both the assertion and reason are true, and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion.
 (ii) Both the assertion and reason are true, but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion.
 (iii) The assertion is true, but the reason is false.
 (iv) The assertion is false, but the reason is true.
- c) Identify the percentage of the world's land area covered by forests, as mentioned in the passage. (1)
- d) According to the passage, what are two major services provided by forests? (1)
- e) Read the given prompt and select the correct option in the brackets to fill in the blank : (1)
 Lila's region, a forested area was replanted to help reduce carbon emissions and restore wildlife habitat.
 The percentage of the world's land area currently covered by forests is _____. (20% / 31% / 50%).
- f) What are some of the methods mentioned in the passage that are being used to combat deforestation? (1)
- g) Complete the sentence suitably. (1)
 Forests help regulate the water cycle by _____.
- h) Complete the following with a suitable reason : (1)
 Scientists believe forest conservation is important because _____.
- i) In the context of paragraph 5, why is continued deforestation a serious concern? (2)

SECTION B- (WRITING AND GRAMMAR)

30 Marks
(1x10=10)

Q3. Complete ANY TEN of twelve of the following tasks, as directed.

- a) Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option to complete the sentence.
 Yesterday, when I _____ home late at night, I _____ to find my house unlocked.

- (i) had returned, was shocked
- (ii) returned, was shocked
- (iii) was returned, got shocked
- (iv) had to return, were shocked

b) Read the conversation between two friends. Complete the sentence by reporting the conversation.

Ankit : May I drop you there in my car at the airport?

Atul : Thanks a lot. It will be a great help to me.

When Ankit asked Atul _____ at the airport in his car, Atul thanked him adding that it _____.

c) Select the correct option to fill in the blank for the given line, from an article on environment.

In this way, we _____ wage the war against environmental destruction with a two- pronged approach of rationality and sensibility, and some day, win the battle altogether.

- (i) will (ii) can (iii) might (iv) could

d) Select the option that identifies the error and supplies the correction for the following line, from a health report.

Tobacco breaks down quickly in the human body, so addicts might need to smoke or chew some on a regular basis to maintain the desired effects of nicotine on the brain to keep their focus intact.

Option No.	Error	Correction
(A)	may	might
(B)	or	and
(C)	on	in
(D)	their	the

e) Complete the given narrative, by filling in the blank with the correct option.

All sorts of cruelties _____ upon them but the farmers remained united.

- (i) are being inflicted
- (ii) had inflicted
- (iii) were inflicted
- (iv) might be inflicted

f) Fill in the blank by using the correct form of the word in the bracket, for the given portion of a letter. Subject : Human dependence on technology.

Through this letter, I wish to highlight our excessive dependence on technology which steadily but surely _____ (turn) us into slaves.

g) Report the dialogue between a beggar and a woman by completing the sentence.

Lady : Aren't you ashamed of not working?

Beggar : Madam, begging is also a work.

An annoyed lady asked a beggar _____, to which the beggar retorted that _____

h) Identify the error in the given sentence, from a security report of a residential area and

supply the correction.

Most of the people would have given the thief to the police so as to get rid of him and to safeguard their household goods.

Error _____ Correction _____

- i) Rishabh told his teacher that he had fever the previous day and that's why he was absent. Report the question asked by his teacher.

- j) Identify the error in the given sentence and supply the correction.

Any girls are still writing the test.

Error _____ Correction _____

- k) Select the correct option to complete the narration of the dialogue between a husband and wife.

Ryan : I have invited four of my friends for dinner today.

Renee : Then I will invite my friends also.

When Ryan told Renee that he _____ four of his friends for dinner that day, Renee remarked that she _____ also.

- (i) had invited, would invite her friends
- (ii) has invited, will invite her friends
- (iii) was inviting, would invite her friends
- (iv) will be inviting, she will invite my friends

- l) Identify the error next to a busy shop's billing counter and supply the correction, for the following.

Thank you for your patients!

Error _____ Correction _____

Q4.

(5)

A. Your state government has banned the use of plastic bags. You are highly moved by the violence of the rule in the weekly markets. You are Amarjeet, a resident of Wave City Ghaziabad. Write a letter to the Editor of The Tribune, in not more than 120 words, drawing attention towards harm caused by law offence and also aware people about the need of the hour.

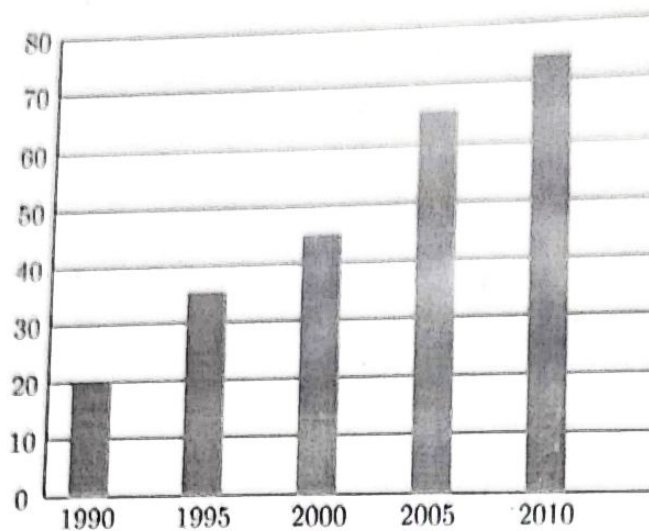
(OR)

B. You recently came across an advertisement by A New Dimension, Mehrauli, which offers various bridge courses in Creative Writing for students of Class X. You are Prakash/ Pratishtha of B 905, Goenka Building, Mansarovar Park, New Delhi, interested in pursuing a course during your summer break. Write a letter enquiring about the course details. (120 words)

(5)

Q5.

A. The following data in the graph indicates the percentage of children in Grade 10 in Model Town who have joined coaching institutes, and which has only increased further. Describe in about 120 words how this trend has only changed over the years.



(OR)

B. Analyse the picture in your own words in about 120 words.



SECTION C- LITERATURE TEXTBOOK (30 Marks)

Q6. Read the given extracts and answer ANY ONE of the two questions given below
(5)

A. I found myself in the maidan and sat down on a bench. The night was chilly-it was early November-and a light drizzle added to my discomfort. Soon it was raining quite heavily. My shirt and pyjamas stuck to my skin, and a cold wind blew the rain across my face. I went back to the bazaar and sat down in the shelter of the clock tower. The clock showed midnight. I felt for the notes. They were damp from the rain. Anil's money. In the morning he would probably have given me two or three rupees to go to the cinema, but now I had it all. (The Thief's Story)

(a) What effect does the situation, as described in the lines below, have on the narrator?
I went back to the bazaar and sat down in the shelter of the clock tower. The clock showed midnight. I felt for the notes. They were damp from the rain.

Choose the most suitable option.

(i) relieves (ii) frustrated (iii) saddens (iv) comforts

(b) How is Hari feeling in the given extract?

(c) State any one point for the following question :

What was Hari Singh thinking while sitting in the shelter of the clock tower?

(d) What study was done by Hari Singh? Answer in about 40 words.

B. "Marriage gifts are meaningless without the sweet bread known as the 'bol' just as a party or a feast loses its charm without bread. Not enough can be said to show how important a baker can be for a village. The lady of the house must prepare sandwiches on the occasion of her daughter's engagement. Cakes and 'bor are a must for Christmas as well as other festivals. Thus, the presence of the baker in the village is absolutely essential."
(Glimpses of India)

(a) Breads are a very important part of the culture of the people in Goa. Which of the given options does not corroborate the statement?

(i) Bols are central to marriage celebrations and festivals.

(ii) Festivals especially Christmas are incomplete without cakes.

(iii) Every house has their own furnace in Goa.

(iv) Special sandwiches are made on a daughter's engagement.

(b) What makes the marriage gifts meaningless? Answer in about 40 words.

(c) Fill in the blank with the correct word from the bracket. The word 'essential' in the line "the presence of the baker in the village is absolutely essential" indicates that the baker's role in the village was _____ (indispensable/optional).

(d) What is the traditional name of bakers in Goa and what made them different from other people in appearance?

Q7. Read the given extracts and answer the questions for ANY ONE of the two, given. (5)

A. The way a crow
Shook down on me
The dust of snow
From a hemlock tree
Has given my heart
A change of mood
And saved some part
Of a day I had rued.

(Dust of Snow)

(a) Fill the blank with one word.

The poet was out on the cold snowy day when the dust of snow fell on him and changed his sad _____.

(b) The poetic device used in the line 'And saved some part' is Alliteration. What effect does the poet wish to create?

(i) emphasis (ii) comparison (iii) humour (iv) personification

(c) Of the many symbols the hemlock tree represents, state the one that Frost drew upon, in all likelihood, for this poem.

(d) Comment on the poet's use of language in these lines.

B. What is the boy now, who has lost his ball,
What, what is he to do? I saw it go
Merrily bouncing, down the street, and then
Merrily over-there it is in the water!

(The Ball Poem)

(a) In what way does the language used in this poem challenge traditional ideas of what poetry should be?

(b) What is the significance of the use of no punctuation after the words 'What is the boy now, who has lost his ball,' and the use of a dash in 'Merrily over-there it is in the water!' in the poem and how does this contribute to the overall mood and tone of the poem? Answer in about 40 words.

(c) Complete the sentence with the appropriate option.

The poet seems to have indicated the merry bouncing of the ball to ____.

(i) create a sense of rhythm in these lines.

(ii) support the happiness of the experience of playing.

(iii) contrast with the dejected feeling of the boy.

(iv) indicate the cheerful mood of the boy.

(d) Identify the use and purpose of repetitive sounds used in the given lines of the poem.

Q8. Answer ANY FOUR of the following five questions, in about 40-50 words. (12)

(a) What made the speaker term it as "an easy flight"? Did his prediction come true? (Two Stories About Flying)

(b) Why does Chubukov call back Lomov even after driving him out of his house? (The Proposal)

(c) What message does the poet want to give through the poem 'Amanda'?

(d) The poem 'The Trees' presents a conflict between Man and Nature. Discuss the statement.

(e) How did 'Bodhi Tree' get its name? (The Sermon at Benares)

9. Answer ANY TWO of the following three questions, in about 40-50 words. (6)

(a) Who is 'the artist' in the story 'Bholi'? What is 'the masterpiece'? (Bholi)

(b) What made the thief come back to Anil? (The Thief's Story)

(c) What was the 'frightful disaster'? How it changed Loisels' lives? (The Necklace)

Q10. Answer ANY ONE of the following two questions, in about 100-120 words. (6)

- (i) 'Faith can move mountains' How can it be proven in the case of Lencho and Mandela from the chapter 'A Letter to God' and 'Nelson Mandela - Long Walk to Freedom'.
- Prepare a set of dialogues between the Lencho and Mandela to elaborate the point. You may begin like this :
- Lencho : My faith in God will help me come out of this situation.
- Mandela : Faith has to be complete and unwavering _____.

(ii) A teacher can influence a student's character to grow and evolve in every way. Explain it with reference to 'Bholi' and 'Diary of Anne Frank'. If you had to use the message with reference to both the chapters 'Bholi' and 'Diary of Anne Frank' how would you elaborate it? Also, how it is relevant to both.

Q11. Answer ANY ONE of the following two questions, in about 100-120 words. (6)

(i) The Story, 'The Necklace' reveals that vanity is an evil. It may bring short term joy but it leads to ruin. Assess how vanity may lead to ruin with reference to the character of Matilda.

(ii) Concern and love for children can compel parents to take impulsive decisions that may not be good for them. Explain with reference to 'The Proposal'.



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General Instructions:

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Section A: Reading (20 marks)
Section B: Writing and Grammar (20 marks)
Section C: Literature (40 marks)
- Attempt questions based on specific instructions for each part.

SECTION A- (READING) 20 Marks

Q1. Read the passage given below:

(10)

1. A 2021 report from UNICEF highlighted that approximately 100 million girls worldwide are at risk of child marriage in the coming decade. The COVID-19 pandemic has exacerbated this issue by causing "school closures, economic strain, service disruptions, pregnancies, and parental deaths," which has left an additional 10 million girls vulnerable to the threat of child marriage.
2. In Rajasthan, civil society organizations are actively combating the practice of child marriage and empowering young girls. One such initiative, Naubat Baja, was launched on International Women's Day in 2019. The campaign capitalizes on the widespread use of mobile phones, which have reached even the most remote areas of India, making it the preferred mode of communication for the youth, especially in regions with limited access to television or the internet.
3. The term "Naubat Baja" refers to an ancient ensemble of musical instruments used to capture people's attention. In the digital age, Naubat Baja has evolved into a campaign that broadcasts messages against harmful traditions like child marriage and gender discrimination. Through Naubat Baja Missed Call Radio, a cloud-based telephone radio service in Rajasthan, messages against early marriage are spread. This initiative also addresses adolescent health, empowerment, and well-being. Volunteers and leaders of adolescent groups who help with the campaign are called champions.
4. Girls can call the Naubat Baja number and receive a callback, offering a 15-minute recorded session free entertainment. This includes Hindi film songs, short stories, and audio dramas that focus on social issues often using humor and satire. Additionally, job opportunity updates, general knowledge, and government welfare schemes are shared. The dramas deliver messages on topics such as child marriage, domestic violence, health, menstrual hygiene, gender equality, and financial awareness.
5. The programme is regularly updated and managed by UNFPA representatives. It is produced in studios by a team of researchers and content creators, who work alongside professional audio makers. The initiative is promoted through social media, graffiti, and awareness campaigns in both rural and urban areas, supported by...

by volunteers, community leaders, Panchayats (local governing bodies), Anganwadi centers, and ASHA workers (community health workers).

6. Efforts are ongoing in Rajasthan to engage more partners, such as the Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan (NYKS), one of the world's largest youth networks, to help popularize Naubat Baja's messages. As these strategies take effect, countless ordinary girls will find the courage to dream of a better future.

Answer the following questions, based on the passage above.

a) In paragraph 1, what factors have increased the vulnerability of girls to child marriage during the pandemic? (1)

b) Complete the following with the correct option : (1)

Naubat Baja uses mobile phones to:

- (i) Connect girls to television programs about child marriage.
- (ii) Spread messages against harmful practices like child marriage and gender discrimination.

c) How does Naubat Baja's Missed Call Radio service convey important messages to adolescent girls? (2)

d) Select the option that best reflects the meaning of "champions" in the context of Naubat Baja : (1)

- (i) Celebrities who promote the campaign in cities.
- (ii) Volunteers and adolescent leaders who help spread the campaign's message.

e) State whether the following statement is True or False. (1)

Naubat Baja's content is created and distributed without any professional oversight or involvement.

f) The writer mentions that Naubat Baja is promoted through various channels.

Which of the following is not one of those channels? (1)

- (i) Social media
- (ii) Graffiti
- (iii) Printed newspapers
- (iv) Awareness campaigns

g) List any two topics covered by Naubat Baja's audio dramas that are aimed at educating adolescent girls. (2)

h) Fill in the blank with the correct option : (1)

The involvement of the Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan (NYKS) aims to:

- (i) Spread awareness about child marriage through television programs.
- (ii) Encourage youth participation in popularizing Naubat Baja's messages.
- (iii) Organize music festivals to promote Naubat Baja.
- (iv) Provide financial aid to adolescents.

Q2. Read the passage given below: (10)

1. Urban green spaces, such as parks, gardens, and forests, are crucial for improving the quality of life in cities. These areas provide benefits like reducing air pollution, moderating urban temperatures, and offering recreational opportunities. Green spaces absorb approximately 40% more carbon dioxide than

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built-up areas, helping to mitigate the urban heat island effect, where cities can be 1-2°C warmer than nearby rural areas.

2. Research shows that urban green spaces positively impact mental and physical health. People who live within 1 kilometer of a green space have a 15% lower risk of mental health issues like anxiety and depression. Additionally, access to parks promotes physical activity, reducing the risk of chronic diseases such as obesity and cardiovascular disorders.
3. Despite their importance, many cities are losing green spaces due to rapid urbanization. Over the past 20 years, cities globally have experienced a 30% decrease in available public green areas, largely because of construction and development pressures.
4. Urban planners are increasingly working to address this issue by implementing initiatives to protect existing green spaces and create new ones. These include vertical gardens, rooftop parks, and the development of green corridors. Cities that prioritize these solutions have seen improvements in air quality and overall public health.
5. Experts emphasize the need for sustainable urban planning to ensure future cities remain livable. By maintaining and expanding green spaces, cities can better cope with the challenges posed by climate change, air pollution, and population growth.

Answer the following questions, based on the passage above.

- a) What percentage of carbon dioxide do green spaces absorb more than built-up areas, as mentioned in paragraph 1? (1)
- (i) 20% (ii) 30% (iii) 40% (iv) 50%

- b) Select the option that is true for the assertion and reason given below (1)

Assertion: Green spaces help reduce the risk of chronic diseases.

Reason: Access to parks and natural areas encourages physical activity, improving overall health.

- (i) Both the assertion and reason are true, and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion.
- (ii) Both the assertion and reason are true, but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion.
- (iii) The assertion is true, but the reason is false.
- (iv) The assertion is false, but the reason is true.
- c) What percentage decrease in public green areas have cities experienced globally over the past 20 years, as mentioned in the passage? (1)
- d) According to the passage, what are two major benefits of urban green spaces? (1)
- e) Read the given prompt and select the correct option in the brackets to fill in the blank : (1)

Many cities are implementing creative solutions to restore urban green areas and counter the impacts of urbanization. The percentage of carbon dioxide absorbed more by green spaces compared to built-up areas is ____ (20% / 30% / 40%).

- f) What are some of the methods mentioned in the passage that urban planners are using to protect and expand green spaces? (1)
- g) Complete the sentence suitably.
Urban green spaces help promote public health by _____. (1)
- h) Complete the following with a suitable reason :
Urban planners emphasize the importance of green spaces because _____. (1)
- i) In the context of paragraph 5, why is sustainable urban planning essential for the future of cities? (2)

SECTION B- (WRITING AND GRAMMAR) 30 Marks

GRAMMAR

Q3. Complete ANY TEN of twelve of the following tasks, as directed.

(1x10=10)

- a) Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option to complete the sentence.
This time tomorrow, I _____ on the beaches of Hawaii away from the noise of civilisation.
(i) will lie
(ii) will be lying
(iii) will be lying
(iv) would have lied
- b) Read the conversation between two friends. Complete the sentence by reporting the conversation.
Herman said : 'If I were a king, I would travel all over the world.'
Pulkit said : 'You are just daydreaming, my friend.'
Herman said that if he had been a king, he would travel all over the world. Pulkit, on hearing his friend commented that _____.
- c) Select the correct option to fill in the blank for the given line, from an article on environment.
Over the past thirty years or so the quality of many people's lives _____ in some respect because of technological progress.
(i) had worsened (ii) have suffered
(iii) has deteriorated (iv) was worse
- d) Select the option that identifies the error and supplies the correction for the following line, from a short ghost story :
So who helped me to arrive there safely without a compass or a radio, but without any more fuel in my tanks?

Option No.	Error	Correction
(A)	who	whom
(B)	a	the
(C)	but	and
(D)	tank	tanks

- e) Complete the given narrative, by filling in the blank with the correct option.
Worse still, much of our building effort _____ into the construction of more and more large office blocks at the expense of much needed housing for the growing urban population.
(i) has been channelled
(ii) have been channelled
(iii) are channelled
(iv) were channelled
- f) Fill in the blank by using the correct form of the word in the bracket, for the given portion of a letter.
Through the columns of your reputable newspaper, I wish _____ the people aware of the growing need for alternate sources of energy and the advantages of solar power.
- g) Report the dialogue between a sports teacher and students, by completing the sentence.
"Let us go and look at the school ground," said the sports teacher.
"Are we going to play the final match today?" asked the students.
When the sports teacher invited the students to have a look at the school ground, they asked him _____.
- h) Identify the error in the given sentence, from a school magazine report and supply the correction.
The weather was too risky for neither any movement in the sky or on land.
Error _____ Correction _____
- i) Report the following dialogue between a parent and a child watching an eclipse.
Child : Let us go out and see the solar eclipse.
Parent : Don't look directly at the sun. Wear your tinted glasses.
A child suggested to his parent that they should go out and see the solar eclipse. The parent advised him _____ and _____.
- j) Identify the error in the given sentence and supply the correction.
I left my purse at home. Should you lend me 'a hundred bucks'?
Error _____ Correction _____
- k) Select the correct option to complete the narration of the dialogue.
I said, 'I am not going to school.'
Mother said, 'OK, finish all the household chores today and I will rest.'
When I told mother that _____, she told me to finish all the household chores and that _____ rest.
(i) I am not going to school, she would
(ii) I was not going to school, she would

- (iii) I will not be going to school, she will
 (iv) I shall not be going to school, she planned to

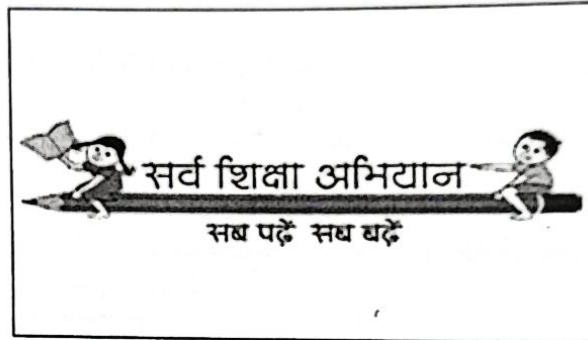
Identify the error on a signboard in a parking lot and supply the correction:
 Please pay your parking fee before existing.

Error _____ Correction _____

WRITING

Q4.

A. Though there is a movement like 'Sarv Shiksha Abhiyan' and enrolling of underprivileged children in schools, there are still many children, who do not go to school, rather have never seen a school. It is indeed disturbing. You decide to write a letter to the Editor of a newspaper expressing your views and the steps to be taken. Write the letter in about 120 words. Sign yourself as Siddharth Singh.

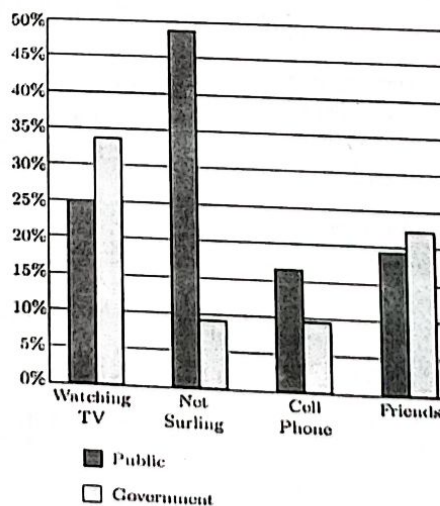


(OR)

B. Write a letter to the Editor of an English daily in about 120 word, making a plea to the common people to switch over to solar energy to conserve electricity and limit electricity bills. You are Divyansh of 147, Mayur Vihar-I.

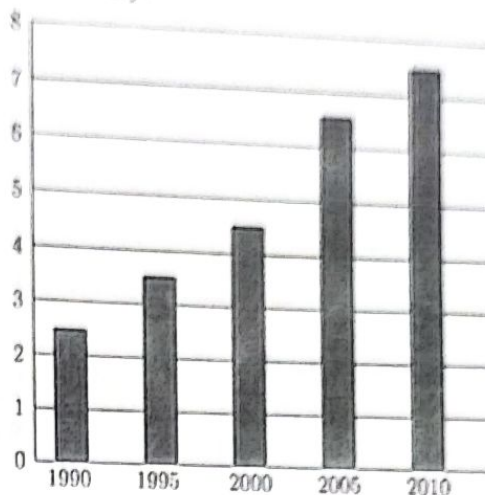
Q5.

A. Study the chart given below, which is the result of the survey conducted in the public schools and government schools of Delhi. This depicts the types of activities the teenagers (Age 13-19 years) are involved during their leisure time. Write an analytical paragraph in about 120 words.



(OR)

- B. The following data in the form of histogram shows that death due to violence has increased considerably during recent years. Write an analytical paragraph in about 120 words on how educated youth can play a major role in establishing peace in society.



SECTION C- LITERATURE TEXTBOOK (30 Marks)

- Q6. Read the given extracts and answer ANY ONE of the two questions given below : (5)

A. But Horace found that the flowers were hindering him in his work. He buried his face in his handkerchief. Then he heard a voice say from the doorway, "What is it? A cold or hay fever?" Before he could think, Horace said, "Hay fever," and found himself sneezing again. The voice went on, "You can cure it with a special treatment, you know, if you find out just what plant gives you the disease. I think you'd better see a doctor, if you're serious about your work. I heard you from the top of the house just now." (A Question of Trust)

(a) State any one inference about Danby from the given context. But Horace found that the flowers were hindering him in his work.

(b) What effect does the interaction, as described in the lines below, have on Horace? But Horace found that the flowers were hindering him in his work. He buried his face in his handkerchief. Then he heard a voice say from the doorway, "What is it? A cold or hay fever?" Choose the most suitable option.

- (A) surprises (B) embarrasses
(C) motivates (D) confuses

(c) What advice did the lady give Horace regarding his hay fever? Was she really interested in his health? Elaborate in about 40 words, with reference to the extract.

(d) Which phrase would correctly substitute 'buried' as given in the extract? He buried his face in his handkerchief.

B. "Now we're really going to get some water, woman." The woman who was preparing supper, replied, "Yes, God willing". The older boys were working in the field, while the smaller ones were playing near the house until the woman called to them all, "Come for dinner". It was during the meal that, just as Lencho had predicted, big drops of rain began to fall. In the north-east, huge mountains of clouds could

be seen approaching. The air was fresh and sweet. The man went out for no other reason than to have the pleasure of feeling the rain on his body, and when he returned, he exclaimed, "These aren't raindrops falling from the sky, they are new coins. The big drops are ten cent pieces and the little ones are fives." (A Letter to God)

- (a) "These aren't raindrops falling from the sky, they are new coins. The big drops are ten cent pieces and the little ones are fives." In which of the following examples has the same figure of speech been used to describe raindrops in the above lines?
- (i) She looked as fresh as morning dew.
 - (ii) Waves heaved heavily.
 - (iii) Glow worms are tiny lights floating around in the forest.
 - (iv) Break, break, break On thy cold gray stones, O Sea!

(b) How does Lencho's mood progress along with the progress of the rain? Answer in about 40 words.

(c) Fill in the blank with the correct word from the bracket.

The word 'coins' in the line "These aren't raindrops falling from the sky, they are new coins" indicates that Lencho viewed the rain as a symbol of _____ (wealth/ destruction).

(d) In the statement, 'The man went out for no other reason than to have the pleasure of feeling the rain on his body' use one word to replace the underlined part of the sentence.

Q7. Read the given extracts and answer the questions for ANY ONE of the two, given. (5)

Some say that the world will end in fire,
Some say in ice.
From what I've tasted of desire
I hold with those who favour fire.
But if it had to perish twice,
I think I know enough of hate
to say that for destruction ice
is also great
and would suffice.

(Fire and Ice)

(a) Fill the blank with one word.

According to the poet, fire refers to violent desires, passion and _____.

(b) What does the poet want to convey through the poem?

(c) Identify the most likely tone of the poet in the given lines:

'to say that for destruction ice is also great'

(i) Sarcastic (ii) Humorous (iii) Optimistic (iv) personification

(d) How does Robert Frost caution the common man? Answer in about 40 words.

B. All night the roots work
to disengage themselves from the cracks
in the veranda floor.
The leaves strain toward the glass
small twigs stiff with exertion
long-cramped boughs shuffling under the roof
like newly discharged patients

half-dazed, moving
to the clinic doors.

(The Trees)

- (a) In what way does the language used in this extract challenge traditional ideas of what poetry should be?
- (b) What is the significance of the use of the word 'roots' and 'disengage' to describe the social change in the poem and how does this word choice contribute to the overall mood and tone of the poem? Answer in about 40 words.
- (c) The leaves strain through the glass, small twigs are stiff with exertion and long-cramped boughs are shuffling under the roof- all indicate the presence of these poetic devices:
(i) metaphors and imagery.
(ii) enjambment and allusion.
(iii) allusion and alliteration.
(iv) personification and imagery.
- (d) Complete the following suitably. The words 'in the veranda floor' clearly suggest that the change is taking place _____ and _____.

Q8. Answer ANY FOUR of the following five questions, in about 40-50 words.

(12)

- (a) Who invites the comment-'he is dressed like a Pader'? Why? (Glimpses of India)
- (b) Why does the postmaster send money to Lencho? Why does he sign the letter 'God'? (A Letter to God)
- (c) How was Amanda behaving when the poem starts? What did the speaker ask her not to do? (Amanda!)
- (d) How does the fog spread over the harbour and the city? (Fog)
- (e) What was Lomov's opinion about Squeezer? (The Proposal)

Q9. Answer ANY TWO of the following three questions, in about 40-50 words.

(6)

- (a) How did Monsieur Loisel manage to buy another necklace? (The Necklace)
- (b) How was Ebright as a student in the school? (The Making of a Scientist)
- (c) Why was Bholi's Father worried about her? (Bholi)

Q10. Answer ANY ONE of the following two questions, in about 100-120 words.

(6)

- (i) Amanda is totally distraught by her mother's behaviour. She wants to leave everything and go to her own world. Then she happens to meet Anne and the latter tries to tell how parents always worried about their children's behaviour. Prepare a set of dialogues between Amanda and Anne based on the poem 'Amanda!' and 'The Diary of Anne Frank'. You may begin like this :

Amanda: I hate everyone at home. How can they pester a child so much?

Anne: Amanda, How can you even think like that? _____.

(ii) "The message conveyed in the chapter The Sermon at Benaras, People must understand that thinking about bound situations will increase one's stress and lead to sorrow was diligently followed by the pilot in The Black Aeroplane as he religiously followed the plane and did not raise a question on its presence. If you had to use the message with reference to both the chapters how will you elaborate it? Also, how it is relevant to both.

Q11. Answer ANY ONE of the following two questions, in about 100-120 words.

(6)

(i) "Once bitten twice shy." Do you think Horace would ever be able to believe anyone ever in his life? Comment. (A Question of Trust)

(ii) Curiosity and motivation are the basic foundation for becoming a successful scientist. These qualities have brought the best out of Ebright. Comment. (The Making of a Scientist)



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALUR
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION- II [2024-25]
SUBJECT: HINDI-B (085)
SET-1

Class: X
Date: 6.1.2025
No of Sides: 08

Max Marks: 80
Reading Time: 8:00 to 8:15 am
Writing Time: 8:15 to 11:15 am

सामान्य निर्देश: निम्नलिखित निर्देशों को सावधानी से पढ़िए और उनका पालन कीजिए।

1. प्रश्न-पत्र को चार खंडों में विभाजित किया गया है-क, ख, ग एवं घ।
2. खंड क में अपठित गद्यांश पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-14)
3. खंड ख में व्याकरण पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-16)
4. खंड ग में पाठ्य पुस्तकों पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-28)
5. खंड घ में रचनात्मक लेखन पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-22)
6. इस प्रश्न-पत्र में कुल 16 प्रश्न हैं। यथासंभव प्रत्येक खंड के प्रश्नों के उत्तर क्रम से लिखिए।

खंड 'क' (अपठित गद्यांश)

(14)

1. नीचे लिखे गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर निर्देशानुसार दीजिए।

अकाल के बीच भी अच्छे काम और अच्छे विचार का एक सुंदर छोटा सा उदाहरण राजस्थान के अलवर क्षेत्र का है जहाँ तरुण भारत संघ पिछले बीस बरस से काम कर रहा है। वहाँ पहले अच्छा विचार आया तालाबों का, हर नदी, नाले को छोटे-छोटे बाँधों से बाँधने का। इस तरह वहाँ आसपास के कुछ और जिलों के कोई 600 गाँवों ने बरसों तक वर्षा की एक-एक बूँद को सहेज लेने का काम चुपचाप किया। इन तालाबों, बाँधों ने वहाँ सूखी पड़ी पाँच नदियों को 'सदा नीरा' का नाम वापस दिलाया। अच्छे विचारों से अच्छा काम हुआ और फिर आई चुनौती भरे अकाल की पहली सूचना। नदियों में, तालाबों में, कुओं में वहाँ तब भी पानी लबालब भरा था। फिर भी इस क्षेत्र के लोगों ने, किसानों ने आज से सात-आठ माह पहले यह निर्णय किया कि पानी कम गिरा है इसलिए ऐसी फ़सलें नहीं बोनी चाहिए जिनकी प्यास ज़्यादा होती है। तो कम पानी लेने वाली फ़सलें लगाई गईं। इसमें उन्हें कुछ आर्थिक नुकसान उठाना पड़ा पर आज यह क्षेत्र अकाल के बीच में एक बड़े हरे द्वीप की तरह खड़ा है। यहाँ सरकार को न तो टैंकरों से पानी ढोना पड़ रहा है न अकाल राहत का पैसा बाँटना पड़ा है। गाँव के लोग, किसी के आगे हाथ नहीं पसार रहे हैं उनका माथा ऊँचा है। पानी के उम्दा काम ने उनके स्वाभिमान की भी रक्षा की है। अलवर में नदियाँ एक दूसरे से जोड़ी नहीं गई हैं। यहाँ के लोग अपनी नदियों, अपने तालाबों से जुड़े हैं। यहाँ पैसा नहीं बहाया गया है, पसीना बहाया है, लोगों ने और उनके अच्छे काम और अच्छे विचारों ने अकाल को एक दर्शक की तरह ताल के किनारे खड़ा कर दिया है।

(i) तरुण भारत संघ कहाँ काम कर रहा है?

- (A) अलवर में
(C) जोधपुर में

- (B) राजस्थान में
(D) बीकानेर में

(ii) अकाल से मुक्ति पाने के लिए किसानों ने कैसी फसल बोने का निर्णय लिया?

- (A) जिनमें पानी नहीं लगता हो
(C) जिनमें सर्वाधिक पानी लगता हो

- (B) जिनमें अधिक पानी लगता हो
(D) जिनमें कम पानी लगता हो

(iii) राजस्थान के किसानों ने अकाल का किस तरह मुकाबला किया?

- (A) पानी को नदियों में से निकालकर
(C) पानी की एक-एक बूँद को सहेजकर

- (B) पानी को छोड़कर
(D) पानी को बहाकर

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दो-तीन वाक्यों में दीजिए-

(iv) सरकार और गाँववालों को क्या नहीं करना पड़ रहा है?

(v) किसानों ने कब और क्या निर्णय लिया?

2. नीचे लिखे गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर निर्देशानुसार दीजिए।

विश्व के प्रायः समस्त महापुरुषों के जीवन वृत्त, अमरीका के निर्माता जॉर्ज वाशिंगटन और राष्ट्रपति अब्राहम लिंकन से लेकर भारत के राष्ट्रपिता महात्मा गांधी और भारत के प्रधानमंत्री लाल बहादुर शास्त्री के जीवन चरित्र हमें यह शिक्षा देते हैं कि महानता का रहस्य संघर्ष-शीलता, अपराजेय व्यक्तित्व है। इन महापुरुषों को जीवन में अनेक संकटों का सामना करना पड़ा, परंतु वे घबराए नहीं, संघर्ष करते रहे और अंत में सफल हुए। संघर्ष के मार्ग में अकेला ही चलना पड़ता है। कोई बाहरी शक्ति आपकी सहायता नहीं करती है। परिश्रम, दृढ़ इच्छा शक्ति व लगन आदि मानवीय गुण व्यक्ति को संघर्ष करने और जीवन में सफलता प्राप्त करने का मार्ग प्रशस्त करते हैं। समस्याएँ वस्तुतः जीवन का पर्याय हैं। यदि समस्याएँ ना हो तो आदमी प्रायः अपने को निष्क्रिय समझने लगेगा। ये समस्याएँ वस्तुतः जीवन की प्रगति का मार्ग प्रशस्त करती हैं। समस्या को सुलझाते समय, उसका समाधान करते समय व्यक्ति का श्रेष्ठतम तत्व उभर कर आता है। धर्म, दर्शन, ज्ञान, मनोविज्ञान इन्हीं प्रयत्नों की देन है। पुराणों में अनेक कथाएँ यह शिक्षा देती हैं कि मनुष्य, जीवन की हर स्थिति में जीना सीखे व समस्या उत्पन्न होने पर उसके समाधान के उपाय सोचे। जो व्यक्ति जितना उत्तरदायित्वपूर्ण कार्य करेगा, उतना ही उसके समक्ष समस्याएँ आएँगी और उनके परिपेक्ष्य में ही उसकी महानता का निर्धारण किया जाएगा।

(i) महापुरुषों का जीवन हमें संदेश देता है कि-

- (A) हमें जीवन आराम करने के लिए मिला है
(B) हमें संकटों का सामना करते हुए गतिशील जीवन जीना चाहिए
(C) आलसी व्यक्ति सदा सफल होते हैं
(D) हमें कभी आशा नहीं रखनी चाहिए

(ii) महापुरुषों को जीवन में सफलता किन गुणों के कारण मिली?

- (A) आलसी, अकर्मठ, डरपोक, संघर्षहीन
- (B) वीर, कर्मठ, आलसी, रोगी
- (C) निर्भय, संघर्षशील, दृढ़-निश्चयी, परिश्रमी
- (D) शंकातु, स्फूर्ति, निडरता, अहंकारी

(iii) निम्नलिखित कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए। उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए-

कथन (A) महानता का रहस्य असंघर्षशील एवं पराजेय व्यक्तित्व है।

कारण (R) समस्याएँ वस्तुतः जीवन का पर्याय हैं।

- (A) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों गलत हैं।
- (B) कथन (A) गलत है, लेकिन कारण (R) सही है।
- (C) कथन (A) सही है, लेकिन कारण (R) उसकी गलत व्याख्या करता है।
- (D) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R) कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दो-तीन वाक्यों में दीजिए-

- (iv) राष्ट्रपिता महात्मा गांधी तथा लाल बहादुर शास्त्री के जीवन-चरित्र हमें क्या शिक्षा देते हैं?
- (v) समस्याएँ जीवन का पर्याय कैसे हैं?

खंड - ख

(16)

(व्यावहारिक व्याकरण)

3. निर्देशानुसार 'पदबंध' पर आधारित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

- (i) सरिता परिश्रमी और ईमानदार है। - विशेषण पदबंध छाँटकर लिखिए 1
- (ii) वह आराम से बैठकर बातें कर रहा था। - क्रियाविशेषण पदबंध छाँटकर लिखिए 1
- (iii) नीले सूट वाली लड़की बहुत बुद्धिमान है। - रेखांकित में पदबंध है। 1
- (iv) जो बच्चा कल आया था, वह गाँव में पढ़ता है। - रेखांकित में पदबंध है। 1
- (v) जहाज़ पानी में डूबता चला गया - रेखांकित में पदबंध है। 1

4. निर्देशानुसार 'रचना के आधार पर वाक्य-भेद' पर आधारित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

- (i) मैं उनकी लताड़ सुनकर आँसू बहाने लगता। (संयुक्त वाक्य में बदलिये) 1
- (ii) वामीरो की माँ दुखी हो गई और ज़ोर से रोने लगी। (सरल वाक्य में बदलिये) 1
- (iii) यदि वज़ीर अली बहादुर नहीं होता तो वकील का कत्ल नहीं करता। (वाक्य का भेद लिखिए) 1
- (iv) मज़दूर ने कहा कि मेरे हाथ में दर्द है। (वाक्य का भेद लिखिए) 1
- (v) गली में शोर हुआ इसलिए सब बाहर आ गए। (वाक्य का भेद लिखिए) 1

5. निर्देशानुसार 'समास' पर आधारित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

- (i) मार्गव्यय शब्द में कौन सा समास है?
- (ii) चौराहा समस्तपद का विग्रह और समास का नाम लिखिए।
- (iii) कमल के समान नयन - का समस्तपद तथा समास का नाम लिखिए।
- (iv) बाइज्जत शब्द का समास-विग्रह कीजिए-
- (iv) खरा और खोटा - का समस्तपद तथा समास का नाम लिखिए।

6. निर्देशानुसार 'मुहावरे' पर आधारित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

- (i) ये अपराधी यूँ ही नहीं पकड़ में आते। महीनों इनकी राह में -----बैठना पड़ता है।
(मुहावरे से रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए)
- (ii) 'तलवार खींचना' मुहावरे का वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए।
- (iii) 'जान से मार डालना' अर्थ के लिए उपयुक्त मुहावरा लिखिए।
- (iv) उसकी बातों पर न जाना। उसे तो -----की आदत है। (मुहावरे से रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए)
- (v) 'धमाचौकड़ी मचाना' मुहावरे का अर्थ लिखिए।

खंड - ग

(28)

(पाठ्य-पुस्तक एवं पूरक पाठ्य-पुस्तक)

7. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उपयुक्त विकल्पों का चयन कीजिए।

5x1

'तीसरी कसम' शैलेंद्र के जीवन की पहली और अंतिम फ़िल्म है। 'तीसरी कसम' को 'राष्ट्रपति स्वर्णपदक' मिला, बंगाल फ़िल्म जर्नलिस्ट एसोसिएशन द्वारा सर्वश्रेष्ठ फ़िल्म और अन्य कई पुरस्कारों द्वारा सम्मानित किया गया। मास्को फ़िल्म फ़ेस्टिवल में भी यह फ़िल्म पुरस्कृत हुई। इसकी कलात्मकता की लंबी-चौड़ी तारीफ़ें हुईं। इसमें शैलेंद्र की संवेदनशीलता पूरी शिद्दत के साथ मौजूद है। उन्होंने ऐसी फ़िल्म बनाई थी जिसे सच्चा कवि हृदय ही बना सकता था।

(i) शैलेंद्र के जीवन की पहली फ़िल्म कौन-सी थी?

(A) नीलकमल

(B) देवदास

(C) तासरी कसम

(D) पाकीज़ा

(ii) 'तीसरी कसम' कैसी फ़िल्म थी?

(A) कला प्रधान

(B) हास्य प्रधान

(C) व्यंग्य प्रधान

(D) उपर्युक्त सभी

(iii) 'तीसरी कसम' फ़िल्म को सर्वश्रेष्ठ फ़िल्म के लिए किसके द्वारा सम्मानित किया गया?

(A) केरल फ़िल्म जर्नलिस्ट एसोसिएशन के द्वारा

(B) बिहार फ़िल्म जर्नलिस्ट एसोसिएशन के द्वारा

(C) मुंबई फ़िल्म जर्नलिस्ट एसोसिएशन के द्वारा

- (D) बंगाल फ़िल्म जर्नलिस्ट एसोसिएशन के द्वारा
- (iv) 'तीसरी कसम' के सर्वश्रेष्ठ फ़िल्म होने का प्रमुख कारण क्या था? 1
- (A) मनोरंजन से पूर्ण (B) गंधुर् संगीतों की प्रधानता
- (C) कलात्मकता व संवेदनशीलता से पूर्ण (D) हास्य प्रधान
- (v) निम्नलिखित कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए। उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए- 1
- कथन (A)** तीसरी कसम फ़िल्म में शैलेंद्र की संवेदनशीलता पूरी शिद्दत के साथ मौजूद है।
- कारण (R)** शैलेंद्र एक भावुक निर्माता थे।

- (A) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों गलत हैं।
- (B) कथन (A) गलत है, लेकिन कारण (R) सही है।
- (C) कथन (A) सही है, लेकिन कारण (R) उसकी गलत व्याख्या करता है।
- (D) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R) कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है।

8. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर 25-30 शब्दों में लिखिए। 2X3=6

- (क) लेखक की 'डायरी का पन्ना' भावी पीढ़ी को किस प्रकार प्रेरित करता है? अपने विचार व्यक्त कीजिए।
- (ख) इस वर्ष आपने पाठ्यक्रम में फ़िल्म उद्योग से संबंधित शैलेंद्र और उनकी एकमात्र फ़िल्म 'तीसरी कसम' के विषय में एक लेख पढ़ा है। 'तीसरी कसम' फ़िल्म के आधार पर शैलेंद्र की गीत रचना की विशेषताओं का उल्लेख कीजिए।
- (ग) गांधी जी में नेतृत्व की अद्भुत क्षमता थी। उदाहरण देकर इस बात की पुष्टि कीजिए।
- (घ) मुट्ठी भर आदमी और ये दमखम! पंक्ति का आशय स्पष्ट कीजिए।

9. निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उपयुक्त विकल्पों का चयन कीजिए। 5x1

अनंत अंतरिक्ष में अनंत देव हैं खड़े,
समक्ष ही स्वबाहु जो बढ़ा रहे बड़े-बड़े।
परस्परावलंब से उठो तथा बढ़ो सभी,
अभी अमर्त्य अंक में अपंक हो चढ़ो सभी।
रहो न यों कि एक से न काम और का सरे,
वही मनुष्य है कि जो मनुष्य के लिए मरे॥

- (i) परोपकारी व्यक्ति का स्वागत करने के लिए कौन खड़े हैं? 1
- (A) पूरा ब्रह्मांड (B) ऋषि-मुनि
- (C) सूरज-चाँद (D) देवतागण

(ii) पद्यांश में कवि क्या संदेश दे रहा है?

- (A) एक-दूसरे का सहायक बनने का (B) अकेले चलने का
(C) स्वावलंबी बनने का (D) मरणशील संसार छोड़ने का

(iii) कवि ने संसार को बताया है-

- (A) परिवर्तनशील (B) मरणशील
(C) अपरिवर्तनशील (D) शाश्वत

(iv) 'परस्परावलंब से उठो' का आशय है-

- (A) अपने सहारे उठो (B) अपने आप उठो
(C) एक-दूसरे के सहारे उठो (D) जब मन हो तब उठो

(v) उपर्युक्त पद्यांश से संबंधित कौन सा कथन असत्य है?

- (A) अनंत आकाश में परमेश्वर खड़े हैं
(B) जीवन का उद्देश्य लोगों का कल्याण करना है
(C) इस संसार में निष्कलंक जीवन व्यतीत करना कठिन है
(D) आकाश में खड़े देवतागण अपनी भुजाएँ बढ़ाकर स्वागत करते हैं

10. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर 25-30 शब्दों में लिखिए। 2X3=6

- (क) विरासत में मिली वस्तुओं की सँभाल जरूरी है, क्यों? 'तोप कविता के आधार पर स्पष्ट कीजिए।
(ख) 'मनुष्यता' कविता में कवि ने हमें परोपकार के लिए कैसे प्रेरित किया है?
(ग) कबीर ने अपने दोहे में निंदक को समीप रखने की सलाह दी है। निंदक के प्रति आपका दृष्टिकोण क्या है? इसे अपने शब्दों में लिखिए।
(घ) 'आत्मत्राण' शीर्षक का अर्थ बताते हुए उसकी सार्थकता कविता के संदर्भ में स्पष्ट कीजिए।

11. संचयन पुस्तक के आधार पर किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर 50-60 शब्दों में दीजिए। 3X2=6

- (क) हरिहर काका अनपढ़ थे, लेकिन अपने अनुभव और विवेक से दुनिया को बेहतर समझते थे।
इस कथन के आलोक में अपने विचार व्यक्त कीजिए।
(ख) लेखक को स्कूल जाने के नाम से उदासी क्यों आती थी? 'सपनों के से दिन' पाठ के आधार पर स्पष्ट कीजिए। आपको स्कूल जाना कैसा लगता है और क्यों?
(ग) इफ़्रन और टोपी शुक्ला घनिष्ठ मित्र थे। दोनों की दोस्ती आज के समाज के लिए किसी वरदान से कम नहीं है। क्या आप इस कथन से सहमत हैं? 'हाँ' या 'नहीं' के लिए तर्क सहित अपने विचार प्रस्तुत कीजिए।

खंड - घ (रचनात्मक लेखन)

(22)

12. दिए गए संकेत बिंदुओं के आधार पर किसी एक विषय पर लगभग 120 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए।

क * यदि परीक्षा नहीं होती तो

- * परीक्षाएँ न होने पर आनंद ही आनंद
- * परीक्षा विद्यार्थियों के ज्ञान की सूचक
- * अभिभावकों को राहत
- * परीक्षा से बचना असंभव

ख * वन संरक्षण

- * क्या है? और क्यों?
- * वन कटाव पर रोक
- * वृक्षारोपण आज की जरूरत
- * सुझाव

ग * समय चूके पुनि का पछताने

- * समय की पहचान
- * समय व्यर्थ करने पर पछतावा
- * समय का सदुपयोग
- * आलस्य का त्याग

13. आप रमेश/रजनी विद्यालय की छात्र-परिषद के सचिव हैं। स्कूल के बाद विद्यार्थियों को नाटक का अभ्यास करवाने के लिए अनुमति माँगते हुए प्रधानाचार्य को लगभग 100 शब्दों में एक प्रार्थना पत्र लिखिए।

5

अथवा

आए दिन बस चालकों की असावधानी के कारण हो रही दुर्घटनाओं पर चिंता व्यक्त करते हुए किसी समाचार पत्र के संपादक को लगभग 100 शब्दों में एक पत्र लिखिए।

4. आप दसवीं कक्षा के अर्पित/अर्पिता हैं। भोजनावकाश के दौरान में आपका ब्लेज़र (कोट) कहीं छूट गया। उससे संबंधित जानकारी देते हुए 60 शब्दों में सूचना लिखिए।

4

अथवा

'के. एस. आर. टी. सी. की बसें, हड़ताल के कारण दो दिन तक नहीं चलेंगी।' इस विषय पर यात्रियों के लिए के. एस. आर. टी. सी. के महाप्रबंधक की ओर से 60 शब्दों में सूचना तैयार कीजिए।

15. 'गहना' आर्टिफिशियल ज्वेलरी शॉप के लिए लगभग 40 शब्दों में एक आकर्षक विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए।

3

अथवा

अपनी टाइल्स कंपनी की फ़्लोर टाइल्स की बिक्री के लिए एक आकर्षक विज्ञापन लगभग 40 शब्दों में तैयार कीजिए।



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION- II [2024-25]
SUBJECT: HINDI-B (085)
SET-2

Class: X
Date: 6.1.2025
No of Sides: 08

Max Marks: 80
Reading Time: 8:00 to 8:15 am
Writing Time: 8:45 to 11:45 am

सामान्य निर्देश: निम्नलिखित निर्देशों को सावधानी से पढ़िए और उनका पालन कीजिए।

1. प्रश्न-पत्र को चार खंडों में विभाजित किया गया है-क, ख, ग एवं घ।
2. खंड क में अपठित गद्यांश पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-14)
3. खंड ख में व्याकरण पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-16)
4. खंड ग में पाठ्य पुस्तकों पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-28)
5. खंड घ में रचनात्मक लेखन पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-22)
6. इस प्रश्न-पत्र में कुल **16** प्रश्न हैं। यथासंभव प्रत्येक खंड के प्रश्नों के उत्तर क्रम से लिखिए।

खंड 'क' (अपठित गद्यांश)

(14)

1. नीचे लिखे गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर निर्देशानुसार दीजिए।

“मैं जिस भारतीय प्रजातंत्र की कल्पना करता हूँ, उसका अध्यक्ष कोई किसान ही होगा” - गांधी जी की यह अभिलाषा देशरत्न राजेंद्र प्रसाद के स्वतंत्र भारत के प्रथम राष्ट्रपति होने पर निःसंदेह ही फलवती सिद्ध हुई। राजेंद्र प्रसाद जन्मना या कर्मणा किसान तो नहीं थे, पर किसान के सच्चे प्रतिनिधि अवश्य थे। उनमें एक गँवई गाँव के किसान की-सी सादगी, सरलता, निश्छलता और कर्मठता विद्यमान थी। उनमें किसान की तपस्या भी थी और वे स्वभाव और वेशभूषा से ठेठ किसान लगते थे। उन्होंने कभी स्वयं को भारत की ग्रामीण संस्कृति से अलग और विशिष्ट बनाने का प्रयत्न नहीं किया। उनके विचार, व्यवहार और वेशभूषा में भारतीयता की अमिट छाप थी।

‘लोकतंत्र’ लोगों के द्वारा निर्मित शासन व्यवस्था का नाम है। इसमें लोगों की इच्छा को सर्वोच्च माना जाता है। लोग जैसा समाज बनाना चाहते हैं, समाज में जिस प्रकार की कानून व्यवस्था चाहते हैं, वैसे ही नियम और कानून भी बनाए जाते हैं। लोकतंत्र को चलाने वाले नेता जनता द्वारा ही चुने जाते हैं। उनसे यही आशा की जाती है कि वे जनता की आवाज का सम्मान करेंगे। ऐसे ही एक महान राष्ट्र नेता थे डॉक्टर राजेंद्र प्रसाद। वे भारत के प्रथम राष्ट्रपति चुने गए थे।

(i) गांधी जी ने भारतीय प्रजातंत्र के अध्यक्ष के लिए किसान की कल्पना की थी क्योंकि-



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION- II [2024-25]
SUBJECT: HINDI-B (085)
SET-2

Class: X
Date: 6.1.2025
No of Sides: 08

Max Marks: 80
Reading Time: 8:00 to 8:15 am
Writing Time: 8:45 to 11:45 am

सामान्य निर्देश: निम्नलिखित निर्देशों को सावधानी से पढ़िए और उनका पालन कीजिए।

1. प्रश्न-पत्र को चार खंडों में विभाजित किया गया है-क, ख, ग एवं घ।
2. खंड क में अपठित गद्यांश पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-14)
3. खंड ख में व्याकरण पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-16)
4. खंड ग में पाठ्य पुस्तकों पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-28)
5. खंड घ में रचनात्मक लेखन पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक-22)
6. इस प्रश्न-पत्र में कुल 16 प्रश्न हैं। यथासंभव प्रत्येक खंड के प्रश्नों के उत्तर क्रम से लिखिए।

खंड 'क' (अपठित गद्यांश)

(14)

1. नीचे लिखे गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर निर्देशानुसार दीजिए।

“मैं जिस भारतीय प्रजातंत्र की कल्पना करता हूँ, उसका अध्यक्ष कोई किसान ही होगा” - गांधी जी की यह अभिलाषा देशरत्न राजेंद्र प्रसाद के स्वतंत्र भारत के प्रथम राष्ट्रपति होने पर निःसंदेह ही फलवती सिद्ध हुई। राजेंद्र प्रसाद जन्मना या कर्मणा किसान तो नहीं थे, पर किसान के सच्चे प्रतिनिधि अवश्य थे। उनमें एक गँवई गाँव के किसान की-सी सादगी, सरलता, निश्छलता और कर्मठता विद्यमान थी। उनमें किसान की तपस्या भी थी और वे स्वभाव और वेशभूषा से ठेठ किसान लगते थे। उन्होंने कभी स्वयं को भारत की ग्रामीण संस्कृति से अलग और विशिष्ट बनाने का प्रयत्न नहीं किया। उनके विचार, व्यवहार और वेशभूषा में भारतीयता की अमिट छाप थी।

‘लोकतंत्र’ लोगों के द्वारा निर्मित शासन व्यवस्था का नाम है। इसमें लोगों की इच्छा को सर्वोच्च माना जाता है। लोग जैसा समाज बनाना चाहते हैं, समाज में जिस प्रकार की कानून व्यवस्था चाहते हैं, वैसे ही नियम और कानून भी बनाए जाते हैं। लोकतंत्र को चलाने वाले नेता जनता द्वारा ही चुने जाते हैं। उनसे यही आशा की जाती है कि वे जनता की आवाज का सम्मान करेंगे। ऐसे ही एक महान राष्ट्र नेता थे डॉक्टर राजेंद्र प्रसाद। वे भारत के प्रथम राष्ट्रपति चुने गए थे।

- (i) गांधी जी ने भारतीय प्रजातंत्र के अध्यक्ष के लिए किसान की कल्पना की थी क्योंकि-

- (A) भारत बहुत बड़ा हो जाएगा
(B) भारत बहुत तरक्की कर सकेगा
(C) भारत के लोग अमीर हो जाएँगे
(D) भारत पिछड़ जाएगा
- (ii) डॉक्टर राजेंद्र प्रसाद किसान के सच्चे प्रतिनिधि थे क्योंकि-

- (A) वे एक किसान के बेटे थे
(B) वे एक गाँव में पैदा हुए थे
(C) उनका व्यक्तित्व किसान जैसा, किसान की-सी सादगी और वेशभूषा थी
(D) वे खेती करना जानते थे

(iii) निम्नलिखित कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए। उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए-

कथन (A) राजेंद्र प्रसाद जन्मना किसान थे।
कारण (R) राजेंद्र प्रसाद के संबंध में गांधी जी ने अपने विचार व्यक्त करते हुए कहा कि मैं जिस भारतीय प्रजातंत्र की कल्पना करता हूँ उसका अध्यक्ष कोई किसान नहीं होगा।

- (A) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों गलत हैं।
(B) कथन (A) गलत है, लेकिन कारण (R) सही है।
(C) कथन (A) सही है, लेकिन कारण (R) उसकी गलत व्याख्या करता है।
(D) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R) कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दो-तीन वाक्यों में दीजिए-

- (iv) लोकतंत्र से क्या तात्पर्य है?
(v) डॉ राजेंद्र प्रसाद में किसान की-सी सादगी सरलता निश्छलता और कर्मठता थी इस कथन के माध्यम से लेखक बच्चों में किसानों के प्रति किस तरह की भावना जागृत करना चाहते हैं?

2. नीचे लिखे गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर निर्देशानुसार दीजिए।

सुखी, सफल और उत्तम जीवन जीने के लिए किए गए आचरण और प्रयत्नों का नाम ही धर्म है। देश, काल और सामाजिक मूल्यों की दृष्टि से संसार में भारी विविधता है, अतएव अपने-अपने ढंग से जीवन को पूर्णता की ओर ले जाने वाले विविध धर्मों के बीच भी ऊपर से विविधता दिखाई देती है। आदमी का स्वभाव है कि वह अपने ही विचारों और जीने के तौर तरीकों को तथा अपनी भाषा और खान-पान को सर्वश्रेष्ठ मानता है, अतएव दूसरों से अपने धर्म को श्रेष्ठतर समझते हुए वह चाहता है कि सभी लोग उसे अपनाएँ। धर्म के नाम पर होने वाले जातिगत विद्वेष, मारकाट और हिंसा के पीछे मनुष्य की यही स्वार्थ भावना काम करती है। सभी धर्म अपनी भौगोलिक, सांस्कृतिक और ऐतिहासिक आवश्यकताओं के आधार पर पैदा होते, पनपते और बढ़ते हैं, अतएव उनका बाह्य स्वरूप भिन्न-भिन्न होना आवश्यक और स्वाभाविक है, पर सबके भीतर मनुष्य की कल्याण कामना है, मानव प्रेम है। यह प्रेम यदि सच्चा है तो वह बाँधता और सिकोड़ता नहीं। स्पष्ट है कि ऊपर से

भिन्न दिखाई देने वाले सभी धर्म अपने मूल में मानव-कल्याण की एक ही मूलधारा को लेकर चले और चल रहे हैं। हम सभी इस सच्चाई को जानकर भी जब धार्मिक विद्वेष की आँधी में बहते हैं, तो कितने दुर्भाग्य की बात है। अतः उसे निरंतर यह याद दिलाना होगा कि धर्म मानव संबंधों को तोड़ता नहीं, जोड़ता है इसकी सार्थकता प्रेम में ही है।

(i) निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए-

- (i) देश, काल और सामाजिक मूल्यों की दृष्टि से संसार में बहुत समानता है।
- (ii) आदमी अपने विचारों तथा भाषा और खान-पान को सर्वश्रेष्ठ मानता है।
- (iii) सच्चा प्रेम बाँधता और सिकोड़ता नहीं है।

उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन-सा/कौन-से कथन सही हैं?

- (A) केवल (i)
- (B) केवल (ii)
- (C) (i) और (ii)
- (D) (ii) और (iii)

(ii) धर्म के नाम पर होने वाले जातिगत विद्वेष, मारकाट और हिंसा के पीछे मनुष्य की कौन-सी भावना काम करती है?

- (A) मोह की भावना
- (B) स्वार्थ की भावना
- (C) त्याग की भावना
- (D) तृष्णा की भावना

(iii) निम्नलिखित कारण (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए। उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए-

कथन (A) धर्म मानव संबंधों को तोड़ता नहीं बल्कि जोड़ता है।
कारण (R) इसकी सार्थकता प्रेम में नहीं है।

- (A) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों गलत हैं।
- (B) कथन (A) गलत है, लेकिन कारण (R) सही है।
- (C) कथन (A) सही है, लेकिन कारण (R) उसकी गलत व्याख्या करता है।
- (D) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R) कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दो-तीन वाक्यों में दीजिए-

- (iv) गद्यांश के आधार पर धर्म की क्या परिभाषा है?
- (v) गद्यांश के आधार पर हमारे लिए दुर्भाग्य की बात क्या है?

खंड -ख

(16)

(व्यावहारिक व्याकरण)

3. निर्देशानुसार 'पदबंध' पर आधारित निम्नलिखित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

- (i) मैदान में घायल खिलाड़ी गिर पड़ा।

विशेषण पदबंध छाँटकर लिखिए-

- (ii) गरीबों पर दया करने वाले आप सचमुच महान हैं। - रेखांकित में पदबंध है।
 (iii) लाल टोपी वाला बालक तेज़ दौड़ रहा है। - रेखांकित में पदबंध है।
 (iv) खरगोश बहुत तेज़ी से भागा। - क्रियाविशेषण पदबंध छाँटकर लिखिए।
 (v) नदी की तेज़ धारा में पत्थर लुढ़कते चले जा रहे हैं। - रेखांकित में पदबंध है।

4. निर्देशानुसार 'रचना के आधार पर वाक्य-भेद' पर आधारित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

- (i) कबूतर परेशानी में इधर-उधर फड़फड़ा रहे थे। (मिश्र वाक्य में बदलिये)
 (ii) सरल वाक्य का एक उदाहरण लिखिए। (जो प्रश्न पत्र में न हो)
 (iii) पिता ने बहुत समझाया लेकिन वह विदेश चला गया। (सरल वाक्य में बदलिये)
 (iv) गीता व्यस्त थी अतः मेरे घर नहीं आई। (वाक्य का भेद लिखिए)
 (v) जापान में चाय पीने की विधि को 'चा-नो-यू' कहते हैं। संयुक्त वाक्य में बदलिये।

5. निर्देशानुसार 'समास' पर आधारित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

- (i) मानवधर्म शब्द में कौन सा समास है?
 (ii) नवनिधि समस्तपद का विग्रह और समास का नाम लिखिए।
 (iii) जितना उचित हो - का समस्तपद तथा समास का नाम लिखिए।
 (iv) चूहा-बिल्ली शब्द का समास-विग्रह कीजिए-
 (v) नीलकमल का समास-विग्रह तथा समास का नाम लिखिए।

6. निर्देशानुसार 'मुहावरे' पर आधारित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

- (i) जैसे ही भोजन शुरू हुआ, पूरी बारात खाने पर -----। (मुहावरे से रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए)
 (ii) 'धन को जल्दी-जल्दी बढ़ाने की कला' अर्थ के लिए उपयुक्त मुहावरा लिखिए।
 (iii) फूटी आँख नहीं सुहाना मुहावरे का वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए।
 (iv) भारतवासी ऐसी सरकार की -----रहे हैं जो आतंकवाद को कुचले। (मुहावरे से रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए)
 (v) 'ठंडा पड़ना' मुहावरे का अर्थ लिखिए।

खंड - ग

(पाठ्य-पुस्तक एवं पूरक पाठ्य-पुस्तक)

(28)

7. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उपयुक्त विकल्पों का चयन कीजिए।

5x1

ग्वालियर में हमारा एक मकान था। उस मकान के दालान में दो रोशनदान थे। उसमें कबूतर के एक जोड़े ने घोंसला बना लिया था। एक बार बिल्ली ने उचककर दो में से एक अंडा तोड़ दिया। मेरी माँ ने देखा तो उसे दुख हुआ। उसने स्टूल पर चढ़कर दूसरे

अंडे को बचाने की कोशिश की। लेकिन इस कोशिश में दूसरा अंडा उसी के हाथ से गिरकर टूट गया। कबूतर परेशानी में इधर-उधर फुड़फुड़ा रहे थे। उनकी आँखों में दुख देखकर मेरी माँ की आँखों में आँसू आ गए। इस गुनाह को खुदा से माफ़ कराने के लिए उसने पूरे दिन रोज़ा रखा। दिन-भर कुछ खाया-पिया नहीं, सिर्फ़ रोती रही और बार-बार नमाज़ पढ़-पढ़कर खुदा से इस गलती को माफ़ करने की दुआ माँगती रही।

(i) लेखक की माँ दुखी थी क्योंकि-

- (A) घर में कबूतरों ने घोंसला बना लिया था (B) कबूतर अंडों को छोड़कर चले गए थे
(C) कबूतर के दोनों अंडे टूट गए थे (D) बिल्ली अंडों को खा गई थी

(ii) लेखक की माँ खुदा से किस गुनाह को माफ़ कराना चाहती थी?

- (A) पहला अंडा तोड़ने का गुनाह (B) दूसरा अंडा टूट जाने का गुनाह
(C) बिल्ली को मारने का गुनाह (D) कबूतर का घोंसला तोड़ने का गुनाह

(iii) प्रस्तुत गद्यांश से पता चलता है कि लेखक की माँ अत्यधिक-

- (A) डरपोक तथा झगड़ालू थीं (B) स्वार्थी तथा क्रोधी थीं
(C) कमज़ोर तथा ईर्ष्यालु थीं (D) संवेदनशील तथा दयालु थीं

(iv) लेखक की माँ की आँखों में आँसू आ गए क्योंकि-

- (A) कबूतर का एक अंडा लेखक ने तोड़ दिया था
(B) कबूतर की आँखों में दुख देखकर व्यथित हो गई थीं
(C) कबूतर का दूसरा अंडा लेखक की माँ से टूट गया था
(D) लेखक की पत्नी ने कबूतर का अंडा तोड़ दिया था

(v) निम्नलिखित कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए। उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए-

कथन (A) लेखक की माँ बार-बार खुदा से माफ़ी माँग रही थीं।

कारण (R) कबूतर का दूसरा अंडा बचाने की कोशिश में वह अंडा टूट गया।

- (A) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों गलत हैं।
(B) कथन (A) गलत है, लेकिन कारण (R) सही है।
(C) **कथन (A)** सही है, लेकिन कारण (R) उसकी गलत व्याख्या करता है।
(D) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R) कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है।

8. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर 25-30 शब्दों में लिखिए। 2X3=6

- (क) 'अब कहाँ दूसरे के दुख से दुखी होने वाले' पाठ के आधार पर बताइए कि लेखक की माँ ने रोज़ा क्यों रखा था? क्या इस समय भी लोग ऐसा करते हैं तर्क सहित उत्तर दीजिए।
(ख) 'झेन की देन' पाठ के आधार पर बताइए कि चाय पीने के बाद लेखक को किन परिवर्तनों का अनुभव हुआ?

- (ग) वामीरो की दृष्टि में तताँरा का व्यक्तित्व कैसा था?
 (घ) 'बड़े भाई साहब' पाठ के माध्यम से आपने जाना कि दुनिया की समझ अनुभव से आती है।
 बड़े भाई साहब के इस कथन पर अपना विचार व्यक्त कीजिए।

9. निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उपयुक्त विकल्पों का चयन कीजिए।

5x1

गिरि का गौरव गाकर झर-झर
 मद में नस-नस उत्तेजित कर
 मोती की लड़ियों-से सुंदर
 झरते हैं झाग भरे निर्झर!
 गिरिवर के उर से उठ-उठकर
 उच्चाकांक्षाओं से तरुवर
 हैं झाँक रहे नीरव नभ पर
 अनिमेष, अटल, कुछ चिंतापर

- (i) 'गिरि का गौरव' से तात्पर्य है-
 (A) पहाड़ों की उच्चता का गौरव
 (B) पहाड़ों के जीवन में नया जोश
 (C) झरनों के रोम-रोम में झलकती मस्ती
 (D) झाग का सौंदर्य
- (ii) 'उच्चाकांक्षाओं' से तात्पर्य है-
 (A) पहाड़ों की ढाल
 (B) विशाल आकार
 (C) चिंता में डूबना
 (D) ऊँचा उठने की कामना
- (iii) इस कविता में किस ऋतु में होने वाले परिवर्तनों को बताया गया है?
 (A) वसंत ऋतु
 (B) वर्षा ऋतु
 (C) हेमंत ऋतु
 (D) शिशिर ऋतु
- (iv) उपर्युक्त पद्यांश के संबंध में कौन-सा कथन असत्य है?
 (A) पावस ऋतु के प्राकृतिक परिवर्तनों का चित्रण किया गया है
 (B) जीवन में आगे बढ़ने की प्रेरणा दी गई है
 (C) झरनों के सौंदर्य का वर्णन किया गया है
 (D) पर्वत पर मानवीय भावनाओं का आरोप किया गया है
- (v) निम्नलिखित कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए। उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्पों में से कोई एक सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए-
कथन (A) पर्वतों से गिरनेवाले झरने पर्वतों की उच्चता का यशगान कर रहे हैं।
कारण (R) वर्षा ऋतु में पर्वतीय प्रदेश में बहुत से मनोहारी परिवर्तन होते हैं।

- (A) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों गलत हैं।
 (B) कथन (A) गलत है, लेकिन कारण (R) सही है।
 (C) कथन (A) सही है, लेकिन कारण (R) उसकी गलत व्याख्या करता है।

(D) कथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R) कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है।

10. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर 25-30 शब्दों में लिखिए। $2 \times 3 = 6$

(क) सर पर कफ़न बाँधने का क्या अर्थ है? ऐसा कहकर सैनिक देशवासियों एवं मौजवानों को क्या संदेश दे रहे हैं?

(ख) मीराबाई ने श्रीकृष्ण की रूप माधुरी का वर्णन कैसे किया है? उनके पद के आधार पर बताइए।

(ग) वर्षा ऋतु में पर्वतीय प्रदेश का प्राकृतिक दृश्य अत्यंत मनोरम हो जाता है। इस कथन के आलोक में कविता का प्रतिपाद्य अपने शब्दों में लिखिए।

(घ) कबीर की साखियों की भाषा की विशेषताएँ लिखिए।

11. संचयन पुस्तक के आधार पर किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर 50-60 शब्दों में दीजिए। $3 \times 2 = 6$

(क)...तुम्हारे हिस्से में पंद्रह बीघे खेत हैं।... तुम अपने हिस्से के खेत ठाकुर जी के नाम लिख दो। काका की पंद्रह बीघे ज़मीन उनके जी का जंजाल बन गई।' इस कथन के आलोक में अपने विचार व्यक्त कीजिए।

(ख) 'सपनों के-से दिन' पाठ के आधार पर बताइए कि कोई भी भाषा आपसी व्यवहार में बाधा नहीं बनती। उदाहरण देकर समझाइए।

(ग) इफ़्फ़न की दादी की मौत के बाद टोपी को उसका घर खाली-सा क्यों लगने लगा? कारण सहित उत्तर दीजिए।

खंड - घ (रचनात्मक लेखन)

(22)

12. दिए गए संकेत बिंदुओं के आधार पर किसी एक विषय पर लगभग 120 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए।

5

क * करत-करत अभ्यास के जड़मति होत सुजान

- * सूक्ति का आशय
- * जीवन में अभ्यास का महत्त्व
- * सफलता का मूलमंत्र

ख * विद्यार्थियों में बढ़ती अनुशासनहीनता

- * अनुशासनहीनता के बुरे परिणाम
- * अनुशासनहीनता के कारण होने वाली परेशानी
- * देश के विकास के लिए विद्यार्थियों के आचरण पर ध्यान आवश्यक

ग * जब हम चार रनों से पिछड़ रहे थे

- * खिलाड़ियों की मनोदशा
- * दर्शकों की मनोदशा

- * प्रकृति का नया रूप
- * प्रयास और परिणाम

13. प्लास्टिक की चीज़ों से हो रही हानि के बारे में किसी समाचार पत्र के संपादक को सुझाव देते हुए लगभग 100 शब्दों में एक पत्र लिखिए। 5

अथवा

आप भावुक/अनोखी हैं। आपका जिला स्तरीय क्रिकेट टीम के कैप्टन हेतु चयन हुआ है। अभ्यास और मैच हेतु आपको एक सप्ताह के अवकाश की आवश्यकता है। निवेदन करते हुए प्रधानाचार्य को अवकाश के लिए लगभग 100 शब्दों में एक पत्र लिखिए।

14. ग्रीष्मावकाश में शैक्षणिक भ्रमण हेतु जयपुर जाना था, लेकिन उसे स्थगित कर दिया गया है। कारण उल्लेख करते हुए 60 शब्दों में इससे संबंधित सूचना लिखिए। 4

अथवा

गणतंत्र दिवस के अवसर पर शिवाजी पार्क में ध्वजारोहण कार्यक्रम संबंधी सूचना अपनी सोसायटी की ओर से 60 शब्दों में तैयार कीजिए।

15. पुरानी कार की विशेषताएँ बताते हुए, उसे बेचने के लिए 40 शब्दों में एक आकर्षक विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए। 3

अथवा

बच्चों के लिए अच्छे स्कूल बैग हेतु 40 शब्दों में एक विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए।

16. दिए गए विषय के आधार पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में लघुकथा लिखिए। 5

कर्म ही पूजा है

अथवा

मोहित (mohit1986@gmail.com) की ओर से नगर-निगम अधिकारी को लाउड-स्पीकरों का शोर बंद करवाने का अनुरोध करते हुए 80 शब्दों में ई-मेल लिखिए।



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
PRE BOARD II (2024-25)
SUBJECT: संस्कृतम् -122

Class: X
Date: 6.1.2025
No of Sides: 7

SET I

Max Marker: 80
Reading Time: 8:30 am to 9:45 am
Writing Time: 9:45 to 11:45 am

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- Write your Name, Roll number, Section in the answer script.
- Read all the Questions carefully.
- Answer all the Questions and write neatly.

खण्ड: क अपठितावबोधनम् -- 10
खण्ड: ख रचनात्मकं कार्यम् -- 15
खण्ड: ग अनुप्रयुक्तव्याकरणम्- 25
खण्ड: घ पठितावबोधनम् -- 30

	खण्ड: क अपठितावबोधनम् -- 10	
1.	अधोलिखितगद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानामुत्तराणि लिखत । अस्माकं देशः प्राचीनकालादेव प्राकृतिकपर्यावरणस्य पोषकः। वैदिककाले अपि पर्यावरणस्य प्रदूषणस्य समस्या नासीत् । तथापि वेदेषु स्थाने स्थाने ऋषीणां पर्यावरणविषयकं चिन्तनं दृश्यते । अद्य पर्यावरणप्रदूषणं संसारस्य भीषणतमा समस्या वर्तते, परं जनाः अस्याः गाम्भीर्यं न अनुभवन्ति । पर्यावरणं रक्षणीयं, वृक्षाः रोपणीयाः, रक्षणीयाः च इति श्रृण्वन्तः उद्घोषयन्तः अपि वयं प्रतिदिनं तेषां कर्तनं पश्यामः। “प्लास्टिक” इति रसायनेन निर्मितवस्तुनि पर्यावरणस्य हानिकराणि इति जानन्तः अपि जनाः एतेषां प्रयोगं बाहुल्येन कुर्वन्ति । पर्यावरणप्रदूषकं धूमं क्षिपतां वाहनानाम् औद्योगिक-यन्त्रागाराणां संख्या निरन्तरं वर्धमाना अस्ति । यद्यपि विकासाय नवीनाः आविष्काराः अपेक्षिताः परं सञ्चाराय विस्तृताः सुरक्षिताः मार्गाः जनानां कृते अपि आवश्यका एव । यदि पर्यावरणं प्राणिजीवनाय अनुकूलं न भविष्यति तर्हि पृथिव्यां जीवनमेव असम्भवं भविष्यति तदा भौतिकविकासेन किम्? अतः सर्वकारः जनसहयोगेन सर्वथा पर्यावरणरक्षणाय यत्नशीलं भवेदिति । १. एकपदेन उत्तरत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) अ) अस्माकं देशः कस्य पोषकः ? आ) केषां पर्यावरणविषयकं चिन्तनं दृश्यते ? इ) संसारस्य भीषणतमा समस्या का वर्तते ? २. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) अ) केषां संख्या निरन्तरं वर्धमाना अस्ति ? आ) जनाः केषां प्रयोगं बाहुल्येन कुर्वन्ति ? इ) कानि वाक्यानि उद्घोषयन्तः पश्यामः? ३. अस्य अनुच्छेदस्य कृते शीर्षकं संस्कृतेन लिखत ।	1x2=2 2x2=4

४. भाषिककार्यम् । (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्)

अ) जनाः अस्याः गाम्भीर्यं न अनुभवन्ति। अत्र क्रियापदं किम् ?

अ) अस्याः आ) जनाः इ) अनुभवन्ति ई) क्रियापि न

आ) शोषकः इति पदस्य किं विलोमपदं प्रयुक्तम् ?

अ) रक्षणीयः आ) पोषकः इ) विषयः ई) रक्षकः

इ) वयं प्रतिदिनं तेषां कर्तनं पश्यामः । अत्र कर्तृपदं किम् ?

अ) कर्तनम् आ) पतिदिनं इ) वयम् ई) पश्यामः

ई) प्रदूषकं धूमं निरन्तरं क्षिपतां वाहनानां संख्या वर्धमाना अस्ति ।
अत्र विशेषणपदं किम् ?

अ) धूमं आ) निरन्तरं इ) वर्धमाना ई) प्रदूषकं

2.

खण्डः ख -- रचनात्मककार्यम् -15

भवतः नाम शेखरः। भवान् मुम्बईनगरे छात्रावासे वसति। स्व-वार्षिक परीक्षायै भवता किं किं क्रियते इति वर्णयन् पितरं प्रति लिखिते पत्रे मञ्जूषायां प्रदत्त-शब्दानां सहायतया रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

पाणिनी छात्रावासः
(i)दिनाङ्कः

परमादरणीयाः
(ii)
सादरं प्रणमामि।

भवतः पत्रं प्राप्तम्। भवान् ज्ञातुम् इच्छति यत् (iii)..... मम अध्ययनं कीदृशं वर्तते। पितृवर्य ! अद्यत्वे अहं समयस्य सुनियोजनं कृत्वा पठामि। मम (iv)..... तु निश्चिन्ता। प्रतिदिनम् द्विहोरायावत् प्रत्येक विषयस्य (v)..... करोमि। आङ्ग्लभाषायां तथा गणितविषये तु मम अध्ययनं पूर्णम् एव। विज्ञान-विषये तु मम अध्ययनं पूर्णम् एव। विज्ञान-विषये, इतिहास विषये (vi)..... आवश्यकता अस्ति। संस्कृतम् तु मम (vii)..... । अत्र न कापि चिन्ता कार्या। आशासे यत् कठिन परिश्रमेण (viii)..... आशीवदैः च अवश्यमेव स्थानं (ix)..... मातृचरणेषु मम प्रणामः भवताम् प्रियः पुत्रः (x)..... ।

मञ्जूषा-(भवताम्, शेखरः, परिश्रमस्य, दैनिकचर्या, पूज्यपितृमहोदयः,
लप्स्ये, प्रियविषयः, अध्ययनं, वार्षिक परीक्षायै, मुम्बईनगरतः)

3.	चित्रं पश्य पञ्चवाक्यानि रचयत । (पर्वतारोहणं, हिमाच्छादितम्, सन्तानं, परिवर्तमानं, प्रसन्नि, कृतिमान्, सफलानि, प्रकृतिः, श्वपीया, गोधरी) 	1x4=4
4.	अधोदत्तानि वाक्यानि संस्कृते अनूद्य लिखत। (केवलं पञ्च) अ) दिल्ली भारत का राजधानी है। Delhi is the capital of India. आ) भारत ऋषियों की भूमि है। Bharat is the land of saints. इ) कल मैं विद्यालय को नहीं जाऊँगा। Tomorrow I will not go to school. ई) बच्चा मित्रों के साथ पढ़ता है। The child studies with friends. उ) सफलता परिश्रम का परिणाम है। Success is the result of hardwork. ऊ) भूमि माँ है, मैं उसका बेटा/बेटी हूँ। Earth is Mother, I am a son of her.	1x5=5
5.	खण्ड: ग – अनुप्रयुक्तव्याकरणम् - 25 निम्नलिखितवाक्येषु रेखाङ्कितानां पदानां सन्धि-सन्धिविच्छेदं वा कृत्वा लिखत। (केवलं चतुष्टयम्) अ) पिता अस्य किं तपः+तेपे। आ) न कुर्यादहितं कर्म स परेभ्यः कदाचन। इ) सा पुत्रद्वयोपेता पितुर्गृहं प्रति चलिता। ई) आलस्यं शरीरस्थः+महान् रिपुः। उ) कः+चन चौरः गृहाभ्यन्तरं प्रविष्टः।	1x4=4
6.	रेखाङ्कितपदानां समासं – विग्रहं वा विकल्पेषु चित्वा लिखत। (केवलं चतुष्टयम्) अ) मन्त्री सभायां वाक्यटुः भवेत्। अ) वाक् पटुः आ) वाचे पटुः इ) वाचि पटुः ई) वाचा पटुः आ) विमूढधीः अपक्वं भुङ्क्ते। अ) विमूढः धिः यस्य सः आ) विमूढा धीः यस्य सः इ) विमूढा धिः यस्य सः ई) विमूढः धीः यस्याः सा इ) सर्वेषां समयम् अनतिक्रम्य महत्त्वं विद्यते। अ) यथासमयम् आ) यथासमयः इ) यथासमया ई) यथासमये उ) सूर्यः च चन्द्रः च तयोः को वा भवतोः कर्ता?	1x4=4

	अ) सूर्यमन्दो आ) सूर्यमन्दम् इ) सूर्यमन्दो ई) सूर्यमन्द्राध्याय क) राजसिंह राजपुत्र ससमि स्या । अ) राजस्य पुत्र आ) राजे पुत्र इ) राजी पुत्र ई) राजः पुत्र 7. रेखाङ्कितपदानां एकतिप्रत्ययौ संयोज्य / विभज्य वा उचितकुलं चित्वा लिखत । (केवलं चतुष्टयम्) अ) यथासमये सर्वेषां महत्त्वं विद्यते । आ) महा + त्व आ) महत् + त्वम् इ) महत् + त्व ई) महत् + अम् आ) लोके विद्वांस एव चक्षुष्यन्तः प्रकीर्तिताः । अ) चक्षु + मतुप् आ) चक्षुष + मतुप् इ) चक्षुष + मत ई) चक्षुष + मन्तः इ) विचित्र + टाप् दैवगतिः । अ) विचित्रा आ) विचित्राः इ) विचित्रः ई) विचित्रता ई) शुचि पर्यावरणं पाठे कविना ग्रामस्य प्रकृति + ठक् सौन्दर्यं वर्णितम् अस्ति । अ) प्राकृतिकी आ) प्राकृतिकं इ) प्राकृतिकः ई) प्राकृतिकानि उ) बुद्धिमत् + ङीप् पितृगृहं प्रति चलिता । अ) बुद्धिमति आ) बुद्धिमत् इ) बुद्धिमती ई) बुद्धिमत्या 8. वाचानुसारम् उचितं विकल्पं चित्वा पूरयत । (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्) अ) ----- पुत्राय बाल्ये विद्याधनं यच्छति । आ) पित्रा आ) पिता इ) पितरः ई) पितरम् आ) पशुना उदीरितोऽर्थः ----- । अ) गृह्यते आ) गृह्णाति इ) गृह्यन्ते ई) गृह्यन्ति इ) केन ----- निवार्यते ? अ) छायां आ) छायाया इ) छाया ई) छायाः ई) ----- शरीरं दह्यते । अ) वह्निः आ) वह्निना इ) वह्नि ई) वह्निने 9. अङ्नां स्थाने संस्कृते समयं लिखत । (केवलं चतुष्टयम्) अ) सुनीता प्रातः ----- 7:00 वादने प्रातराशं कृत्वा विद्यालयं गच्छति । आ) विद्यालयात् ----- 2:15 वादने गृहमागत्य भोजनं करोति । इ) सायं ----- 5:45 वादने मित्रैः सह क्रीडति । ई) सा ----- 8:15 वादने भोजनं करोति । उ) सुनीता ----- 8:45 वादने गृहकार्यं कृत्वा स्वपिति । 10. प्रदत्तैः अव्ययपदैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत । (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्) अ) भवान् ----- भयात् पलायितः ? आ) ----- सर्वकार्येषु बुद्धिर्बलवती भवति । इ) व्याघ्रात् ----- मुच्यताम् ? ई) गलबद्धशृगालकः व्याघ्रः ----- नष्टः । { सर्वदा, कथं, सहसा, कुतः } 11. रेखाङ्कित-अशुद्धपदस्य उचितपदं चित्वा वाक्यानि पुनः लिखत । (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्) अ) किं सा कुपितः एवं भणति? आ) कुपितम् आ) कुपिताः इ) कुपिता ई) कुपितौ आ) सर्वे मिलित्वा माम् एवं तुदति । अ) तुदतः आ) तुदन्ति इ) तुदसि ई) तुदथ	1x4= 1x3=3 1x4=4 1x3=3 1x3=3
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	इ) सः ह्यः पदातिरेव चलिष्यति । अ) अचलत् आ) चलति इ) चलतु ई) चलेत् इ) काचित् धृतः शृगालः हसन्नाह । अ) केचित् आ) कश्चन इ) कश्चित् ई) काचन	
	खण्डः घ -- पठितावबोधनम्	
12.	अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानामुत्तराणि लिखत । विचित्रा दैवगतिः । तस्यामेव रात्रौ तस्मिन् गृहे कश्चन चौरः गृहाभ्यन्तरं प्रविष्टः । तत्र निहितामेकां मञ्जूषाम् आदाय पलायितः । चौरस्य पादध्वनिना प्रबुद्धोऽतिथिः चौरशङ्कया तमन्वधावत्, अगृहाच्च, परं विचित्रमघटत । चौरः एव उच्चैः क्रोशितुमारभत – चौरोऽयं चौरोऽयं इति । तस्य तारस्वरेण प्रबुद्धाः ग्रामवासिनः स्वगृहात् निष्क्रम्य तत्रागच्छन् वराकमतिथिमेव च चौरं मत्वाऽभर्त्सयन् । यद्यपि ग्रामस्य आरक्षी एव चौर आसीत् । तत्क्षणमेव रक्षापुरुषः तम् अतिथिं चौरोऽयम् इति प्रख्याप्य कारागृहे प्राक्षिपत् । १. एकपदेन उत्तरत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) अ) गृहाभ्यन्तरं कः प्रविष्टः ? आ) अतिथिः केन प्रबुद्धः ? इ) दैवगतिः कीदृशी भवति ? २. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) अ) चौरः वस्तुतः कः आसीत् ? आ) अतिथिमेव चौरं मत्वा के अभर्त्सयन् ? इ) विचित्रं किम् अघटत ? ३. निर्देशानुसारम् उत्तरत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) अ) “दिवसे” अस्य विलोमपदं किम् ? आ) “निर्गत्य” इत्यस्य पदस्य कः पर्यायः ? इ) “प्रबुद्धाः” अस्य विशेष्यपदं किम् ?	1/2X2=1 1X2=2 1X2=2
13.	अधोलोखितं पद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानामुत्तराणि लिखत । निमित्तमुद्दिश्य हि यः प्रकुप्यति ध्रुवं स तस्यापगमे प्रसीदति । अकारणद्वेषि मनस्तु यस्य वै कथं जनस्तं परितोषयिष्यति ॥ १. एकपदेन उत्तरत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) अ) नरः किम् उद्दिश्य प्रकुप्यति ? आ) नरः कदा प्रसीदति ? इ) तं कः परितोषयिष्यति ? २. पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) अ) जनः कीदृशं नरं न परितोषयिष्यति ? आ) कस्य अपगमे नरः ध्रुवं प्रसीदति ? इ) अत्र कः ध्रुवं प्रसीदति ?	1/2X2=1 1X2=2 1X2=2

3. निर्देशानुसारं उत्तरत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)
 अ) "प्रसीदति" अस्य विलोमपदं किम्?
 आ) "कारणम्" अस्य पर्यायः कः?
 इ) "सः" कर्तृपदस्य क्रियापदं किम्?

14.

अधोदत्तं नाट्यांशं पठित्वा उत्तराणि लिखत ।

व्याघ्रचित्रकौ – अरे किं वनराजपदाय सुपात्रं चीयते ? एतदर्थं तु आवामेव योग्यौ । यस्य कस्यापि चयनं कुर्वन्तु सर्वसम्मताया ।

सिंहः -- तूष्णीं भव भोः ! युवामपि मत्सदृशौ भक्षकौ न तु रक्षकौ । एते वन्यजीवाः भक्षकं रक्षकपदयोग्यं न मन्यन्ते अत एव विचारविमर्शः प्रचलति ।

बकः -- सर्वथा सम्यगुक्तं सिंहमहोदयेन । वस्तुतः एव सिंहेन बहुकालपर्यन्तं शासनं कृतं परमधुना तु कोऽपि पक्षी एव राजेति निश्चेतव्यम् अत्र तु संशीतिलेशस्यापि अवकाशः एव नास्ति ।

सर्वे पक्षिणः -- आम् आम् कश्चित् खगः एव वनराजः भविष्यति एव ।

१. एकपदेन उत्तरत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

- अ) किमर्थं सुपात्रं चीयते?
 आ) बहुकालपर्यन्तं शासनं केन कृतम् ?
 इ) अत्र भक्षकौ कौ आगतौ ?

२. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

- अ) सर्वे पक्षिणः किं कथयन्ति?
 आ) अधुना किं निश्चेतव्यम् इति बकः वदति?
 इ) वन्यजीवाः किं न मन्यन्ते?

३. निर्देशानुसारं लिखत । (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

- अ) "नृपः" इत्यस्य पर्यायः कः प्रयुक्तः?
 आ) "रक्षकः" अस्य विलोमपदं किम्?
 इ) "भविष्यति" अस्य कर्तृपदं किम्?

15.

रेखाङ्कितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत । (केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्)

- अ) हरितरूपां माला रमणीया ।
 आ) सा गहनकानने एकं व्याघ्रं ददर्श ।
 इ) शतशकटीयानं धूमं मुञ्चति ।
 ई) राजहंसेन सरसः शोभा भवति ।
 उ) परेभ्यः अहितं कर्म न कुर्यात् ।

16.

मञ्जूषातः पदानि चित्वा श्लोकस्य अन्वयं पूरयित्वा पुनः लिखत ।

अवक्रता यथा चित्ते तथा वाचि भवेद् यदि । यथा चित्ते -----१)
 तदेवाहुः महात्मानः समत्वमिति तथ्यतः ॥ तथ्यतः -----४) इति आहुः ।
 तथा -----२) यदि भवेत्, महात्मानः -----३)

{ समत्वं, अवक्रता, तदेव, वाचि }

अथवा

श्लोकस्य भावार्थ उचितपदैः पूरयत ।

सेवितव्यो महावृक्षः फलच्छायासमन्वितः ।

यदि दैवात् फलं नास्ति छाया केन निवार्यते ॥

संसारे सदैव फलैः छायाया च -----१) महान् वृक्षः -----२) भवति । यदि दुर्भाग्यवशात्
तस्मिन् -----३) नापि भवेयुः तथापि तं -----४) दातुं कश्चिदपि रोद्धं न शक्नोति ।
{ छाया, आश्रयितव्यः, युक्तः, फलानि, }

1/2X8=4

अधोदत्तं कथांशं समुचितक्रमेण लिखत ।

17.

१. सः वृषभः हलमूढवा गन्तुमागतः क्षेत्रे पपात ।
२. सुरभेरिमामवस्थां दृष्ट्वा सुराधिपः तामपृच्छत् ।
३. कृषीवलः बलीवर्दाभ्यां क्षेत्रकर्षणं कुर्वन्नासीत् ।
४. अयि शुभे ! किमेवं रोदिषि ?
५. तथापि वृषः नोत्थितः ।
६. बलीवर्दयोः एकः शरीरेण दुर्बलः आसीत् ।
७. क्रुद्धः कृषीवलः तमुत्थापयितुं बहुवारं यत्नमकरोत् ।
८. सर्वधेनूनां मातुः सुरभेः नेत्राभ्यामश्रूणि आविरासन् ।

1X3=3

अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखाङ्कितपदानां प्रसङ्गानुसारम् उचितम् अर्थं चित्वा लिखत ।

18.

१. अर्थकाश्येन पीडितः पदातिरेव प्राचलत् ।
अ) अर्थाधिक्येन आ) धनाभावेन इ) धनप्राप्तये ई) सर्वम्
२. गगने अम्भोदाः बहवो हि सन्ति ।
अ) मेघाः आ) खगाः इ) नक्षत्राणि ई) जलानि
३. जलधौ अकर्णधारा नौरिव विप्लवेत् ।
अ) नद्याम् आ) समुद्रे इ) आकाशे ई) सरोवरे
४. व्याघ्रमारी तूर्णं धाविता ।
अ) मन्दं आ) शनैः इ) वारं ई) शीघ्रम्



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
1st Pre-Board Examination - (2024-25)
Subject: संस्कृतम् (122)

Class: 10
Date: 06.01.2025
No. of sides: 10

SET 2

Max. Marks: 80
Reading time: 8:00am to 8:15am
Writing time: 8:15am to 9:15am

सामान्यनिर्देशाः-

- अस्मिन् प्रश्नपत्रे चत्वारः खण्डाः सन्ति ।
- प्रत्येक खण्डम् अधिकृत्य उत्तराणि एकस्मिन् स्थाने क्रमेण लेखनीयानि ।
- प्रश्नसङ्ख्या प्रश्नपत्रानुसारम् अवश्यमेव लेखनीयाः।
- सर्वेषां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन लेखनीयानि ।
- प्रश्नानां निर्देशाः ध्यानेन अवश्यं पठनीयाः।

प्रश्नपत्रस्वरूपम्-

खण्डः - क	अपठितांश - अवबोधनम्	10 अङ्काः
खण्डः - ख	रचनात्मककार्यम्	15 अङ्काः
खण्डः - ग	अनुप्रयुक्तव्याकरणम्	25 अङ्काः
खण्डः - घ	पठित-अवबोधनम्	30 अङ्काः

अपठितांश - अवबोधनम्

खण्डः- क

- 1 अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन लिखत -
विशिष्टं ज्ञानं विज्ञानं कथ्यते। विज्ञानबलेन संसारे विविधानि चमत्कारपूर्णानि वस्तूनि आविष्कृतानि जातानि । विज्ञानस्य चमत्कारेण अधुना सर्वत्र आश्चर्यजनकानि वस्तूनि दृश्यन्ते। समुद्रे विशालानि जलयानानि निर्भयं गच्छन्ति। विशाले गगने वायुयानेन मानवाः अन्यदेशं शीघ्रं गच्छन्ति। विद्युत्-बलेन शीतकाले उष्णता ग्रीष्मकाले च शैत्यं प्राप्यते। अतिविशालानि उन्नतानि च भवनानि विज्ञानेन निर्मीयन्ते। आधुनिके युगे चलदूरवाणी, दूरदर्शनम्, संगणकं, रेडियो, इन्टरनेट इत्यादीनि सर्वसुलभानि जातानि । सुखोपभोगाय अनेकानि उपकरणानि आविष्कृतानि जातानि येन अस्माकं जीवनं सुलभं जातम्। सम्प्रति विज्ञानं हि अस्माकं मानवसभ्यतायाः मूलम् वर्तते।

अ) एकपदेन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

- विशिष्टं ज्ञानं किं कथ्यते?
- समुद्रे विशालानि जलयानानि कथं गच्छन्ति?
- सम्प्रति अस्माकं मानवसभ्यतायाः मूलम् किं वर्तते ?

1x2=2

ब) पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

(i) संसारे कानि आविष्कृतानि आत्मानि ?

(ii) विद्युत्-बलेन कि-कि प्राप्यते?

(iii) आधुनिके युगे कानि सर्वसुलभानि आत्मानि ?

इ) वक्तव्य अनुच्छेदस्य कृते उपयुक्तं शीर्षकं संस्कृतेन लिखत ।

ई) यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्)

(i) 'विशिष्टं ज्ञानं विज्ञानं कथ्यते' अत्र किं क्रियापदम्?

(क) विशिष्टं

(ख) कथ्यते

(ग) ज्ञानं

(घ) विज्ञानं

(ii) "विशालानि जलयानानि....." इत्यादि वाक्ये विशेष्यपदं किम् ?

(क) विशालानि

(ख) जलयानानि

(ग) निर्भयं

(घ) गच्छन्ति

(iii) 'दुर्लभं' इति पदस्य किं विलोमपदं गद्यांशे प्रयुक्तम्?

(क) सुलभम्

(ख) सुकरम्

(ग) सरलम्

(घ) निर्भयम्

(iv) 'विद्युत्-बलेन शीतकाले उष्णता ग्रीष्मकाले च शैत्यं प्राप्यते'

अस्मिन् वाक्ये किम् अव्ययपदं किं प्रयुक्तम्?

(क) विद्युत्-बलेन

(ख) च

(ग) प्राप्यते

(घ) उष्णता

2x2=4

1x1=1

1x3=3

2. स्वयिने एकादश-कक्षायां संस्कृतं पठितुं प्रेरितुं लिखिते पत्रे रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयित्वा पत्रं च पुनः उत्तरपुस्तिकायां लिखतु।

छात्राकाशः

(ii).....

दिनांकः

प्रिय आदित्य,

(iii).....

अत्र कुशसे तत्रास्तु। तव (iii)..... अतिप्रियः

(iv)..... यत् त्वम् एकादश कक्षायां संस्कृतं पठितुम्

इच्छसि। संस्कृतम् पठित्वा वरं स्वदेशस्य गौरवम् अनुभवितुं

(v).....। इयं विश्वस्य सर्वासु भाषासु प्राचीनतमा वैज्ञानिकी च

अस्ति। विश्वस्य (vi).....भाषासु भारतीयभाषासु च

(vii)..... शब्दाः प्राप्यन्ते। किं त्वं जानासि यत् वेदाः, रामायणम्,

महाभारतम्, उपनिषदः, पञ्चतन्त्रम् हितोपदेशादयः(viii).....

संस्कृते एव लिखिताः सन्ति। अतः त्वं सर्वैः (ix)..... सह संस्कृतम्

अपि परिश्रमेण पठ। अवकाशेषु मम गृहम् आगच्छ। मातापितृभ्यां मम

प्रणामान् कथय।

तव (x).....

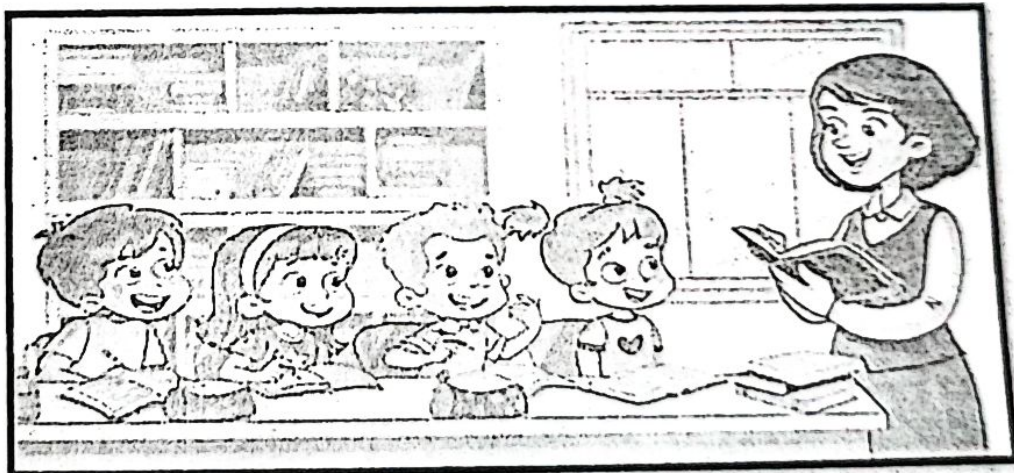
वैभवः।

मञ्जूषा

अभवम्, नमोनमः, मित्रम्, शकुमः, विषयैः, देहरादूनतः,
संस्कृतस्य, अनेकासु, पत्रेण, ग्रन्थाः

3. प्रदत्तं चित्रं दृष्ट्वा मञ्जूषायां प्रदत्तशब्दानां सहायतया पञ्च वाक्यानि संस्कृतेन लिखत

1x5=5



अध्यापिका, छात्राः, विद्युः, सारसः, कठन्ति, कुम्भन्ति, वृन्दन्ति,
आरणीवाचनम्, उत्पीडिका, पुस्तकम्, कार्की की कलिका, लिखिका, अकम्पति

4.	अधोलिखितानि वाक्यानि संस्कृतभाषया अनूद्य लिखत (केवलं वाक्यपञ्चकम्) 1. मैं गुरुकुल में रहता हूँ। I live in the gurukula. 2. मेरे पिताजी क्लर्क हैं। My father is a clerk. 3. मेरी माता अध्यापिका हैं। My mother is a teacher. 4. वह सोमवार को मुम्बई जाएगा। He will go to Mumbai on Monday. 5. हम लोग वहाँ कब जाएँगे? When will we go there? 6. वर्षा हो रही है। It is raining. 7. भारत ऋषि-मुनियों का देश है। India is the country of monks.	1x5=5
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'ग'-खण्डः

अनुप्रयुक्त-व्याकरणम्

5.	अधोलिखितेषु वाक्येषु रेखांकितपदस्य सन्धिपदं सन्धिच्छेदपदं वा लिखत (केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) (i) नास्त्युद्यम-समो बन्धुः कृत्वा यं नावसीदति। (ii) कथं जनः+तं परितोषयिष्यति। (iii) अश्वश्चेद् धावने वीरः भारस्य वहने खरः। (iv) काचित्+इयमिति मत्वा व्याघ्रो भयाकुलचित्तो नष्टः। (v) मुच्यते महतः+भयात्।	1x4=4
6.	अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखाङ्कितपदानां समासं विग्रहं वा प्रदत्तविकल्पेभ्यः चिनुत (केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) (i) पाषाणीसभ्यतायां लतातरुगुल्माः पिष्टाः भवन्ति। (क) लताश्च तरवश्च गुल्माश्च (ख) लतातरुगुल्म यस्य ते (ग) लतां च ते तरुगुल्माः (घ) लतानां गुल्माः (ii) कुत्सितवस्तुमिश्रितं भक्ष्यं समलं धरातलम्। (क) धरायां तलम् (ख) धरया तलम् (ग) धरां तलम् (घ) धरायाः तलम् (iii) बलीवर्दाभ्यां क्षेत्रकर्षणं कुर्वन्नासीत्। (क) क्षेत्रस्य कर्षणस्य (ख) क्षेत्रस्य कर्षणं (ग) क्षेत्रे कर्षन्ति (घ) क्षेत्रैः कर्षणम्	1x4=4

	(iv) राजमित्रः मां राजपुत्रः स्मरति स्म। (क) राजः पुत्रः (ख) राजपुत्रः पुत्रः (ग) राजः पुत्रः (घ) राजः पुत्रः (v) माकः साहूहास्यम् अस्मत् । (क) साहूहास्यम् अस्मिन् (ख) अस्मत्साहूहास्यम् (ग) साहूहास्यम् अस्माकः (घ) अस्मत्साहूहास्यम्	
7.	अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखाङ्कितपदानां प्रकृति-प्रत्ययौ संयोज्य विचल्य वा उचितम् उत्तरं विकल्पेभ्यः चिनुत- (केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) (i) विद्वत्त्वं च नृपस्त्वं च नैव तुल्यं कदाचन। (क) नृप + स्त्वं (ख) नृप + त्व (ग) नृप + त्वम् (घ) नृप + टाप् (ii) अध्यापिका पाठं पाठयति। (क) अध्यापक + डाप् (ख) अध्याप इका (ग) अध्यापक + टाप् (घ) अध्यापक + डीप् (iii) सर्वेषामेव महत्त्वं विद्यते यथासमयम्। (क) मह + त्वं (ख) महत् + त्व (ग) महत् + त्वम् (घ) महा + त्व (iv) माला रमणीया। (क) रम + णीया (ख) रमणी + या (ग) रमणीय + टाप् (घ) रमणीय + तल् (v) यत्रास्ते सा धूर्ता तत्र गम्यताम्। (क) धु + र्ता (ख) धूर्त + टाप् (ग) धूर्त + डाप् (घ) धूर्त + डीप्	1x1=1
8.	वाच्यानुसारं उचितपदैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयित्वा अधोलिखितं संवादं विकल्पेन पूरयत। (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्) (i) प्रियंका - रोहित ! i)..... किं पठसि ? (ii) रोहितः - मया संस्कृतस्य पुस्तकम् ii)। (iii) प्रियंका - उत्तमम् ! तव iii)..... शुद्धं वर्तते। (iv) आम्! प्रतिदिनम् iv)..... श्लोकोच्चारणस्य अभ्यासः क्रियते। श्लोकोच्चारणम्, अहम्, त्वम्, पठ्यते	1x3=3
9.	प्रदत्तेभ्यः रिक्तस्थानेभ्यः समुचितं कालबोधकशब्दं लिखत (केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) (i) अहम् प्रातः 5:30..... जागरणम् करोमि ।	1x4=4

	(ii) रमेशः 7:45..... अल्पाहारं स्वीकरोति। (iii) माता 8.15..... मन्दिरम् गच्छति। (iv) छात्राः 9:15विद्यालयं गच्छन्ति। (v) शिक्षकः 12:45..... गणितं पाठयति ।	
10.	मञ्जूषायां प्रदत्तैः उचितैः अव्ययपदैः अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्) (i) अवकाशः..... भविष्यति। (ii) त्वम्..... पठिष्यति ? (iii)त्वं मां मुक्त्वा यासि तदा वेलाप्यवेला स्यात्। (iv) करणीयं बहिरन्तर्जगति तुशुद्धीकरणम्। मञ्जूषा बहु, श्वः, कदा, यदि	1x3=3
11.	अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखाङ्कितपदम् अशुद्धम् अस्ति। शुद्ध पदं विकल्पेभ्यः चिनुत (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्) (i) अहम् क्रीडाक्षेत्रे <u>क्रीडति</u> । (क) क्रीडसि (ख) क्रीडामः (ग) क्रीडामि (घ) क्रीडावः (ii) सिंहः <u>भयङ्करः</u> वने निवसति । (क) भयङ्करे (ख) भयङ्करः (ग) भयङ्करम् (घ) भयङ्कराणि (iii) सः <u>भोजनं</u> कुरु। (क) रामः (ख) अहम् (ग) त्वम् (घ) यूयम् (iv) ताः सुन्दर्यः <u>बालिका</u> नृत्यन्ति। (क) बालकाः (ख) बालिक्यः (ग) बालिकाः (घ) बालकः	1x3=3

	सूचकः च पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन लिखत -	
12.	अधोलिखितं पद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन लिखत - अस्ति देउलाख्यो ग्रामः। तत्र राजर्षिः नाम राजपुत्रः वसति स्म। एकदा केनापि आवश्यककार्येण तस्य भार्या बुद्धिमती पुत्रद्वयोपेता चलिता इति चलिता। मार्गे गहनकानने सा एकं व्याघ्रं ददर्श। सा व्याघ्रमागच्छन्तं दृष्ट्वा धाष्ट्यात् पुत्रौ चपेटया प्रहृत्य जगाद - "कथमेकैकशो व्याघ्रवधमात्रं कर्तव्यं कुरुषुः? अयमेकस्तावद्विभज्य भुज्यताम्। पश्चाद् अन्यो द्वितीयः कश्चित्पश्यते।" इति श्रुत्वा व्याघ्रमारी काचिदियमिति मत्वा व्याघ्रो भयाकुलचित्तो नष्टः। (अ) एकपदेन उत्तरत- (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) (क) ग्रामस्य नाम किम् अस्ति? (ख) बुद्धिमती पुत्रद्वयोपेता कुत्र चलिता? (ग) राजपुत्रस्य नाम किम् अस्ति? (आ) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) (क) सा पुत्रौ चपेटया प्रहृत्य किम् जगाद? (ख) राजपुत्रः कुत्र वसति स्म? (ग) बुद्धिमती कुत्र व्याघ्रं ददर्श? (इ) यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) (क) 'वसति स्म' इत्यस्याः क्रियायाः कर्तृपदं किम्? (ख) 'मार्गे गहनकानने' अनयोः पदयोः विशेषणं किम् ? (ग) 'वने' इत्यस्य पदस्य कः पर्यायः अत्र आगतः ?	$\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$ $1 \times 2 = 2$ $1 \times 2 = 2$
13.	अधोलिखितं पद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन लिखत - वायुमण्डलं भृशं दूषितं न हि निर्मलं जलम्। कुत्तितवस्तुमिश्रितं भक्ष्यं समलं धरातलम्॥ करणीयं बहिरन्तर्जगति तु बहु शुद्धीकरणम्। शुचिपर्यावरणम् .. अ. एकपदेन उत्तरत(केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) (क) किम् भृशं दूषितम् अस्ति ? (ख) धरातलं केन युक्तम् अस्ति? (ग) भक्ष्यं कीदृशम् अस्ति? आ. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत(केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) (क) कीदृशं जलं नास्ति? (ख) अस्माभिः किं करणीयम् अस्ति ? (ग) 'अत्यधिकम्' इत्यस्य पर्यायपदं श्लोकात् चित्वा लिखत।	$\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$ $1 \times 2 = 2$

	इ. यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) (क) 'निर्मलं जलम्' अत्रयोः पदयोः विशेष्यं किम् ? (ख) 'निर्मलं' इत्यस्य पदस्य कः विशेष्यः अत्र प्रयुक्तः ? (ग) 'मंमारे' इत्यस्य पदस्य कः पर्यायः अत्र आगतः ?	1x2=2
14.	अधोलिखितं नाट्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन लिखत - काकः - रे परभृत्! अहं यदि तव सन्ततिं न पालयामि तर्हि कुत्र स्युः पिकाः? अतः अहम् एव करुणापरः पक्षिमत्तद् काकः। गजः - समीपतः एवागच्छन्। अरे! अरे! सर्वा वार्ता शृण्वन्नेवाहम् अत्रागच्छम्। अहं विशालकायः, बलशाली, पराक्रमी च। सिंहः वा स्यात् अथवा अन्यः कोऽपि वन्यपशून् तु तुदन्तं जन्तुमहं स्वशुण्डेन पोथयित्वा मारयिष्यामि। किमन्यः कोऽप्यस्ति एतादृशः पराक्रमी। अतः अहमेव योग्यः वनराजपदाय। वानरः - अरे! अरे! एवं वा (शीघ्रमेव गजस्यापि पुच्छं विधूय वृक्षोपरि आरोहति।) अ. एकपदेन उत्तरत (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) (क) कः करुणापरः अस्ति? (ख) कः विशालकायः अस्ति? (ग) कस्य शुण्डः अस्ति? आ. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत। (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) (क) कः सिंहं शुण्डेन मारयिष्यति? (ख) कः गजस्य पुच्छं विधूय वृक्षोपरि आरोहति ? (ग) कः पिकस्य सन्ततिम् पालयति ? इ. यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) (क) 'पिकाः' इत्यस्य कर्तृपदस्य क्रियापदं किम्? (ख) 'अहम् एव योग्यः वनराजपदाय' वाक्येऽस्मिन् अव्ययपदं किम् ? (ग) 'करुणापरः पक्षिमत्तद् काकः' एषु पदेषु विशेष्यपदं किम्?	$\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$ 1x2=2 1x2=2
15.	रेखाङ्कित-पदानि आधृत्य समुचितं प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत- (केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) (i) विद्यालये अध्यापकाः छात्रान् अध्यापयन्ति। (ii) आरक्षी चौरैः त्रायते। (iii) मानवैः सदा सत्यं वक्तव्यम्। (iv) शृगालेन सहितं पुनरायान्तं व्याघ्रं दूरात् दृष्ट्वा बुद्धिमती चिन्तितवती। (v) परम् अर्थकार्येण पीडितः सः बसयानं विहाय पदातिरेव प्राचलत्।	1x4=4

16.	मञ्जूषातः समुचितपदानि चित्वा कथं लिखितं क्रियायां सम्पूर्णं पूरयत साक्यदुर्गैरीनाम् बन्धीः कथं कथं कथं कथं । सो सोमसि सुसारेण नृपेऽपि परिपूरयति । अन्वयः - (यः) बन्धी (i)..... कैरीनाम्, कथं कथं कथं कथं (ii)..... सोः परैः (iii)..... कथं सुसारेण क (iv)..... मञ्जूषा साक्यदुः, परिपूरयते, असातरः, केन अथवा मञ्जूषायाः साहाय्येन श्लोकस्य भावार्थं रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयित्वा पुनः लिखत - आचारः प्रथमो धर्मः इत्येतद् विदुषां वचः। तस्माद् रक्षेत् सदाचारं प्राणेभ्योऽपि विशेषतः ॥ भावार्थः - विदुषाम् कथनम् अस्ति यत् (i) प्रथमः धर्मः वर्तते। इति कथनं (ii)..... धारणीयम्। अस्माभिः (iii)..... अपि अधिक- सावधानतया सदाचारस्य (iv)..... विशेषरूपेण करणीया। मञ्जूषा रक्षा, मनसि, आचारः, प्राणेभ्यः	1x8=8
17.	अधोलिखित-कथांशं समुचित-क्रमेण लिखत - (i) राजसिंहस्य भार्या बुद्धिमती पुत्रद्वयोपेता पितुर्गृहं प्रति चलिता। (ii) कश्चित् धूर्तः शृगालः हसन् अवदत्। (iii) त्वं मानुषादपि बिभेषि। (iv) व्याघ्रः भयाकुलचित्तो नष्टः। (v) भवान् कुतः भयात् पलायितः? (vi) अयमेकस्तावद् एव विभज्य भुज्यताम्। (vii) कथम् एकैकशः व्याघ्रभक्षणाय कलहं कुरुथः? (viii) बुद्धिमती व्याघ्रजाद् भयात् पुनरपि मुक्ताऽभवत्।	$\frac{1}{2} \times 8 = 4$
18.	अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखाङ्कितपदानां प्रसंगानुकूलम् उचितार्थं चिनुत (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्) (i) दुर्वहम् अत्र जीवितं जातं प्रकृतिरव शरणम्। (क) दुष्टम् (ख) दुःखम् (ग) कठिनम्	1x3 = 3

(घ) दुर्मुखम्

(ii) दत्तकपुत्रेण यया सात्मपुत्रावैकलो माम् अनुत्तु सलहायमानो नीट्वा
प्रहरन्ती दृष्टा।।

(क) मारयितुम्

(ख) भक्षयितुम्

(ग) आगन्तुम्

(घ) हन्तुम्

(iii) वृषकः तं वृषभं तोदनेन नुद्यमानः अवर्तत।

(क) दानेन

(ख) कष्टप्रदानेन

(ग) भयेन

(घ) ओदनेन

(iv) गुह्यम् आख्याति ।

(क) खादति

(ख) भक्षयति

(ग) वदति

(घ) पश्यति



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
PRE BOARD EXAMINATION- 2 (2024-25)
SUBJECT: I.2 KANNADA (015)

SET-1

Date: 06-01-2025

Class: X

No. of Sides: 10

Marks: 80

Reading time: 8:00 to 8:15 am

Writing Time: 8:15 to 11:15 am

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು:

1. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯು A, B ಎಂಬ ಎರಡು ಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು A, B, C, D ಎಂಬ ನಾಲ್ಕು ವಿಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು, ಒಟ್ಟು 15 ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದೆ.

2. ವಿಭಾಗ- ಎ, ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ.

ಅಪರಿತ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 1 ಮತ್ತು 2.

ಪರಿತ ಗದ್ಯ / ಪದ್ಯಭಾಗ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 3 ಮತ್ತು 4.

3. ವಿಭಾಗ- ಬಿ, ಬಹುಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು (ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 5 ರಿಂದ 7.

4. ವಿಭಾಗ- ಸಿ, ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ (ಪತ್ರ, ವರದಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 8 ರಿಂದ 10.

5. ವಿಭಾಗ- ಡಿ, (ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 11 ರಿಂದ 15.

*ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸುವ ಮೊದಲು ನೀಡಿರುವ ಸೂಚನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಗಮನಿಸಿ.

*ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸುವ ಮೊದಲು ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಭಾಗ- A (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	20 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ	15 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	5 ಅಂಕಗಳು
ಭಾಗ- B (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	12 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	28 ಅಂಕಗಳು

PART - A (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

ವಿಭಾಗ - ಎ

(ಪಾಠನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ: 20 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

1. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯಾಂಶವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 5X1=5

ಆಲೂರು ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯರು ೧೮೮೦, ಜುಲೈ ೧೨ ರಂದು ವಿಜಯಪುರದಲ್ಲಿ ಜನಿಸಿದರು. ಇವರ ವಂಶಜರು ಧಾರಾವಾಡದ ಬಳಿಯ ಆಲೂರಿಗೆ (ಈಗಿನ ಗದಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ, ರೋಣ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕಿನ ಹೊಳೆ - ಆಲೂರ) ಬಂದು ನೆಲೆಸಿದ್ದರಿಂದ ಆಲೂರು ಮನೆತನದ ಹೆಸರಾಯಿತು. ತಂದೆ ಭೀಮರಾಯರು, ತಾಯಿ ಭಾಗೀರಥಮ್ಮ. ಆಲೂರು ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯರನ್ನು ಕನ್ನಡದ ಕುಲಪುರೋಹಿತ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯುವರು.

ಒಮ್ಮೆ ಬೇಸಿಗೆ ರಜೆಯಲ್ಲಿ, ನವ ವೃಂದಾವನ, ಆನೆಗೊಂದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸಂದರ್ಶಿಸಿ ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಹಂಪಿಗೆ ಹೋದರು. ಹಂಪಿಯ ಅವಶೇಷಗಳು ಅವರ ಮನಸ್ಸಿನ ಮೇಲೆ ಅಪೂರ್ವ ಪರಿಣಾಮ ಉಂಟುಮಾಡಿದವು. ಅವರ ಮಾತಿನಲ್ಲೇ ಹೇಳುವುದಾದರೆ "ನಮ್ಮ ವಿಜಯನಗರವು ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಪುತ್ಯಕ್ಷವಾಗಿಯೂ ವಿಸ್ತಾರವಾಗಿಯೂ ನನ್ನ ಮುಂದೆ ಬಿದ್ದಿದೆ. ಆ ದರ್ಶನವು ನನ್ನ ಮನದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ತಿನ ಸಂಚಾರವನ್ನು ಮೂಡಿಸಿತು. ಚಲನಚಿತ್ರ ಪಟದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿದ್ಯುದ್ದೀಪದ ಬಲದಿಂದ ಮೂರ್ತಿಗಳು ಮೂಡುವಂತೆ ನನ್ನ ಹೃದಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ದೇವಿಯ ಸುಂದರ ಮೂರ್ತಿಯು ಒಡಮೂಡಹತ್ತಿತು. ಆ ದರ್ಶನವು ನನ್ನ ತಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಾನಾ ವಿಧ ತರಂಗಗಳಿಗೆ ಇಂಬುಗೊಟ್ಟಿತು. ಕೃದಯ ಸಮುದ್ರವು ಅಲ್ಲೋಲ ಕಲ್ಲೋಲವಾಯಿತು. ಆ ದಿನವು ನನ್ನ ಜೀವನದ ಕ್ರಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ರಾಂತಿಯನ್ನು ಮಾಡಲಿಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣವಾಯಿತು." ಇದರಿಂದಾಗಿ ಆಲೂರು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಇತಿಹಾಸ, ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯಗಳ ವ್ಯಾಸಂಗಕ್ಕೆ ತೊಡಗಿದರು.

ಆ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಮುಂಬಯಿ ಪ್ರಾಂತ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿದ್ದ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪ್ರದೇಶಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮರಾಠಿಯದ ಪ್ರಾಬಲ್ಯ. ಕನ್ನಡದ ಕೆಲಸಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ವಿದ್ಯಾವರ್ಧಕ ಸಂಘವನ್ನು ಪ್ರವೇಶಿಸಿದರು. ಸಂಘದ ಸ್ಥಿತಿ ಪೊಂದು ಸಮರ್ಪಕವಾಗಿಲ್ಲದ ಕಾರಣ, ಅದರ ಕಾರ್ಯಭಾರವನ್ನು ಹೊತ್ತುಕೊಂಡರು. ಕನ್ನಡಿಗರನ್ನು ಜಾಗೃತಗೊಳಿಸಲು ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯರು ೧೯೦೬ ರಲ್ಲಿ 'ವಾಗ್ಭೂಷಣ' ಎಂಬ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಆರಂಭಿಸಿದರು. ತಮ್ಮ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯದಿಂದ ಆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಗೆ ಹೊಸ ರೂಪವನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟರು. ೫ನೇ ವೃತ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ತೊರೆದು ಸ್ವದೇಶಿ ಚಳುವಳಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಭಾಗವಹಿಸಿದರು. ೧೯೨೨ ನವೆಂಬರ್ ೪ ದು ಜಯಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸಿದರು. ಈ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆ ೬ ವರ್ಷಗಳವರೆಗೆ ನಡೆಯಿತು. ೧೯೨೮ ಕೃಷ್ಣಶರ್ಮ, ದ.ರಾ. ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ ಮೊದಲಾದ ಶ್ರೇಷ್ಠ ಸಾಹಿತಿಗಳು ಸಹ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ಪಾದಕರಾಗಿ ಈ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಗಾಗಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದರಂತೆಯೇ ಕನ್ನಡಿಗ, ಕರ್ಮವೀರ, ದಲಾದ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಗಳ ಸಂಪಾದಕತ್ವವನ್ನು ಸಹ ವಹಿಸಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದರು.

ಸೂಚನೆ:

ಮೂರು ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯರು ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಿದ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಗಳು ಇವು.

(A) ವಾಗ್ಭೂಷಣ, ಜಯಕರ್ನಾಟಕ (B) ಜಯಕರ್ನಾಟಕ, ವಿಜಯಕರ್ನಾಟಕ

(C) ವಾಗ್ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ, ಪ್ರಜ್ಞಾವಾಣಿ

(D) ವಿಜ್ಞಾನಕರ್ಮತತ್ವ, ಕರ್ತವ್ಯ

2. ಆಲೂರು ಹಂಪಿಯ ಅವಶೇಷಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ, ಹೇಳಿದ ಮಾತುಗಳು ಈ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ಗಮನಿಸಿ.

ಹೇಳಿಕೆ 1: "ನಮ್ಮ ವಿಜಯನಗರವು ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಕ್ಷವಾಗಿರುವ ವಿಷ್ಣುವರ್ಧನನ ನೆಮ್ಮ ಮುಂದೆ ಬಿದ್ದಿದೆ.

ಹೇಳಿಕೆ 2: ನನ್ನ ಹೃದಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರೇವಿಯ ಸುರಾಜ್ ಮೂರ್ತಿಯ ಒಡಮೂಡುತ್ತಿತ್ತು.

(A) ಮೊದಲನೆಯ ಹೇಳಿಕೆ ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಿದೆ.

(B) ಎರಡನೆಯ ಹೇಳಿಕೆ ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಿದೆ.

(C) ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿವೆ.

(D) ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿಲ್ಲ.

3. ಆಲೂರು ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯರನ್ನು ಹೀಗೂ ಕರೆಯುವರು.

(A) ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರಕವಿ

(B) ಕನ್ನಡದ ಕುಲಪುರೋಹಿತ

(C) ಕನ್ನಡದ ಕಣ್ಣು (D) ಕಾದಂಬರಿ ಸಾರ್ವಭೌಮ.

4. ಕನ್ನಡದ ಕೆಲಸಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಆಲೂರು ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯರು _____ ಸಂಘವನ್ನು ಪ್ರವೇಶಿಸಿದರು.

(A) ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಪರಿಷತ್ತು

(B) ಕನ್ನಡ ಕಲಾ ಸಂಗೀತ ಪರಿಷತ್ತು

(C) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ವಿದ್ಯಾವರ್ಧಕ ಸಂಘ (D) ಕನ್ನಡ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಸಂಘ

5. ಆಲೂರು ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯರು ಆರಂಭಿಸಿದ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಗೆ ಸಹಸಂಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ಸಂಪಾದಕರಾಗಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿದ ಶ್ರೇಷ್ಠ ಸಾಹಿತಿಗಳು

(A) ಕುವೆಂಪು, ದ.ರಾ.ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ (B) ಬೆಟಗೇರಿ ಕೃಷ್ಣಶರ್ಮ, ಶಿವರಾಮ ಕಾರಂತ

(C) ದ.ರಾ.ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ, ಬಿ.ಎಂ. ಶ್ರೀ (D) ಬೆಟಗೇರಿ ಕೃಷ್ಣಶರ್ಮ, ದ.ರಾ.ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ

II. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯಾಂಶವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

ಗಂಗರಾಜ ವಂಶದ ಉನ್ನತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಅವನತಿ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಇತಿಹಾಸದ ಆದಿಭಾಗದ ಒಂದು ಮುಖ್ಯ ಅಧ್ಯಾಯವಾಗಿದೆ. ಗಂಗ ವಂಶದ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾಪಕರು ತಮ್ಮನ್ನು ಇಕ್ಷ್ವಾಕು ವಂಶದವರೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿಕೊಂಡರು. ಕುವಲಾಲ, ತಲಕಾಡು ಹಾಗೂ ಮಾನ್ಯಪುರ (ಈಗಿನ ನೆಲಮಂಗಲ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ) ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳಿಂದ ರಾಜ್ಯವಾಳಿದರು.

ದಡಿಗನಿಂದ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭವಾದ ಗಂಗವಾಡಿ ರಾಜ್ಯವು ಸುಮಾರು ೨೭ ಮಂದಿ ರಾಜರುಗಳಿಂದ ಆಳಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿತು. ದುರ್ವೀನೀತನು ಗಂಗರಸರಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧನಾದವನು. ಅಪ್ರತಿಮ ವೀರ ಹಾಗೂ ವಿದ್ವಾಂಸ. ದೀರ್ಘಕಾಲ ಆಳಿದ ಇವನು ತನ್ನ ರಾಜ್ಯವನ್ನು ಬಲಪಡಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಪುನ್ನಾಟವನ್ನು ಗೆದ್ದುಕೊಂಡನು. ಇವನು ಅನೇಕ ಕೆರೆಗಳನ್ನು ನೀರಾವರಿಗಾಗಿ ಕಟ್ಟಿಸಿದನೆಂದು ನಲ್ಲಾಳ ತಾಮ್ರ ಪಟಗಳಿಂದ ತಿಳಿದು ಬರುತ್ತದೆ.

ಗಂಗರು ಜೈನ ಮತಾವಲಂಬಿಗಳಾದುದರಿಂದ ಜೈನ ಮತವು ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿಗೆ ಬಂದಿತು. ಪೂಜ್ಯವಾದ ವಜ್ರನಂದಿ, ಅಜಿತಸೇನಾಚಾರ್ಯ ಮುಂತಾದವರುಗಳಿಂದ ಈ ಧರ್ಮವು

ಜನಪ್ರಿಯವಾಯಿತು. ಅಲ್ಲದೆ ಶ್ರವಣಬೆಳಗೊಳದಲ್ಲಿ ೫೮ ಅಡಿ ಏಕಶಿಲಾ ಗೊಮ್ಮಟೇಶ್ವರ ಪ್ರತಿಮೆಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠಾನಗೊಳಿಸಿ ಅದನ್ನು ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ಕೇಂದ್ರವನ್ನಾಗಿ ಮಾರ್ಪಡಿಸಿದರು. ಗೊಮ್ಮಟೇಶ್ವರನಿಗೆ ಇಂದಿಗೂ ಹನ್ನೆರಡು ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗೊಮ್ಮೆ ಮಹಾಮಸ್ತಕಾಭಿಷೇಕ ನಡೆಯುತ್ತದೆ.

ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯಾಭಿಮಾನಿಗಳಾದ ಗಂಗರಾಜರು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ, ಪ್ರಾಕೃತ ಮತ್ತು ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹ ನೀಡಿದ್ದರಿಂದ ಗ್ರಂಥಗಳ ರಚನೆಗಳಾದವು. ಇಮ್ಮಡಿ ಮಾಧವನು ದತ್ತಕ ಸೂತ್ರಕ್ಕೆ ಟಿಪ್ಪಣಿ ಬರೆದನು. ದುರ್ವೀನೀತನು 'ಶಬ್ದಾವತಾರ' ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಕೃತಿಯನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಿದನಲ್ಲದೆ ಗುಣಾಡ್ಯನ 'ವಡ್ಡಕತೆ'ಯನ್ನು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಕ್ಕೆ ಅನುವಾದ ಮಾಡಿದನು. ಶ್ರೀ ಪುರುಷನು 'ಗಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ'ವನ್ನು, ಎರಡನೇ ಶಿವ ಮಾಧವನು 'ಗಜಾಷ್ಟಕ' ಕನ್ನಡ ಕೃತಿಯನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಿದನು. ಕವಿ ಹೇಮಗೀನನು 'ರಾಘವ ಪಾಂಡವೀಯ'ವನ್ನು, ವಾದೀಬಸಿಂಹನು 'ಗದ್ಯ ಚಿಂತಾಮಣಿ' ಯನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಪಾತ್ರ ಚೂಡಾಮಣಿಯನ್ನು, ನೇಮಿಚಂದ್ರನು 'ದ್ರವ್ಯಸಾರ ಸಂಗ್ರಹ'ವನ್ನು, ಚಾವುಂಡರಾಯನು 'ಚಾವುಂಡರಾಯ ಪುರಾಣ'ವನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಿ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧರಾದರು.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:

1. ಗಂಗ ಅರಸರ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ದೊರೆ.

(A) ದಡಿಗ (B) ಚಾವುಂಡರಾಯ (C) ದುರ್ವೀನೀತ (D) ಇಮ್ಮಡಿ ಮಾಧವ

2. ಗೊಮ್ಮಟೇಶ್ವರನ ವಿಗ್ರಹ ಇರುವ ಸ್ಥಳ.

(A) ಶ್ರವಣಬೆಳಗೊಳ (B) ಕುವಲಾಲ (C) ನೆಲಮಂಗಲ (D) ಮೈಸೂರು

3. ಗಂಗ ಅರಸರು ಈ ಧರ್ಮಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿದವರು.

(A) ಶೈವ (B) ವೈಷ್ಣವ (C) ಬೌದ್ಧ (D) ಜೈನ

4. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಓದಿ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಹೇಳಿಕೆ ೧: ಗಂಗರಾಜರು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ, ಪ್ರಾಕೃತ ಮತ್ತು ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹ ನೀಡಿದ್ದರಿಂದ ಗ್ರಂಥಗಳ ರಚನೆಗಳಾದವು.

ಹೇಳಿಕೆ ೨: ಗೊಮ್ಮಟೇಶ್ವರನಿಗೆ ಇಂದಿಗೂ ಹನ್ನೆರಡು ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗೊಮ್ಮೆ ಮಹಾಮಸ್ತಕಾಭಿಷೇಕ ನಡೆಯುತ್ತದೆ.

(A) ಮೇಲಿನ ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿವೆ.

(B) ಮೇಲಿನ ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ತಪ್ಪಾಗಿವೆ.

(C) ಮೊದಲಿನ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯು ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ.

(D) ಎರಡನೇ ಹೇಳಿಕೆ ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ.

5. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಗುಂಪಿಗೆ ಸೇರದ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಕೃತಿಯನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

(A) ಗುಣಾಡ್ಯ - ವಡ್ಡಕತೆ

(B) ಚಾವುಂಡರಾಯ - ಚಾವುಂಡರಾಯ ಪುರಾಣ

(C) ಶ್ರೀ ಪುರುಷ - ಗಜಾಷ್ಟಕ

(D) ವಾದೀಬಸಿಂಹ - ಗದ್ಯ ಚಿಂತಾಮಣಿ

III. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ದೇವನಕಾರ ಮಹಾದೇವ ಅವರು ಬರೆದಿರುವ ಎರಡು ಬೀಜ ಅಕ್ಷರ ಪರಿಚಿತ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

391-9

ವಚನಕಾರರು ನಮ್ಮ ಸುತ್ತ ಮುತ್ತ ಇರುವ ದೇವರುಗಳನ್ನು, ದೇವರು ಆಗದುಕೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತಾ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಬ್ಬ ವಚನಕಾರರಿಗೂ ಅವರವರದೇ ಇಷ್ಟವಾದ ಅಂದರೆ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಆವಾಗವಾಗ ಪ್ರಜ್ಞೆಯೇ ದೇವರಾಗಿತ್ತು. ಈ ರೀತಿ ಪ್ರಜ್ಞೆಯನ್ನೇ ದೇವರು ಅಂತ ಅಂದುಕೊಂಡರೆ ಸುಡುವ ಬಿಂಕಿರುನ್ನು ನೆತ್ತಿ ಮೇಲೆ ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಂಡಂತಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ತಮ್ಮ ಪ್ರಜ್ಞೆ ಮುಂದೆ ಸುಳ್ಳು ಹೇಳಕ್ಕಾಗಲ್ಲ ಅಂತ ಕಷ್ಟ ಆಗೋದು. ಇತರೆ ದೇವರಿಗಾದರೆ - ಯಾವುದೇ ಉಗ್ರ ದೇವತೆ ಇರಲಿ, ಏನೋ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ಕೊಡ್ತಿ ಒಳಕ್ಕೆ ಹಾಕೋಂತ ಸುಳ್ಳುಪಳ್ಳು ಹೇಳಿಬಿಡಬಹುದು. ಆದರೆ ಪ್ರಜ್ಞೆ ಮುಂದೆ ಇದು ನಡೆಯದು ಈ ಇಕ್ಕಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ವಚನಕಾರರು ಮುಖಾಮುಖಿಯಾದರು ಎಂದು ಕಾಣಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಅವರು ತಮ್ಮ ಕಷ್ಟ ಸುಖಾನೆ ದುಃಖ ದುಮ್ಮಾನನ, ಏಳುಬೀಳುಗಳನ್ನು ಅವರ ಉತ್ಪತ್ತಿ ಇಕ್ಕಟ್ಟುಗಳನ್ನು ಆ ಪ್ರಜ್ಞೆ ಮುಂದೆ ಹೇಳಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತ ಒದ್ದಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರೆಂದು ಕಾಣುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಒದ್ದಾಟಕ್ಕೆ ಅವರು ನುಡಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟರು.

ಅವರು ಅಂದು ನುಡಿದದ್ದು ಇಂದು ನುಡಿದಂತೆ ಕೇಳಿಸುತ್ತಿದೆ. ಅದು ತನಗೆ ತಾನೇ ಕಾವ್ಯವಾಗಿಬಿಟ್ಟಿದೆ. ಈ ಬೆಂಕಿಯಂಥ ವಚನ ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಗೆ ಸಾಂತ್ವನದ ಜಾನಪದ ಕಸಿ ಮಾಡಿ ನಾವು ಹುಟ್ಟಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ, ಹುಟ್ಟು ಪಡೆಯಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ, ಅನ್ನಿಸತೊಡಗಿದೆ.

ಬುದ್ಧನ ಕಾರುಣ್ಯ ನನ್ನ ಮನದೊಳಗೆ ಕೂತ ಬಗೆಯನ್ನು ಒಂದು ಉದಾಹರಣೆಯಿಂದ ಹೇಳಲು ಪ್ರಯತ್ನಿಸುವೆ.

ಇತ್ತೀಚೆಗೆ ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗದ ಡಾ. ಅಶೋಕ ಪೈ (ಮನೋವೈದ್ಯರು) ಅವರು ಮೈಸೂರಿಗೆ ಬಂದಿದ್ದರು. ಅವರು ಮನಸ್ಸಿನ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ನಡೆದಿರುವ ಒಂದು ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಸತ್ಯವನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿದರು. ಏನೆಂದರೆ- ಕೆಲವು ಜನ ಒಂದು ಕೊಠಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕುಳಿತು ಟೆಲಿವಿಷನ್ ನೋಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಎಂದಿಟ್ಟುಕೊಳ್ಳೋಣ. ಇನ್ನೊಂದಿಷ್ಟು ಜನ ಇದರ ಅರಿವಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಇನ್ನೊಂದು ಪಕ್ಕದ ಕೊಠಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಏನೋ ಮಾತುಕತೆಯಾಡುತ್ತ ತಮ್ಮಷ್ಟಕ್ಕೆ ತಾವಿರುವರು ಎಂದಿಟ್ಟುಕೊಳ್ಳೋಣ. ಆಗ ಟೆಲಿವಿಷನ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಕೊಲೆ ದೃಶ್ಯ ಬಂದಾಗ ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಇದನ್ನು ನೋಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದವರ ದುಃಖದ ಭಾವನೆಯು ಇದನ್ನು ನೋಡದೇ ಇರುವ ಪಕ್ಕದ ಕೊಠಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಇರುವವರ ಮನಸ್ಸಿಗೂ ಮುಟ್ಟಿ ಅವರ ಮನಸ್ಸು ಸ್ವಲ್ಪಮಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ದುಗುಡಗೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತದಂತೆ. ಅದೇ ಟೆಲಿವಿಷನ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ನೃತ್ಯ ದೃಶ್ಯ ಬಂದಾಗ ಅದನ್ನು ನೋಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದವರ ಖುಷಿ ಭಾವನೆಯು ಪಕ್ಕದ ಕೊಠಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಇದನ್ನು ನೋಡದ ತಮ್ಮಷ್ಟಕ್ಕೆ ತಾವೇ ಇದ್ದವರ ಮನಸ್ಸಿನ ಮೇಲೂ ಪರಿಣಾಮ ಮಾಡಿ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ಮಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಸಂತೋಷದ ಭಾವನೆ ಉಂಟಾಗುವುದಂತೆ.

ಈ ನಿಜ ಏನನ್ನು ಹೇಳುತ್ತದೆ? ಯಾವ ಜೀವಿಯೂ ತನ್ನಷ್ಟಕ್ಕೆ ತಾನಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತದೆ. ಯಾವುದೇ ಒಂದು ಜೀವಿಗೆ ಆಗುವ ದುಃಖ ದುಮ್ಮಾನ ಪರಿಸರದಲ್ಲಿ ಉಸಿರಾಡುತ್ತ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಜೀವಿಗಳಲ್ಲೂ ಕಂಪನ ಉಂಟು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿರುತ್ತದೇನೋ. ಈ ಅನುಕಂಪನ ಇಡೀ ಜೀವಸಂಕುಲವನ್ನೇ ಒಂದು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತದೆ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:

1. ಡಾ. ಅಶೋಕ ಪೈ ಅವರು ಯಾವ ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಸತ್ಯವನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿದರು?
2. ಕೊಲೆ ದೃಶ್ಯವನ್ನು ನೋಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದವರ ಮನಸ್ಸಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ಭಾವನೆ ಉಂಟಾಗುತ್ತದೆ?
3. ವಚನಕಾರರಿಗೆ ಯಾವುದು ದೇವರಾಗಿತ್ತು?
4. ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಸುಳ್ಳುಪಳ್ಳು ಹೇಳಿಬಿಡಬಹುದು?

5.ನಿಜ ಏನನ್ನು ಹೇಳುತ್ತದೆ?

IV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಕುವೆಂಪು ಅವರು ರಚಿಸಿರುವ 'ಹಸುರು' ಪರಿಚಿತ ಪದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 5X1=5

ನವರಾತ್ರಿಯ ನವಧಾತ್ರಿಯ
ಈ ಶ್ಯಾಮಲ ವನಧಿಯಲಿ
ಹಸುರಾದುದೊ ಕವಿಯಾತ್ಮಂ
ರಸಪಾನ ಸ್ನಾನದಲಿ! || 1 ||

ಅದೊ ಹುಲ್ಲಿನ ಮಕಮಲ್ಲಿನ
ಪೊಸಪಚ್ಚೆಯ ಜಮಖಾನೆ
ಪಸರಿಸಿ ತಿರೆ ಮೈ ಮುಚ್ಚಿರೆ
ಬೇರೆ ಬಣ್ಣವನೆ ಕಾಣೆ! || 4 ||

ಹಸುರಾಗಸ; ಹಸುರು ಮುಗಿಲು
ಹಸುರು ಗದ್ದೆಯಾ ಬಯಲು;
ಹಸುರಿನ ಮಲೆ; ಹಸುರು ಕಣಿವೆ;
ಹಸುರು ಸಂಜೆಯೇ ಬಿಸಿಲೂ! || 2 ||

ಹೊಸ ಹೂವಿನ ಕಂಪು ಹಸುರು,
ಎಲರಿನ ತಂಪೂ ಹಸುರು!
ಹಕ್ಕಿಯ ಕೊರಲಿಂಪು ಹಸುರು!
ಹಸುರು ಹಸುರಿಳೆಯುಸಿರೂ! || 5 ||

ಆಶ್ವೀಜದ ಶಾಲಿವನದ
ಗಿಳಿಯೆದೆ ಬಣ್ಣದ ನೋಟ;
ಅದರೆಡೆಯಲಿ ಬನದಂಚಲಿ
ಕೊನೆವೆತ್ತಡಕೆಯ ತೋಟ! || 3 ||

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:

- 1.ಕವಿಗೆ ಯಾವುವು ಹಸುರಾಗಿ ಕಾಣುತ್ತಿದೆ?
- 2.ಕವಿಯು ನೋಡಿದ ಅಡಕೆಯ ತೋಟ ಎಲ್ಲಿದೆ?
- 3.ಕವಿಗೆ ಹಸುರು ಹುಲ್ಲು ಹೇಗೆ ಕಾಣುತ್ತಿದೆ?
- 4.ಆಶ್ವಯುಜ ಮಾಸದಲ್ಲಿ ಕವಿಗೆ ಭತ್ತದ ಗದ್ದೆಯು ಹೇಗೆ ಕಾಣುತ್ತಿದೆ?
- 5.ಇಳೆಯ ಉಸಿರು ಯಾವುದು?

ವಿಭಾಗ-ಬಿ

(ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ- 20ಅಂಕಗಳು)

V. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಬಹುಆಯ್ಕೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

10X1=10

1.ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸಂಧಿ ಹಾಗೂ ಸಂಧಿ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

A. ಚರಿಸುತ್ತದ್ದರದ

೧. ಯಣ್ ಸಂಧಿ

B. ಪ್ರಾಣಾಹುತಿ

೨. ಲೋಪಸಂಧಿ

C. ಮಹರ್ಷಿ

೩. ಸರ್ವಣ ದೀರ್ಘ ಸಂಧಿ

D. ಮನ್ವಂತರ

೪. ಗುಣಸಂಧಿ

೫. ಆದೇಶ ಸಂಧಿ

- A. a-3 b-5 c-4 d-1
 A. a-2 b-3 c-4 d-1
 B. a-2 b-4 c-5 d-2
 C. a-3 b-1 c-4 d-5

2. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪದಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಸಮಾಸ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

1. ಕಂಗೆಡು - ತತ್ಪುರುಷ ಸಮಾಸ
2. ಬೆಳೆಸಿದ - ಕರ್ಮಧಾರಯ ಸಮಾಸ
3. ನಾಲ್ಕಡಿ - ದ್ವಂದ್ವ ಸಮಾಸ
4. ಬಿಲ್ವಿರುವನೆರಿಸಿ - ಕ್ರಿಯಾ ಸಮಾಸ

- A) 1 ಮತ್ತು 3 B) 2 ಮತ್ತು 4 C) 1 ಮತ್ತು 2 D) 3 ಮತ್ತು 4

3. 'ಸುಯೋಧನಂ' ಎಂಬ ಪದವು ದ್ವಿತೀಯಾ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿಯಾದರೆ ದಾತಾರಂಗಿ' ಎಂಬ ಪದವು ಈ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿಯಾಗಿದೆ.

- A) ತೃತೀಯಾ B) ಸಪ್ತಮಿ C) ಪ್ರಥಮಾ D) ಚತುರ್ಥಿ

4. ಹುಡುಗ, ನಗರ : ರೂಢನಾಮ :: ಕಾವೇರಿ, ಶರಾವತಿ : _____

- A) ಸರ್ವನಾಮ B) ಅಂಕಿತನಾಮ C) ಅನ್ವರ್ಥ ನಾಮ D) ಆತ್ಮಾರ್ಥಕ ನಾಮ

5. 'ಜನರು ಜಾತ್ರೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಿಹಿ ತಿಂಡಿಯನ್ನು ತಿಂದರು' - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿನ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದದ ಧಾತು _____

- A) ಜನರು B) ಜಾತ್ರೆ C) ಸಿಹಿತಿಂಡಿ D) ತಿನ್ನು

6. 'ಅಸು - ಹಸು' - ಈ ಪದಗಳ ಅರ್ಥವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವು ಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ಹೀಗಿವೆ.

- A) ಮುಖ್ಯ - ಅಮುಖ್ಯ B) ಕೊಡುವುದು - ಮುಖ್ಯ
 C) ಗೋವು - ಪ್ರಾಣಿ D) ಪ್ರಾಣಿ - ಗೋವು

7. 'ಆ ಮಗುವಿನ ಮುಖವು ಮುದ್ದಾಗಿದೆ.' - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವು _____ ವಾಚಕಕ್ಕೆ ಉದಾಹರಣೆಯಾಗಿದೆ.

- A) ಪರಿಮಾಣ ವಾಚಕ B) ಭಾವನಾಮ C) ಗುಣವಾಚಕ D) ದಿಗ್ವಾಚಕ

8. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ತತ್ಸಮ - ತದ್ಭವಗಳ ಸರಿಯಾದ ರೂಪವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

- 1) ಕುರಾರ - ಕೊಡಲಿ 2) ವಿದ್ಯಾಧರ - ವೈಕೋದರ
- 3) ವಂಧ್ಯಾ - ಸಂಜೆ 4) ಹಸಾದ - ಪ್ರಸಾದ

ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

- A) 1 ಮತ್ತು 2 B) 2 ಮತ್ತು 3 C) 3 ಮತ್ತು 4 D) 1 ಮತ್ತು 4

9. 'ವಾಜಿ' - ಈ ಪದದ ಸಮಾನಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದ.

A) ಕುದುರೆ

B) ಗೋವು

C) ಶ್ವಾನ

D) ವರಾಹ

10. ಅಂತರಂಗ - ಪದದ ವಿರುದ್ಧ ಪದ _____

A) ಬಹಿರಂಗ

B) ಒಳಗುಣ

C) ಹೊರಗುಣ

D) ಅವಗುಣ

VI. ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳನ್ನು ಸೂಚನೆಯಂತೆ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

1. ಮಳೆಯು ಧಾರಾಕಾರವಾಗಿ ಸುರಿದಿತು. - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ವಿಧ್ಯರ್ಥಕ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

2. ನಾಲ್ವಡಿ ಕೃಷ್ಣರಾಜ ಒಡೆಯರ್ ಸಮಾಜದಲ್ಲಿನ ಅನಿಷ್ಟ ಪದ್ಧತಿಗಳನ್ನು ನಿರ್ಮೂಲನ ಮಾಡಿದರು.

- ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಕರ್ಮಣಿ ಪ್ರಯೋಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

3. ದಾನಿಗಳು ಬಡ ಪ್ರತಿಭಾವಂತ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳನ್ನು ಹಂಚಿದರು. - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ವರ್ತಮಾನ ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಪರಿವರ್ತಿಸಿ.

4. ಪಲಾಯನ - ಈ ಪದವನ್ನು ಬಳಸಿ ಸ್ವಂತ ವಾಕ್ಯ ದಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗಾದೆ ಮಾತಿನ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

"ಕೂಡಿ ಬಾಳಿದರೆ ಸ್ವರ್ಗ ಸುಖ"

ಅಥವಾ

"ಕಟ್ಟುವುದು ಕಠಿಣ, ಕೆಡಹುವುದು ಸುಲಭ"

VII. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

1. "ಅನ್ ಟು ದಿ ಲಾಸ್ಟ್" ಎಂಬ ಪುಸ್ತಕವನ್ನು ಬರೆದವರು.

A) ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ವಿವೇಕಾನಂದ

B) ರಸ್ಕಿನ್

C) ಗಾಂಧೀಜಿ

D) ಅಂಬೇಡ್ಕರ್

2. "ಇದು ಬಹಳ ಪೂಜ್ಯನೀಯವಾದ ಮಣ್ಣು, ಜಲಿಯನ್ ವಾಲಾಬಾಗ್ ಹತ್ಯಾಕಾಂಡದಲ್ಲಿ ಕುತಾತ್ಮರಾದವರ ರಕ್ತದಿಂದ ಈ ಮಣ್ಣು ಒದ್ದೆಯಾಗಿದೆ" ಎಂದು ಭಗತ್ ಸಿಂಗ್ ಹೇಳಿದ್ದು ತನ್ನ _____

A) ತಂಗಿಗೆ

B) ತಾಯಿಗೆ

C) ತಂದೆಗೆ

D) ತಮ್ಮನಿಗೆ

3. ಒಡೆಯನ ಅಂಗಳದಲಿ ಮೈತುಂಬಿ ನಿಂತ ಮಾವಿನ ಮರಗಳು ber

ರೆಕ್ಕೆ ಬಿಚ್ಚಿ ಹಾರುವ ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳು

ಮನತುಂಬಿ ಹಾಡುವ ಕೋಗಿಲೆಗಳು

ಕಡಲುಕ್ಕಿ ಹರಿಯುವ ಸಂಭ್ರಮ ಇಳಿಗೆ

ಇದಕೇನಾಗಿದೆ ಈ ಪುಟ್ಟ ಪೋರಿಗೆ - ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಭ್ರಮ ಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದು _____

A) ಕೋಗಿಲೆ

B) ಇಳಿ

C) ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳು

D) ಮಾವಿನ ಮರಗಳು

4. ಚೆನ್ನಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿಕಾರ್ಜುನಯ್ಯಾ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಶರಣರ ಸಂಗವ ಮಾಡಿದನೆ - ಏನಾಗಿತ್ತದೆ ಎಂದು ಅಕ್ಕಮಹಾದೇವಿ ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾಳೆ.

- A) ಕರ್ಪೂರದ ಗಿರಿಯನುರಿಯಕೊಂಬಂತೆ B) ಕಲ್ಲು ಹೊಯ್ದು ಕಿಡಿಯ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಬಂತೆ
C) ತಂದು ಸುವರ್ಣವ ಕಡಿದೆ ಅರೆದಂತೆ D) ಸಂದು ಸಂದರು ಕಡಿದು ಕಬ್ಬು ತಂದಂತೆ

5. ಹಾಲುಗಲ್ಲದ ಹಸುಳೆಯ ಕೆಲಸ _____

- A) ಚಿತ್ತಾರ ಬಿಡಿಸಿದ ನವಿಲು ನೋಡುವುದು B) ಬಣ್ಣದ ಚಿಟ್ಟೆ ಯ ನೋಡುವುದು
C) ಹೊರಗೆ ಅಟ ಅಡುವುದು D) ಮುಸುರೆ ಪಾತ್ರೆ ತಿಕ್ಕುವುದು

PART- B: (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

ವಿಭಾಗ-ಸಿ (ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ :- 12 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

VIII. ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾದಕ ವಸ್ತು ಸೇವನೆ ಮಾಡುವುದನ್ನು ನಿಷೇಧಿಸುವಂತೆ ಕೋರಿ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಒಂದು ಮನವಿ ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 1X4=4

ಅಥವಾ

ದಿನಾಂಕ ೨೦-೧೨-೨೦೨೪ ರ ವಿಜಯವಾಣಿ ದಿನಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟವಾದ ಜಾಹೀರಾತಿನ ಮೇರೆಗೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಖಾಲಿ ಇರುವ ಗುಮಾಸ್ತ ಹುದ್ದೆಗೆ, ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು-೦೧ ಇವರಿಗೆ ಒಂದು ಅರ್ಜಿಯನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿ.

IX. ನಿಮ್ಮ ಶಾಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆದ ಕನ್ನಡ ರಾಜ್ಯೋತ್ಸವ ಸಮಾರಂಭವನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಒಂದು ವರದಿಯನ್ನು ತಯಾರಿಸಿ. 1X4=4

X. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ವಿಷಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಒಂದು ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 1X4=4

1. ಪ್ರಾಚ್ಯ ವಸ್ತುಗಳ ಸಂರಕ್ಷಣೆ
2. ಅಕ್ಷರ ದಾಸೋಹ ಮತ್ತು ಕ್ಷೀರಭಾಗ್ಯಗಳ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಮಹತ್ವ
3. ದೇಶದ ಪ್ರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯುವ ಜನತೆಯ ಪಾತ್ರ

ವಿಭಾಗ-ಡಿ

(ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ: 28 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

XI. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಎರಡು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. 4X2=8

1. ರಾಹಿಲನು ಯಾರು? ರಾಹಿಲನು ಮುದುಕಿಯ ಎದುರಿಗೆ ನುಡಿದ ಗಂಭೀರವಾದ ಮಾತು ಯಾವುದು?
2. 'ಹಸುರು' ಎಂಬುದು ಯಾವುದನ್ನು ಕಂಡು ಪ್ರೇರಿತವಾದ ಕವನವಾಗಿದೆ? ಯಾವುದು ಹಸುರು ಗಟ್ಟಿದೆ?
3. ವಿವೇಕಾನಂದರ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ದೇಶದ ಪ್ರಗತಿ ಸ್ಥಿರವಾಗುವುದು ಯಾವಾಗ?
4. ಭಗವಂತನಲ್ಲಿ ಶರಣಾಗುವ ಭಾವ ಅಕ್ಕಮಹಾದೇವಿಯ ವಚನದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಗೆ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಗೊಂಡಿದೆ?

XII. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ 5-6 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

2X3=6

1. ಶಬರಿಯು ರಾಮ ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮಣರನ್ನು ಉಪಚರಿಸಿದ ರೀತಿಯನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
2. ಹಲಗಲಿಯ ಬೇಡರು ದಂಗೆ ಏಳಲು ಕಾರಣವೇನು?

XIII. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂದರ್ಭ ಹಾಗೂ ಸ್ವಾರಸ್ಯದೊಡನೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ.

2X3=6

1. "ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಕಾನೂನುಗಳ ಹರಿಕಾರ"

ಅಥವಾ

"ಹಾಗಾದರೆ ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಮನೆ ಅಗುವವರೆಗೆ ನನಗೂ ಮನೆ ಬೇಡ"

3. "ಪ್ರೀತಿಯ ಹಣತೆಯ ಹಚ್ಚೋಣ"

ಅಥವಾ

"ಅರಸುಗಳ ವಾಜಿಯಂ ಬಿಡು"

XIV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ 8-10 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

1X4=4

1. ಯುದ್ಧದಿಂದಾಗುವ ಅನಾಹುತಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. ಅಥವಾ
ಶಾನುಭೋಗರನ್ನು ರಕ್ಷಿಸುದು ಖರ್ಚು ಪುಸ್ತಕವೇ? ಹುಲಿಯ ಧರ್ಮವೇ? ಸಮರ್ಥನೆಯೊಂದಿಗೆ
ವಿವರಿಸಿ.

XV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ 8-10 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

1X4=4

1. ಪಾಂಡವರು ಸೋದರರೆಂದು ತಿಳಿದಾಗ ಕರ್ಣನ ಮನಸ್ಥಿತಿಯನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ.

ಅಥವಾ

ಲವನ ನಡವಳಿಕೆ ಮೆಚ್ಚುಗೆಯಾಯಿತೇ ಏಕೆ?



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
PRE BOARD EXAMINATION- 2 (2024-25)
SUBJECT - L2 KANNADA (015)

SET-2

Date: 06-01-2025
Class: X
No. of Sides: 08

Marks: 80
Reading time: 8:00 to 8:15 am
Writing Time: 8:15 to 11:15 am

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು:

- ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯು A, B ಎಂಬ ಎರಡು ಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು A, B, C, D ಎಂಬ ನಾಲ್ಕು ವಿಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು, ಒಟ್ಟು 15 ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದೆ.
 - ವಿಭಾಗ- ಎ, ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ.
ಅಪರಿತ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 1 ಮತ್ತು 2.
ಪರಿತ ಗದ್ಯ / ಪದ್ಯಭಾಗ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 3 ಮತ್ತು 4.
 - ವಿಭಾಗ- ಬಿ, ಬಹುಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು (ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 5 ರಿಂದ 7.
 - ವಿಭಾಗ- ಸಿ, ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ (ಪತ್ರ, ವರದಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 8 ರಿಂದ 10.
 - ವಿಭಾಗ- ಡಿ, (ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 11 ರಿಂದ 15.
- *ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸುವ ಮೊದಲು ನೀಡಿರುವ ಸೂಚನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಗಮನಿಸಿ.
- *ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸುವ ಮೊದಲು ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಭಾಗ- A (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	20 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ	15 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	5 ಅಂಕಗಳು
ಭಾಗ- B (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	12 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	28 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಒಟ್ಟು ಅಂಕಗಳು	80 ಅಂಕಗಳು

PART - A (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

ವಿಭಾಗ - ಎ
ಪಾಠಶಾಲೆ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ, 20 ಅಂಕಗಳು

1. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯಾಂಶವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಅತ್ಯರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.
3X1=3

ಪರಿಶುದ್ಧ ಹೃದಯದಲ್ಲಿ ದೇವರು ನೆಲೆಸುವೆನು ಎಂಬುದು ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಧರ್ಮಗಳ ಸಾರವಾಗಿದೆ. ಹೃದಯ ಮನಸ್ಸುಗಳು ಶುದ್ಧವಾದಂತೆ ದೇಹ ಮತ್ತು ಪರಿಸರ ಶುದ್ಧವಾಗಿರಬೇಕು. ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆಯು ಪುಣ್ಯ, ಮನೆ, ರಸ್ತೆ, ಊರು, ನಾಡು, ದೇಶ ಹೀಗೆ ಹಂತ ಹಂತವಾಗಿ ಅನುಷ್ಠಾನಗೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು. ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆಯ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರಾದ ಜನಾಂಗದೊಳಗಿನಿಂದಲೇ ಆಚರಣೆಯಾಗಬೇಕು. ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಅರಸರ ಕಾಲದಿಂದಲೂ ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆಗೆ ಅದ್ವೈತ ನೀಡಿರುವುದು ಕಂಡು ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಜನಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿದಂತೆ ಮಾಲಿನ್ಯ ಹೆಚ್ಚುತ್ತಾ ಅದೊಂದು ಕಳಂಕವಾಗುತ್ತಾ ಬಂದಿತು. ಗಾಂಧೀಜಿಯವರು ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ ಹೋರಾಟದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆಯ ಜಾಗೃತಿ ಮೂಡಿಸಿದರು. ಸ್ವತಃ ಪರಿಶುದ್ಧ ಕೀಟಗಳ ರಸ್ತೆಯ ಕಸವನ್ನು ಗುಡಿಸಿ ಮಾದರಿಯಾದರು. ಸ್ವತಂತ್ರ ಭಾರತದ ಸರ್ಕಾರಗಳು ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆಗಾಗಿ ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು ಯೋಜನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಜಾರಿಗೆ ತಂದವು. 2014 ಅಕ್ಟೋಬರ್ 2ರಂದು ಸ್ವಚ್ಛಭಾರತ ಅಭಿಯಾನ ಮಹಾಜಾಗೃತಿಯನ್ನು ಉಂಟುಮಾಡಿತು. ಭಾರತದ ಪ್ರಧಾನಿ ನರೇಂದ್ರ ಮೋದಿಯವರು ರಾಜಧಾನಿ ರಸ್ತೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕಸ ಗುಡಿಸುವುದರ ಮೂಲಕ ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಚಾಲನೆ ನೀಡಿದರು.

2014ರಿಂದ ಈ ಯೋಜನೆ ಜಾರಿಯಲ್ಲಿತ್ತು. 2019 ಅಕ್ಟೋಬರ್ 2ಕ್ಕೆ ಗಾಂಧೀಜಿಯವರ 150ನೇ ಜನ್ಮದಿನ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ವಚ್ಛಭಾರತವನ್ನು ಗಾಂಧೀಜಿ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡುಗೆಯಾಗಿ ನೀಡುವ ಗುರಿ ಹೊಂದಿತ್ತು. ಬಯಲು ಶೌಚಾಲಯ ಮುಕ್ತ ಭಾರತಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಂತರ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಶೌಚಾಲಯಗಳನ್ನು ನಿರ್ಮಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ. ತ್ಯಾಜ್ಯ ನಿರ್ವಹಣೆಗೆ ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ. ತ್ಯಾಜ್ಯ ವಸ್ತುಗಳ ಪುನರ್ಬಳಕೆಗೆ ಆದ್ಯತೆ ನೀಡಲಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ. ಕೊಳೆಗೇರಿಗಳನ್ನು ನವೀಕರಣಗೊಳಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ. ರಸ್ತೆ, ಊರು, ಪಟ್ಟಣ, ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥನಾ ಸ್ಥಳ, ಶಾಲೆ, ಕಾರ್ಖಾನೆ ಹೀಗೆ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರದೇಶಗಳು ನಿರ್ಮಲಗೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕಿವೆ. ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಜೊತೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರೂ ಪಾಲ್ಗೊಂಡಾಗ ಯೋಜನೆಯು ನಿಶ್ಚಿತ ಗುರಿಯನ್ನು ತಲುಪುತ್ತದೆ.

ಯುವಕರು ಮತ್ತು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಸ್ವಚ್ಛಭಾರತ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಅಭಿಯಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿ ತಮ್ಮ ಸೇವೆಯನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಬಹುದಾಗಿದೆ. ಮೊದಲು ಸ್ವಶುಚಿತ್ವ ಹೊಂದಿರಬೇಕು, ಮನೆಯ ಪರಿಸರ ಶುಚಿಯಾಗಿರಬೇಕು, ಶಾಲಾ ಕಾಲೇಜುಗಳ ಕೊಠಡಿ, ಗ್ರಂಥಾಲಯ, ಪ್ರಯೋಗಾಲಯ ನೀರಿನ ಪ್ರದೇಶ, ಆಟದ ಮೈದಾನ, ಕೈದೋಟಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ವಚ್ಛ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿರಬೇಕು; ತಾವು ಶೌಚಾಲಯ ಬಳಸಿದಾಗ ಮತ್ತೊಬ್ಬರು ಬಳಸಲು ಯೋಗ್ಯವಾಗಿರುವಂತೆ ನೋಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು. ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆಯ ಸ್ಪರ್ಧೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮತ್ತು ಜಾಗೃತಿ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪಾಲ್ಗೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು.

"ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆ ಎಲ್ಲಿದೆಯೋ ಅಲ್ಲಿದೆ ಆರೋಗ್ಯ". ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆಯ ಆಂದೋಲನದಿಂದ ಜನರ ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ಉತ್ತಮವಾಗುವುದರ ಜೊತೆಗೆ ದೇಶದ ಸೌಂದರ್ಯ ಹೆಚ್ಚುವುದು. ಪ್ರವಾಸೋದ್ಯಮ ಉತ್ತಮವಾಗುವುದು. ವಿಶ್ವಮಟ್ಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಭಾರತದ ಗೌರವ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗುವುದು. ಗಾಂಧೀಜಿಯವರು ಕಂಡ ಸ್ವಚ್ಛ ಭಾರತ ಕನಸನ್ನು ನನಸಾಗಿಸುವುದು ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಭಾರತೀಯರ ಜವಾಬ್ದಾರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:

ಸ್ವಚ್ಛಭಾರತ ಅಭಿಯಾನ ಮಹಾಜಾಗೃತಿಯನ್ನು ಉಂಟುಮಾಡಿದ ವರ್ಷ _____
(A) 2014 (B) 2010 (C) 2012 (D) 2011

ಆರೋಗ್ಯವು _____ಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮನೆ ಮಾಡಿರುತ್ತದೆ.
(A) ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ (B) ಸಂಪತ್ತು (C) ಸ್ವಚ್ಛತೆ (D) ರಾಜಕೀಯ

3. ಸ್ವಚ್ಛಭಾರತದ ಕನಸನ್ನು ಕಂಡವರು _____

- (A) ನೆಹರೂ (B) ಗಾಂಧೀಜಿ (C) ಮಲೇಂದ್ರ ಜೋಷಿ (D) ವೀಣೇಶ್‌ವರನ್

4. ದೇವರು ಪರಿಶುದ್ಧನಾದ _____ ಲ್ಲಿ ನೆಲೆಸಿರುತ್ತಾನೆ

- (A) ಕಣ್ಣಲ್ಲಿ (B) ಮನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ (C) ಹೃದಯದಲ್ಲಿ (D) ತಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ

5. ಸ್ವಚ್ಛಭಾರತ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಅಭಿಯಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿ ತಮ್ಮ ಸೇವೆಯನ್ನು ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುವವರು

- (A) ಹಿರಿಯರು- ಕಿರಿಯರು (B) ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳು- ವಯಸ್ಕಾದವರು
(C) ಯುವಕರು- ಮುದುಕರು (D) ಯುವಕರು- ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳು

II. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯಾಂಶವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

'ಜೋಗ ಗೇರುಸೊಪ್ಪಿನ ಜಲಪಾತ' ಪ್ರಪಂಚದ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ಜಲಪಾತಗಳಲ್ಲೊಂದು. ಇದು ಭಾರತದ ಉತ್ತರದ ಅತಿ ಎತ್ತರದ ಜಲಪಾತ. ಇದು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಉತ್ತರ ಕನ್ನಡ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಸಿದ್ಧಾಪುರ ತಾಲೂಕಿನ ದಟ್ಟವಾದ ಕಾಡು ಹಾಗೂ ಗುಡ್ಡಗಳಿಂದ ಆವೃತವಾದ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿದೆ. ಜೋಗ ಜಲಪಾತವನ್ನು ವೀಕ್ಷಿಸುವ ತಾಣ ಜೋಗವು ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಸಾಗರ ತಾಲೂಕಿನಲ್ಲಿದೆ. ಇದು ಒಂದು ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಪ್ರವಾಸಿ ತಾಣ. ಜೋಗ ಜಲಪಾತವು ಸುಮಾರು 292 ಮೀಟರ್ ಎತ್ತರದಿಂದ ಭೋರ್ಗರೆಯುತ್ತಾ, ಶರಾವತಿ ನದಿಯ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಸೀಳಾಗಿ ಧುಮುಕುತ್ತದೆ. ವೈಭವದಿಂದ ಅವ್ಯಾಹತವಾಗಿ ಧುಮುಕುವ ರಾಜ, ಜೋರಾಗಿ ಆರ್ಭಟಿಸುತ್ತ ಹಲವಾರು ಭಾರಿ ಚಿಮ್ಮುತ್ತ, ಧುಮುಕುವ ರೋರರ್, ಬಳಕುತ್ತಾ ಜಾರುವ ರಾಣಿ ಮತ್ತು ರಭಸದಿಂದ ಹಲವಾರು ಬಂಡೆಗಳನ್ನು ತಾಕಿ ಚಿಮ್ಮುತ್ತಾ ನಗುವ ರಾಕೆಟ್ ಈ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಜಲಪಾತದ ಭಾಗಗಳಾಗಿವೆ. ಮಳೆಗಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಅತ್ಯಂತ ರಮಣೀಯ ರೂಪ ತೊಡುವ ಈ ಜಲಪಾತ ಬೆಳಿ ಮೋಡಗಳ ಹಿಂದೆ ಕಣ್ಣು-ಮುಚ್ಚಾಲೆ ಆಡುತ್ತ, ನೋಡುಗರ ಕಣ್ಣಿನ ಸೆಳೆಯುವುದು. ಲಿಂಗನಮಕ್ಕಿ, ಜಲಾಶಯದ ನಿರ್ಮಾಣದ ನಂತರ ಜೋಗ ತನ್ನ ಮೊದಲಿನ ಸೌಂದರ್ಯ ಹಾಗೂ ವೈಭವವನ್ನು ಕಳೆದುಕೊಂಡಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಅನೇಕರು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ನಾಲ್ಕು ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ ಬಿರುಕುಗಳಿಂದ ನದಿ ರಭಸದಿಂದ ಇಳಿದು ಕಮರಿಗೆ ಬೀಳುತ್ತದೆ. ಅದು ಧುಮುಕುವ ರೀತಿ ಮನಮೋಹಕವಾದದ್ದು. ಜಲಪಾತದ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಕವಲುಗಳ ಪೈಕಿ ಮೊದಲನೆಯದು ರಾಜಾ, ಸುಮಾರು 829 ಅಡಿ ಆಳಕ್ಕೆ ಧುಮುಕುತ್ತದೆ. ರಾಜಾ ಬೀಳುತ್ತಿರುವಂತೆಯೇ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಬಂಡೆಯ ಬಿರುಕಿನಿಂದ ಹರಿದು ಬೀಳುವ ಉತ್ತರದ ಧಾರೆ ರೋರರ್ ಜಲಪಾತವನ್ನು ಅಪ್ಪಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಕಮರಿಗೆ ಬೀಳುತ್ತದೆ. ಮೂರನೆಯ ಜಲಪಾತ ರಾಕೆಟ್ ಬಂಡೆಯ ಮೇಲಿನಿಂದ ಹಲವು ಧಾರೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಚಿಮ್ಮಿ ತಳಕ್ಕೆ ಕುಪ್ಪಳಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ನಾಲ್ಕನೆಯ ರಾಣಿ ಜಲಪಾತ ಬೀಳುವ ರಭಸದಿಂದೇಳುವ ನೊರೆಯಿಂದ ತುಂಬಿ ಸೊಗಸುಗಾತಿಯಂತೆ ಪ್ರಪಾತಕ್ಕೆ ಇಳಿಯುತ್ತದೆ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:

1. ಜೋಗಜಲಪಾತವು _____ ನದಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ್ದಾಗಿದೆ.

- (A) ಗೋದಾವರಿ (B) ಶರಾವತಿ (C) ಕೃಷ್ಣಾ (D) ಕಾಳೀ

2. ಜೋಗ ತನ್ನ ಮೊದಲಿನ ಸೌಂದರ್ಯ ಹಾಗೂ ವೈಭವವನ್ನು ಕಳೆದುಕೊಂಡಿರುವುದು _____ ಜಲಾಶಯ ನಿರ್ಮಾಣವಾದ ಮೇಲೆ.

- (A) ಕೆ.ಆರ್.ಎಸ್ (B) ಲಕ್ಕವಳ್ಳಿ (C) ಹೊಸಪೇಟೆ (D) ಲಿಂಗನಮಕ್ಕಿ

3. ಜೋಗ ಜಲಪಾತಕ್ಕೆ ಹೀಗೂ ಕರೆಯುವರು _____ ಜಲಪಾತ

- (A) ಗೇರುಸೊಪ್ಪಿನ (B) ಶಿವನಸಮುದ್ರ (C) ಅಬ್ಬೆಫಾಲ್ಸ್ (D) ಕಮ್ಮಣ್ಣುಗುಂಡಿ

4. ಜೋಗಜಲಪಾತವನ್ನು ವೀಕ್ಷಿಸುವ ತಾಣ ಇರುವುದು _____

ಶಾಶ್ವತಕಿರಣಿ

(A) ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ, ಬಿಲ್ಕಿಯ ಸಾಗರ

(B) ಉತ್ತರ ಕನ್ನಡ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಸಿರಾಪುರ

(C) ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಕನ್ನಡ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಬಂಟ್ವಾಳ

(D) ಉಡುಪಿ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಕುಂಬಾಪುರ

5. ಜೋಗಜಲಪಾತದಲ್ಲಿ ಬೀಳುವ ಜಲಧಾರೆಗಳನ್ನು ಅನುಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

(A) ರಾಜಾ, ರೋರರ್, ರಾಕೆಟ್, ರಾಣಿ

(B) ರಾಕೆಟ್, ರೋರರ್, ರಾಜಾ, ರಾಣಿ

(C) ರಾಜಾ, ರಾಣಿ, ರಾಕೆಟ್, ರೋರರ್

(D) ರಾಕೆಟ್, ರೋರರ್, ರಾಣಿ, ರಾಜಾ

III. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸಾ ರಾ ಅಬೂಬಕ್ಕರ್ ಅವರು ಬರೆದಿರುವ 'ಯುದ್ಧ' ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆಗಾಗಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 5X1=5

ಒಂದೆರಡು ದಿನಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ರಾಹಿಲ ಮತ್ತು ಮುದುಕಿಯ ನಡುವೆ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸ ಮೂಡಿತು. ಇಬ್ಬರೂ ಪರಸ್ಪರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸುಖ ದುಃಖಗಳನ್ನು ಹಂಚಿಕೊಂಡರು. ಮುದುಕಿಯೇ ಮೊದಲು ತನ್ನ ಕಡತ ಬಿಚ್ಚಿದಳು.

"ನೋಡಪ್ಪಾ, ನಾನು ಈ ಊರಿಗೆ ಬಂದು ಐವತ್ತು ವರ್ಷಗಳಾದರೂ ಆಗಿರಬಹುದು ಮದುವೆಯಾಗಿ ನವ ವಧುವಾಗಿ ಈ ಊರನ್ನು ಪ್ರವೇಶಿಸಿದೆ. ಕೆಲವು ಕಾಲ ನಮ್ಮದಿಯಿಂದಲೇ ಇದ್ದೆವು. ಜಮೀನು ಆಸ್ತಿ ನಮಗೆ ಸಾಕಾಗುವಷ್ಟಿತ್ತು. ಈಗಲೂ ಇದೆಯನ್ನು. ಆದರೆ ನಮ್ಮದಿಯಿಂದ ಬದುಕಲು ಈ ಜನ ಬಿಡಬೇಕಲ್ಲ? ಯುದ್ಧವಂತೆ ಯುದ್ಧ" ತಿರಸ್ಕಾರದಿಂದ ನುಡಿದಳು ಮುದುಕಿ. "ಆಗಲೂ ಯುದ್ಧವಾಗಿತ್ತು ಅಜ್ಜಿ?" ರಾಹಿಲ ಕೇಳಿದನು.

"ಹೂಂ... ಆಗ ಈ ಊರು ಆ ದೇಶದವರ ಕೈಯಲ್ಲಿತ್ತು. ಅವರ ಧರ್ಮ ಬೇರೆ ನಮ್ಮ ಧರ್ಮ ಬೇರೆ ಎಂಬ ಕಾರಣಕ್ಕೆ ಆಗ ಯುದ್ಧ ಮಾಡಿದರು. ಸಾವಿರಗಟ್ಟಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಜನರು ಪ್ರಾಣ ತೆತ್ತ ಬಳಿಕ ಯುದ್ಧ ನಿಂತು ಈ ಊರು ಈ ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿತು. ಊರೇನೋ ಕೈ ಬದಲಾಯಿಸಿತು. ಆದರೇನು? ನಮ್ಮ ಬದುಕಿನಲ್ಲೇನಾದರೂ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವಾಗಿದೆಯೇ? ನಾವು ಬೆವರಿಳಿಸಿ ದುಡಿದದ್ದನ್ನೇ ಕೊಂಡು ಹೋದರೆ ಹಾಳಾಗಲಿ ಎಂದು ಸುಮ್ಮನಿರಬಹುದಾಗಿತ್ತು. ಮನೆಯ ಮಕ್ಕಳನ್ನೂ ಯುದ್ಧಕ್ಕೆ ಕರೆದೊಯ್ಯುತ್ತಾರಲ್ಲಾ? ಇವರ ಮನೆ ಹಾಳಾಗಲಿ" ನೆಲಕ್ಕೆ ಕೈ ಬಡಿದು ಶಪಿಸಿದಳು ಮುದುಕಿ.

"ಈಗ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಮಗನಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಾನಮ್ಮಾ?" ರಾಹಿಲ ಕೇಳಿದನು.

"ಯುದ್ಧಕ್ಕೆ ಹೋಗಿದ್ದಾನೆ! ನನ್ನ ಮಗನಿನ್ನೂ ಚಿಕ್ಕ ಹುಡುಗನಾಗಿದ್ದಾಗ ಯುದ್ಧಕ್ಕೆ ಹೋದ ಅವನ ತಂದೆ ಹಿಂತಿರುಗಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಎದೆ ತುಂಬ ಬೂದಿ ಮುಚ್ಚಿದ ಕೆಂಡ, ಎದೆಯ ಗಾಯ ಇಂದಿಗೂ ಇದೆ, ನೋಡು. ಎಲ್ಲ ದುಃಖ ನುಂಗಿಕೊಂಡು ಮಗನನ್ನು ಸಾಕಿ ಸಲಹಿದೆ. ಮದುವೆಯನ್ನೂ ಮಾಡಿದೆ. ಈಗ ಐದಾರು ವರ್ಷಗಳ ಬಳಿಕ ಸೊಸೆ ಗರ್ಭಿಣಿಯಾದಳು. ಮನೆಯಲ್ಲೊಂದು ಪುಟ್ಟ ಮಗುವಿನ ಅಳು ಕೇಳಲು ನನ್ನ ಮಗನು ತುದಿಗಾಲಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಂತು ಕಾಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದನು. ಅಷ್ಟರಲ್ಲಿ ಬಂತು ಯುದ್ಧ! ಅವನೊಮ್ಮೆ ಹಿಂತಿರುಗಿ ಬಂದಿದ್ದರೆ ಸಾಕಾಗಿತ್ತು. ಈ ವಿಷಯ ತಿಳಿದು ಅವನಷ್ಟು ಸಂಕಟ ಪಡುತ್ತಾನೋ..." ಕೊನೆಯ ಮಾತನ್ನು ಹೇಳುವಾಗ ಮುದುಕಿಯ ಕಂಠ ಗದ್ದದವಾಗಿ ಮುಂದೆ ಮಾತೇ ಹೊರಡಲಿಲ್ಲ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು :

1. ಜಮೀನು ಆಸ್ತಿ ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಸಾಕಾಗುವಷ್ಟಿತ್ತು?
2. ಯುದ್ಧದ ಬಗೆಗೆ ಜನ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯರಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ಭಾವನೆಯಿದೆ?
3. ಮುದುಕಿಯು ನೆಲಕ್ಕೆ ಕೈ ಬಡಿದು ಏಕೆ ಶಪಿಸಿದಳು?
4. ಎರಡು ದೇಶಗಳ ನಡುವೆ ಯುದ್ಧ ಉಂಟಾಗಲು ಕಾರಣವೇನು?
5. ಪುಟ್ಟ ಮಗುವಿನ ಅಳು ಕೇಳಲು ತುದಿಗಾಲಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಂತು ಕಾಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದವರು ಯಾರು?

V. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಜಿ.ಎಸ್. ಶಿವರುದ್ರಪ್ಪ ಅವರು ಬರೆದಿರುವ ಸಂಕಲ್ಪಗೀತೆ ಪದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಕೆಳ=5

ಸುತ್ತಲು ಕವಿಯುವ ಕತ್ತಲೆಯೊಳಗೆ

ಪ್ರೀತಿಯ ಹಣತೆಯ ಹಚ್ಚೋಣ

ವಿರುಗಾಳಿಗೆ ಹೊಯ್ಯಾಡುವ ಹಡಗನ್ನು

ಎಚ್ಚರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮುನ್ನಡೆಸೋಣ ||೧||

ಕಲುಷಿತವಾದೀ ನದೀಜಲಗಳಿಗೆ

ಮುಂಗಾರಿನ ಮಳೆಯಾಗೋಣ

ಬರಡಾಗಿರುವ ಕಾಡುಮೇಡುಗಳ

ವಸಂತವಾಗುತ್ತ ಮುಟ್ಟೋಣ || ೨ ||

ಬಿದ್ದುವನ್ನು ಮೇಲೆಬ್ಬಿಸಿ ನಿಲ್ಲಿಸಿ

ಹೊಸ ಭರವಸೆಗಳ ಕಟ್ಟೋಣ.

ಮನುಷ್ಯರ ನಡುವಣ ಅಡ್ಡಗೋಡೆಗಳ

ಕೆಡವುತ್ತ ಸೇತುವೆಯಾಗೋಣ. || ೩ ||

ಮತಗಳೆಲ್ಲವೂ ಪಥಗಳು ಎನ್ನುವ

ಹೊಸ ಎಚ್ಚರದೊಳು ಬದುಕೋಣ

ಭಯ-ಸಂಶಯದೊಳು ಕಂದಿದ ಕಣ್ಣೊಳು

ನಾಳಿನ ಕನಸನ್ನು ಬಿತ್ತೋಣ ||೪||

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು :

1. ಎಚ್ಚರದಿಂದ ಯಾವುದನ್ನು ಮುನ್ನಡೆಸಬೇಕು?
2. ಕಲುಷಿತ ನದೀಜಲಗಳಿಗೆ ಎಂತಹ ಮಳೆಯಾಗಬೇಕು?
3. ಹೊಸ ಭರವಸೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ಕಟ್ಟಬೇಕು?
4. ನಾಳಿನ ಕನಸನ್ನು ಎಲ್ಲಿ ಬಿತ್ತಬೇಕು?
5. ಕಾಡುಮೇಡುಗಳ ಸ್ಥಿತಿ ಹೇಗಿದೆ?

ವಿಭಾಗ-ಬಿ

(ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ- 20ಅಂಕಗಳು)

V. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಬಹುಆಯ್ಕೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

10X1=10

1. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸಂಧಿ - ಸಂಧಿ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1. ಲೋಪ ಸಂಧಿ | a. ಗೋವನ್ನು |
| 2. ಆಗಮ ಸಂಧಿ | b. ಯುದ್ಧೋತ್ಸಾಹ |
| 3. ಗುಣ ಸಂಧಿ | c. ಕಾಲಿಂದ |
| 4. ವೃದ್ಧಿ ಸಂಧಿ | d. ಭಾವೈಕ್ಯ |

- | | | | |
|-----------|-------|-------|------|
| (A) 1- a | 2- b, | 3- c, | 4- d |
| (B) 1- d, | 2- c, | 3- b, | 4- a |
| (C) 1- c, | 2- a, | 3- b, | 4- d |
| (D) 1- b, | 2- a, | 3- c, | 4- d |

2. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪದಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಸಮಾಸ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

- (1) ತಲೆನೋವು- ತತ್ಪುರುಷ ಸಮಾಸ
(3) ಸಪ್ತಸಾಗರ- ದ್ವಿಗು ಸಮಾಸ

- (2) ಹೊಸಗನ್ನಡ- ಕ್ರಿಯಾ ಸಮಾಸ
(4) ರಾಮಲಕ್ಷ್ಮಣರು-ಕರ್ಮಧಾರೆಯ ಸಮಾಸ

- (A) 1 ಮತ್ತು 3 (B) 2 ಮತ್ತು 3 (C) 1 ಮತ್ತು 2 (D) 3 ಮತ್ತು 4

3. 'ಕಾಲಮುಂ' ಎಂಬ ಪದವು ಪ್ರಥಮಾ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿಯಾದರೆ 'ಮನದೊಳ' ಎಂಬ ಪದವು ಈ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿಯಾಗಿದೆ.

- (A) ತ್ವತೀಯಾ (B) ಸಪ್ತಮಿ (C) ಪ್ರಥಮಾ (D) ಚತುರ್ಥಿ

4. ಕೃಷ್ಣ, ಗಂಗೆ : ಅಂಕಿತನಾಮ :: ಕುಂಟೆ, ಮೈದ್ಯ : _____

- (A) ಸರ್ವನಾಮ (B) ರೂಢನಾಮ (C) ಅನ್ವರ್ಥ ನಾಮ (D) ಆತ್ಮಾರ್ಥಕ ನಾಮ

5. 'ಮಕ್ಕಳು ಶಾಲೆಯಿಂದ ಪ್ರವಾಸಕ್ಕೆ ಹೋಗುವರು' - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದದ ಧಾತು

- (A) ಮಕ್ಕಳು (B) ಹೋಗು (C) ಹೋಗುವರು (D) ಶಾಲೆಯಿಂದ

6. 'ಹುಲಿ- ಉಲಿ' ಈ ಪದಗಳ ಅರ್ಥವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸಗಳ ಕ್ರಮ ಹೀಗಿವೆ.

- (A) ಮಾತು- ವ್ಯಾಘ್ರ (B) ಮಾಂಸ- ಪ್ರಾಣಿ
(C) ಆಕಾಶ- ಭೂಮಿ (D) ವ್ಯಾಘ್ರ- ಮಾತು

7. 'ಅಬ್ಬಿ' - ಈ ಪದದ ಸಮಾನಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದ _____

- (A) ಆಕಾಶ (B) ಸಮುದ್ರ (C) ಭೂಮಿ (D) ಕುದುರೆ

8. 'ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಇತ್ತೀಚೆಗೆ ಭಾರೀ ಪ್ರವಾಹವಾಯಿತು. ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಗೆರೆ ಎಳೆದ ಪದವು _____ ಆಗಿದೆ.

- (A) ವಸ್ತುವಾಚಕ (B) ಗುಣವಾಚಕ (C) ನಾಮವಾಚಕ (D) ದಿಗ್ವಾಚಕ

9. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ತತ್ಸಮ - ತದ್ಭವಗಳ ಸರಿಯಾದ ರೂಪವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

- 1) ವೀರ- ಬೀರ 2) ವಂಧ್ಯಾ- ಸಂಧ್ಯಾ
3) ಅಡವಿ- ಅಂಗಳ 4) ವಿಜ್ಞಾಪನೆ- ಬಿನ್ನಪ

- (A) 1 ಮತ್ತು 2 (B) 1 ಮತ್ತು 4 (C) 3 ಮತ್ತು 4 (D) 2 ಮತ್ತು 3

10. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪದಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಗುಂಪಿಗೆ ಸೇರದ ಪದವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

- (A) ಮೊತ್ತಮೊದಲು (B) ಪಟಪಟ (C) ಸರಸರ (D) ದಬದಬ

VI. ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳನ್ನು ಸೂಚನೆಯಂತೆ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

1. 'ಬ್ರಿಟೀಷರು ಕಂಡ ಕಂಡಲ್ಲಿ ಗುಂಡು ಹೊಡೆದರು' - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಭವಿಷ್ಯತ್ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

2. 'ರವಿಯು ಎಂಜಿನಿಯರ್ ಆಗಿ ನೇಮಕಗೊಂಡನು' - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಸಂಭಾವನಾರ್ಥಕ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

3. 'ಶಬರಿಯು ರಾಮಲಕ್ಷ್ಮಣರಿಗೆ ಸವಿಯಾದ ಹಣ್ಣುಗಳನ್ನು ನೀಡುವಳು' - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಕರ್ಮಣಿ ಪ್ರಯೋಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

4. 'ಕಕ್ಕಾಬಿಕ್ಕಿ' - ಈ ನುಡಿಗಟ್ಟಿನ ಪದವನ್ನು ಬಳಸಿ ಸ್ವಂತ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗಾದೆ ಮಾತಿನ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

‘ಕುಂಬಾರನಿಗೆ ವರುಷ ದೊಡ್ಡಗೆ ನಿಮಿಷ’
ಅಥವಾ

‘ತಾಳಿದವನು ಬಾಳಿಯಾನು’

VII. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಾಲು, ಅಂತ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು ಅರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

3X1=3

1. ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗೆ ಶಾಸನಗಳನ್ನು ರಚಿಸುವುದರಲ್ಲಿ ಅವಕಾಶಗಳನ್ನು ನೀಡುವ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ _____
(A) ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ (B) ಅಭಿವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ
(C) ಕ್ರಿಯಾ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ (D) ರಾಜಕೀಯ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ
2. ‘ಅನಾಟು ದಿ ಲಾಸ್ತ್’ ಪುಸ್ತಕವನ್ನು ಸರ್ಪೋದಯ ಎಂಬ ಹೆಸರಿನಿಂದ ಗುಜರಾತ್ ಭಾಷೆಗೆ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ ಮಾಡಿದವರು _____
(A) ಗಾಂಧೀಜಿ (B) ರಸ್ಕಿನ್ (C) ವಿವೇಕಾನಂದ (D) ಅಂಬೇಡ್ಕರ್
3. ಪುಟ್ಟಿ _____ ನ್ನು ಕಂಡು ಮೂಕವಿಸ್ಮಿತಳಾದಳು.
(A) ಯಜಮಾನ (B) ತಾಯಿಯ (C) ಬಾಲ ರವಿಯ (D) ತೋರಣವ
4. ಯಾರ ಸಂಗವ ಮಾಡಿದಡೆ ಕರ್ಪುರದ ಗಿರಿಯನುರಿಯಕೊಂಬಂತೆ?
(A) ಬಲ್ಲವರ (B) ಶಿವಶರಣರ (C) ಬುದ್ಧಿವಂತರ (D) ಭಕ್ತರ
5. _____ ತಂದು ಕಡಿದೊರೆದಡೆದರೂ ಬೆಂದು ಕಳಂಕ ಹಿಡಿಯದಿರುವುದು.
(A) ಚಂದನ (B) ಕಬ್ಬು (C) ಸುವರ್ಣ (D) ಮೊಸರು

PART- B: (40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

ವಿಭಾಗ-ಸಿ

(ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ : 12 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

VIII. ನಿಮ್ಮ ಬಡಾವಣೆಯ ಕಸ ವಿಲೇವಾರಿ ಮಾಡುವಂತೆ ಕೋರಿ ಬಿ.ಬಿ.ಎಂ.ಪಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಒಂದು ಮನವಿ ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

1X4=4

ಅಥವಾ

ದಿನಾಂಕ ೦೫-೦೧-೨೦೨೫ ರ ಪ್ರಜಾವಾಣಿ ದಿನಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟವಾದ ಜಾಹೀರಾತಿನ ಮೇರೆಗೆ “ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಗಳು, ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥನಾ ಮಹಾವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು- ೦೧” ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಖಾಲಿ ಇರುವ ಕನ್ನಡ ಉಪನ್ಯಾಸಕ ಹುದ್ದೆಗೆ ಅರ್ಜಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

IX. ನಿಮ್ಮ ಶಾಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಜರುಗಿದ ‘ಪರಿಸರ ದಿನಾಚರಣೆ’ಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಒಂದು ವರದಿ ತಯಾರಿಸಿ.

1X4=4

X. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ವಿಷಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಒಂದು ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

1X4=4

1. ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಭಾವೈಕ್ಯತೆ
2. ಮಹಿಳಾ ಸಬಲೀಕರಣ
3. ನನ್ನ ನೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಕ್ರೀಡೆ

ವಿಭಾಗ-ಡಿ
(ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ: 28 ಅಂಕಗಳು)

XI. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಎರಡು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

4X2=8

1. ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ, ವಿಶ್ವಶ್ರದೆಯು ಅವರು ಏನೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ?
2. ಹಡಗನ್ನು ಯಾವುದರ ಬೆಳಕಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಮುನ್ನಡೆಸಬೇಕಿದೆ?
3. ಯಾರಿಗೆ ವಸಂತ ಮುಖ ತೋರಲಿಲ್ಲ? ಪುಟ್ಟಿಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳೇನು?
4. ಭಗತ್ ಸಿಂಗ್, ಜಲಿಯನ್ ವಾಲಾಬಾಗ್ ನ ಮಣ್ಣಿನ ಕುರಿತು ತನ್ನ ತಂಗಿಗೆ ಏನೆಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಾನೆ?

XII. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ 5-6 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

2X3=6

1. ಶಾನ್ತಭೋಗರು ಮೂರ್ಛೆಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಾಗ ನಡೆದ ಘಟನೆಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
2. ಕುದುರೆಯನ್ನು ಕಟ್ಟುವ ವಿಚಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮುನಿಸುತರಿಗೂ ಲವನಿಗೂ ನಡೆದ ಸಂವಾದವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

XIII. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂದರ್ಭ ಹಾಗೂ ಸ್ವಾರಸ್ಯದೊಡನೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ.

2X3=6

1. "ರೂಪಿನಂತೆ ಮಾತು ಕೂಡ ಎನಿತುದಾರವಾಗಿದೆ"

ಅಥವಾ

"ಯುದ್ಧಕ್ಕೆ ಹೋದ ತನ್ನ ಮಗನ ಕಣ್ಣುಗಳಂತೆಯೇ ಇವೆಯಲ್ಲ?"

2. "ಮಾರಿಗೌತಣವಾಯ್ತು ನಾಳಿನ ಭಾರತವು"

ಅಥವಾ

"ಬೇರೆ ಬಣ್ಣವನೆ ಕಾಣ"

XIV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ 8-10 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

1X4=4

1. ಕವಿ ಸಿದ್ಧಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ ಹೇಳಿದ ಕಥೆಯನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಅಥವಾ

ನಾಲ್ವಡಿ ಕೃಷ್ಣರಾಜ ಒಡೆಯರ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಮೈಸೂರು 'ಮಾದರಿ ಮೈಸೂರು ರಾಜ್ಯ' ಹೇಗಾಯಿತು?

XV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ 8-10 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

1X4=4

1. ಹಲಗಲಿ ದಂಗೆಯ ಪರಿಣಾಮವೇನು?

ಅಥವಾ

'ಹಸುರು' ಕವನದ ರೀತ್ಯ ಎಲ್ಲೆಲ್ಲಿ ಹಸುರು ವ್ಯಾಪಿಸಿದೆ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ.



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
II Pre Board Examination (2024-2025)
Subject : Mathematics- Basic (241)
SET I

Class: X
Date: 11.01.2025
No of printed sides: 7

Max. Marks: 80
Reading time : 8:00-8:15am
Writing time: 8:15-11:15am

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

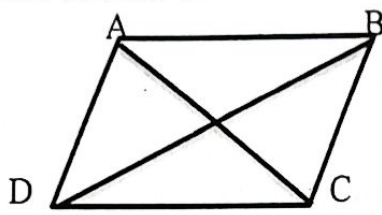
Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

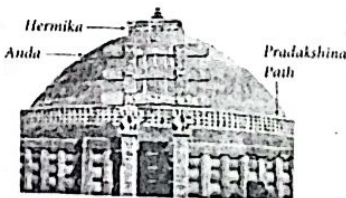
- This question paper contains 38 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- This question paper is divided into five sections – A,B,C,D and E.
- In section -A question number 1 to 18 are multiple choice questions(MCQs) and question number 19 and 20 are Assertion-Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
- In section-B questions number 21 to 25 are short answer(VSA) type questions, carrying 2 marks each.
- In section-C questions number 26 to 31 are short answer(SA) type questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- In section-D questions number 32 to 35 are very Long answer(LA) type questions, carrying 5 marks each.
- In section-E questions number 36 to 38 are Case study-based questions carrying 4 marks each. Internal choice is provided in 2 marks questions in each case study.
- There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in 2 questions in section-B, 2 questions in section-C, 2 questions in section-D 3 questions in section-E.
- Draw neat diagrams wherever required. Take $\pi = 22/7$ wherever required, if not stated.
- Use of calculator is NOT allowed.

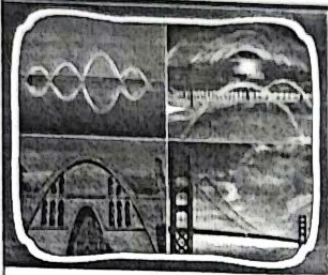
SINo	Section A This section has 20 questions of 1 mark each	Marks
1.	If two integers a and b are expressible in the form $a = pq^2$ and $b = p^3q$; p, q being prime numbers, then LCM (a, b) is: a) pq b) p^3q^3 c) p^3q^2 d) p^2q^2	1
2.	The zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 + 99x + 127$ are a) both positive b) both negative c) one positive and one negative d) both equal	1
3.	The largest number that will divide 398,436 and 542 leaving remainders 7,11 and 15 respectively is: a) 17 b) 11 c) 34 d) 45	1

4.	The graph of the equation $2x + 3y = 5$ is: a) vertical line b) straight line c) horizontal line d) none of these	1
5.	The roots of the quadratic equation, $x^2 - 9x + 20 = 0$ are: a) 3, 4 b) 4, 5 c) 5, 6 d) 6, 7	1
6.	The value of $b^2 - 4ac$ for equation $3x^2 - 7x + 2 = 0$ is: a) 49 b) 0 c) 25 d) 73	1
7.	The sum of the first 50 multiples of 3 is: a) 3255 b) 3825 c) 4325 d) 4455	1
8.	If 7 th and 13 th terms of an A.P. are 34 and 64, respectively, then its 18 th term is: a) 87 b) 88 c) 89 d) 90	1
9.	In $\triangle ABC$, $DE \parallel AB$. If $CD = 3$ cm, $EC = 4$ cm, $BE = 6$ cm, then DA is equal to a) 7.5 cm b) 3 cm c) 4.5 cm d) 6 cm	1
10.	In $\triangle DEF$, $GH \parallel EF$ cutting DE in G and DF in H . If $DE = 16.5$ cm, $DH = 5$ cm, $HF = 6$ cm, then $GE =$ _____ cm a) 9 b) 10 c) 7.5 d) 8	1
11.	In trapezium $ABCD$ a line EF cuts the diagonal AC in O such that $\frac{AO}{AC} = \frac{2}{3}$ and $EF \parallel BC$. In what ratio does EF cut AB and CD ? a) 1:2 b) 3:4 c) 2:3 d) 1:4	1
12.	The distance between the points $(3, 4)$ and $(8, -6)$ is: a) $2\sqrt{5}$ units b) $3\sqrt{5}$ units c) $\sqrt{5}$ units d) $5\sqrt{5}$ units	1
13.	$\sin 2B = 2 \sin B$ is true when B is equal to a) 90° b) 60° c) 30° d) 0°	1
14.	If $\triangle ABC$ is right angled at C , then the value of $\cos (A + B)$ is a) 0 b) 1 c) $\frac{1}{2}$ d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
15.	A tangent is drawn from a point at a distance of 17 cm from the centre of circle $C(0, r)$ of radius 8 cm. The length of its tangent is: a) 5 cm b) 9 cm c) 15 cm d) 23 cm	1
16.	The curved surface area of glass having radii 3 cm and 4 cm respectively and slant height 10 cm is: a) 55 cm^2 b) 110 cm^2 c) 220 cm^2 d) 440 cm^2	1
17.	In the given data if $n = 230$, $l = 40$, $cf = 76$, $h = 10$, $f = 65$, then its median is a) 40 b) 46 c) 47 d) 48	1
18.	Which of the following can not be the probability of an event? a) 0.1 b) $\frac{1}{3}$ c) $\frac{17}{16}$ d) 5%	1

	Direction for questions 19 & 20: In question numbers 19 and 20, Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are given. Select the correct option from the following.													
19.	Assertion: The H.C.F. of two numbers is 16 and their product is 3072. Then their L.C.M. = 162. Reason: If a and b are two positive integers, then $H.C.F. \times L.C.M. = a \times b$. a) Both assertion(A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A). b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A) c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false. d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.	1												
20.	Assertion: A line drawn parallel to any one side of a triangle intersects the other two sides proportionally. Reason: Parallel lines cannot be drawn to any one side of a triangle. a) Both assertion(A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A). b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A) c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false. d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.	1												
SECTION- B This section has 5 questions of 02 marks each.														
21.	If the mean of the following distribution is 50, find the value of p: <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <th>class</th><th>frequency</th></tr> <tr> <td>0-20</td><td>17</td></tr> <tr> <td>20-40</td><td>p</td></tr> <tr> <td>40-60</td><td>32</td></tr> <tr> <td>60-80</td><td>24</td></tr> <tr> <td>80-100</td><td>19</td></tr> </table>	class	frequency	0-20	17	20-40	p	40-60	32	60-80	24	80-100	19	2
class	frequency													
0-20	17													
20-40	p													
40-60	32													
60-80	24													
80-100	19													
22.	Prove that $\frac{1}{\sec A - 1} + \frac{1}{\sec A + 1} = 2 \operatorname{cosec} A \cdot \cot A$ OR If $\sqrt{3} \sin A - \cos A = 0$ and $0^\circ < A < 90^\circ$, then find the value of A.	2												

23.	Write the first 4 terms of an AP when the first term is 4 and common difference is -3.	2														
24.	Show that A(5,-2), B(6,4) and C(7,-2) are the vertices of an isosceles triangle. OR Find the coordinates of point C on the line segment AB joining A(1,1) and B(2,-3) such that $3AC = CB$.	2														
25.	ABC is a right angled triangle, right angled at B such that $BC = 6$ cm, $AB = 8$ cm and $AC = 10$ cm. A circle with centre O is inscribed in $\triangle ABC$. Find the radius of the circle.	2														
SECTION- C This section has 6 questions of 03 marks each.																
26.	Prove that $\sqrt{5}$ is irrational. OR Find the HCF and LCM of 180 and 288 by prime factorisation method.	3														
27.	In a circle of radius 21 cm, an arc subtends an angle of 60° at the centre. Find: (i) the length of the arc (ii) area of the sector formed by the arc. [Use $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$]	3														
28.	If A(-2,1), B(a,0), C(4,b) and D(1,2) are the vertices of a parallelogram ABDC, find the values of a and b. 	3														
29.	The coach of a cricket team buys 3 bats as well as 6 balls for Rs.3900. Later on, she buys another bat and 3 more balls of the same kind for Rs.1300. Represent the given situation algebraically and find two solutions for the equations. OR Solve graphically: $2x - 3y + 13 = 0$; $3x - 2y + 12 = 0$	3														
30.	If $7\sin^2 A + 3\cos^2 A = 4$, show that $\tan A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	3														
31.	If mode of the following distribution is 55, find the value of x. <table border="1"><tr><td>Class</td><td>0-15</td><td>15-30</td><td>30-45</td><td>45-60</td><td>60-75</td><td>75-90</td></tr><tr><td>frequency</td><td>10</td><td>7</td><td>x</td><td>15</td><td>10</td><td>12</td></tr></table>	Class	0-15	15-30	30-45	45-60	60-75	75-90	frequency	10	7	x	15	10	12	3
Class	0-15	15-30	30-45	45-60	60-75	75-90										
frequency	10	7	x	15	10	12										

	SECTION-D This section has 4 questions of 05 marks each.	
32.	A chord AB of a circle of radius (r) of 10 cm subtends a right angle at the centre. Find the area of the corresponding minor segment and hence find the area of the major segment. [Use $\pi = 3.14$]	5
33.	Prove that if a line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle, then the other two sides are divided in the same ratio.	5
34.	Students of grade 10 planned a picnic. The budget for food was Rs. 500. But, 5 of them failed to go and thus the cost of food for each member increased by Rs. 5. How many students attended the picnic?	5
	OR If the sum of the areas of two squares is 400 cm^2 and the difference in their perimeters is 16 cm, find the sides of the two squares.	
35.	An aeroplane when flying at a height of 3125 m from the ground passes vertically below another plane at an instant when the angles of elevation of the two planes from the same point on the ground are 30° and 60° respectively. Find the distance between the two planes at that instant.	5
	OR There are two poles, one each on either bank of a river, just opposite to each other. One pole is 60 m high. From the top of this pole, the angles of depression of the top and the foot of the other pole are 30° and 60° respectively. Find the width of the river and the height of the other pole.	
	SECTION-E This section consists of 3 case-based questions of 4 marks each.	
36.	Govind a Class X student, went to school historical trip to great Stupa of Sanchi. Guide there explained that Stupa of Sanchi is great example of architecture in India. Its base part is cylindrical in shape. The dome of this stupa is hemispherical in shape, known as Anda. It also contains a cubical shape part called Hermika at the top. Path around Anda is known as Pradakshina Path. 	

	Based on the above information, answer the following questions. i) Find the lateral surface area of the Hermika, if the side of cubical part is 8m. ii) The diameter and height of the cylindrical base part are 42 m and 12 m respectively. If the volume of each brick used is 0.01 m^3, then find the number of bricks used to make the cylindrical base. OR ii) Find the cost of washing 15 cylindrical pillars of a building at Rs. 2.50 per square metre if the diameter and height of each pillar are 48 cm and 7 metres respectively. iii) If the diameter of Anda is 42 m. Find the volume of the Anda.	1 1 2 1
37.	The below picture are few natural examples of parabolic shape which is represented by a quadratic polynomial. A parabolic arch is an arch in the shape of a parabola. In structures, their curve represents an efficient method of load, and so can be found in bridges and in architecture in a variety of forms.  i) If α and $\frac{1}{\alpha}$ are the zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $2x^2 - x + 8k$, then find the value of k ii) Find the zeros of the polynomial : $x^2 + 1 = 0$ iii) If the sum of the roots is $-p$ and product of the roots is $-\frac{1}{p}$, then frame the quadratic polynomial. OR iii) Find the roots of the quadratic polynomial. $y^2 + 6 - 5y = 0$	1 1 2
38	Geeta wanted to watch football world cup final match. She saw an advertisement that a radio station has 25 free tickets to football world cup final match to give away. Radio announced that one participant can send only one SMS for free ticket. SMS's are received from 20000 listeners out of which 12000 are female. SMS's are then selected at random one at a time until all free tickets are given away.  i) The first 24 tickets have been given away to the participants and Geeta's SMS has yet not been selected. What is Geeta's chance of winning the last ticket, based on above said information.	1

ii) Out of first 24 tickets 14 males have already won the ticket and remaining are won by females. What is the chances that last ticket is won by Geeta?	1
iii) How many more males should have sent SMS's so that the chances of winning a ticket is equal for both male/female.	2
OR	
iii) In the same condition, the number of winner tickets is doubled and one ticket is left for male while rest are won by female. Find the probability of winning last ticket by any male.	



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
II Pre Board Examination (2024-2025)
Subject : Mathematics- Basic (241)
SET II

Class: X

Date: 11.01.2024

No of printed sides: 6

Max. Marks: 80

Reading time: 8:00 – 8:15am

Writing time: 8:15-11:15 am

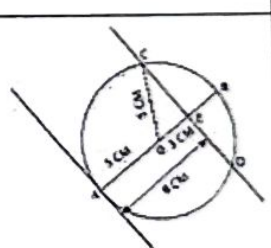
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

- This question paper contains 38 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- This question paper is divided into five sections – A,B,C,D and E.
- In section -A question number 1 to 18 are multiple choice questions(MCQs) and question number 19 and 20 are Assertion-Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
- In section-B questions number 21 to 25 are short answer(VSA) type questions, carrying 2 marks each.
- In section-C questions number 26 to 31 are short answer(SA) type questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- In section-D questions number 32 to 35 are very Long answer(LA) type questions, carrying 5 marks each.
- In section-E questions number 36 to 38 are Case study-based questions carrying 4 marks each. Internal choice is provided in 2 marks questions in each case study.
- There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in 2 questions in section-B, 2 questions in section-C, 2 questions in section-D 3 questions in section-E.
- Draw neat diagrams wherever required. Take $\pi = 22/7$ wherever required, if not stated.
- Use of calculator is **NOT** allowed.

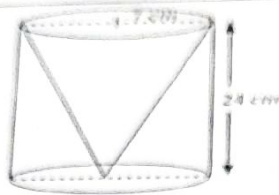
SINo	Section A This section has 20 questions of 1 mark each	Marks
1.	The sum of the exponents of the prime factors in the prime factorisation of 196 is: a) 1 b) 2 c) 4 d) 6	1
2.	The largest number which divides 60 and 75, leaving remainders 8 and 10 respectively, is: a) 260 b) 75 c) 65 d) 13	1
3.	The zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 + 1750x + 175000$ are: a) both negative b) one positive and one negative c) both positive d) both equal	1

4.	The graph of $x = -2$ is a line parallel to the a) x-axis b) y-axis c) both x- and y-axis d) none of these	1
5.	The sum of the roots of the quadratic equation $3x^2 - 9x + 5 = 0$ is a) 3 b) 6 c) -3 d) 2	1
6.	If -5 is a root of the quadratic equation $2x^2 + px - 15 = 0$, then a) $p = 3$ b) $p = 5$ c) $p = 7$ d) $p = 1$	1
7.	Find the sum of 12 terms of an A.P. whose n^{th} term is given by $a_n = 3n + 4$ a) 262 b) 272 c) 282 d) 292	1
8.	The fourth term of an A.P. is 4. Then the sum of the first 7 terms is : a) 4 b) 28 c) 16 d) 40	1
9.	In $\triangle ABC$, $DE \parallel BC$ $AD = 3$ cm, $DB = 8$ cm, $AC = 22$ cm. At what distance from A does the line DE cut AC? a) 6 b) 4 c) 10 d) 5	1
10.	If $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ and $\triangle ABC$ is not similar to $\triangle DEF$ then which of the following is not true? a) $BC \cdot EF = AC \cdot FD$ b) $AB \cdot ED = AC \cdot DE$ c) $BC \cdot DE = AB \cdot EF$ d) $BC \cdot DE = AB \cdot FD$	1
11.	The distance between the point $P(1, 4)$ and $Q(4, 0)$ is a) 4 b) 5 c) 6 d) $3\sqrt{3}$	1
12.	D and E are respectively the points on the sides AB and AC of a $\triangle ABC$ such that $AD = 2$ cm, $BD = 3$ cm, $BC = 7.5$ cm and $DE \parallel BC$. Then, length of DE (in cm) is: a) 2.5 b) 3 c) 5 d) 6	1
13.	If $\sin \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$, then $\cos^2 \theta + \cos^4 \theta$ is: a) -1 b) 0 c) 1 d) 2	1
14.	If TP and TQ are two tangents to a circle with centre O so that $\angle POQ = 110^\circ$, then, $\angle PTQ$ is equal to: a) 60° b) 70° c) 80° d) 90°	1
15.	If $\tan 2A = \cot (A - 18^\circ)$, then the value of A is: a) 24° b) 18° c) 27° d) 36°	1
16.	A conical tent with base-radius 7 m and height 24 m is made from 5 m wide canvas. The length of the canvas used is: (Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$) a) 100 m b) 105 m c) 110 m d) 115 m	1
17.	The median of first 10 prime numbers is: a) 11 b) 12 c) 13 d) none of these	1

18.	If the probability of winning a game is 0.3, the probability of losing it is a) 1.3 b) 1 c) 0.7 d) 0.1	1
	Direction for questions 19 & 20: In question numbers 19 and 20, Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are given. Select the correct option from the following.	
19.	Assertion: If two angles of any triangle are equal to the corresponding two angles of another triangle then the third angles are not necessarily equal. Reason: The sum of three angles of any triangle is equal to 180° . a) Both assertion(A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A). b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A) c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false. d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.	1
20.	Assertion: for some integer n the odd integer is represented in the form of $2n+1$ Reason: $2n$ represent the even number and $2n+1$ will represent odd number. a) Both assertion(A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A). b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A) c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false. d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.	1
	SECTION- B This section has 5 questions of 02 marks each.	
21.	If (1, 2), (4, y), (x, 6) and (3, 5) are the vertices of a parallelogram taken in order, find x and y. OR The line segment joining the points A (3, 2) and B (5,1) is divided at the point P in the ratio 1:2 and it lies on the line $3x - 18y + k = 0$. Find the value of k.	2
22.	Evaluate $\cos 45^\circ \cos 30^\circ + \sin 45^\circ \sin 30^\circ$ OR Prove that $\sec A (1 - \sin A)(\sec A + \tan A) = 1$.	2
23.	At one end A of a diameter AB of a circle of radius 5cm, tangent XAY is drawn to the circle. Find the length of the chord CD $\parallel$ XY and at a distance 8 cm from A. 	2
24.	Find the sum of the first 40 positive integers divisible by 6.	2

25.	Find the mean of the data using an empirical formula when it is given that mode is 50.5 and median is 45.5.	2																
SECTION- C																		
This section has 6 questions of 03 marks each.																		
26.	The cost of 2 kg of apples and 1 kg of grapes on the day was found to be Rs.160. A month later, the cost of 4 kg of apples and 2 kg of grapes is Rs.300. Represent the following situation algebraically and find two solutions for the equations. OR Solve graphically: $2x - y = 1$, $x + 2y = 13$	3																
27.	If $\sin(A + B) = 1$ and $\tan(A - B) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$, find the value of: i) $\tan A + \cot B$	3																
28.	If the median of the distribution is 28.5, find the values of x and y. <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"><tr><td>class</td><td>0-10</td><td>10-20</td><td>20-30</td><td>30-40</td><td>40-50</td><td>50-60</td><td>Total</td></tr><tr><td>frequency</td><td>5</td><td>x</td><td>20</td><td>15</td><td>y</td><td>5</td><td>60</td></tr></table>	class	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	Total	frequency	5	x	20	15	y	5	60	3
class	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	Total											
frequency	5	x	20	15	y	5	60											
29.	Prove that the tangents drawn at the ends of a chord of a circle make equal angles with the chord. OR Prove that the parallelogram circumscribing a circle is a rhombus.	3																
30.	Find the ratio in which the line segment joining A(1, - 5) and B(- 4, 5) is divided by the x-axis. Also find the coordinates of the point of division.	3																
31.	Prove that $\sqrt{7}$ is irrational.	3																
SECTION- D																		
This section has 4 questions of 05 marks each.																		
32.	In the figure, find the area of the major segment APB, in a circle of radius 35 cm and $\angle AOB = 90^\circ$. (Use $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$) OR The long and short hands of a clock are 6 cm and 4 cm long respectively. Find the sum of the distances travelled by their tips in 2 days.	5																
33.	Prove that if a line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle, then the other two sides are divided in the same ratio.	5																
34.	A two-digit number is such that the product of its digits is 14. When 45 is added to the number, the digits interchange their places. Find the number.	5																

35.	From the top of a 7 m high building, the angle of elevation of the top of a tower is 60° and the angle of depression of the foot of the tower is 45°. Find the height of the tower. OR A vertical pedestal stands on the ground and is surmounted by a vertical flag staff of height 5 m. At a point on the ground the angles of elevation of the bottom and the top of the flag staff are 30° and 60° respectively. Find the height of the pedestal.	5
	SECTION-E This section consists of 3 case-based questions of 4 marks each.	
36.	A lottery involves the drawing of numbers at random for a prize. It is a form of gambling. Some governments have banned Lottery in their countries while some governments endorse it in their countries. There are many formats of the Lottery. In one format, the prize can be a fixed amount of cash or goods while in another format, the prize will be 50 per cent of the revenue. In a Lottery system, a box contains cards numbers between 11 to 122. A card is drawn at random from the box. Based on the above information, answer the following questions. i) Find the probability that the number on the drawn card is a square number. ii) Find the probability that the number on the drawn card is a multiple of 7. iii) Find the probability that the number on the drawn card is divisible by 3 OR iii) Find the probability that the number on the drawn card is a multiple of 11.	1 2 1
37.	One day Renuka was going home from school, saw a carpenter working on wood. He found that he is carving out a cone of same height and same diameter from a cylinder. The height of the cylinder is 24 cm and base radius is 7 cm. While watching this, some questions came into Renuka's mind. Help her to find the answer for the following questions.	

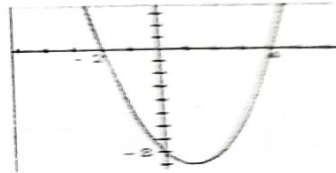
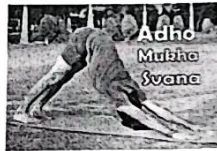
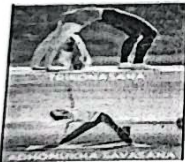


- i) Find the slant height of the conical cavity so formed.
- ii) Find the curved surface area and volume of the conical cavity so formed.
- iii) Find the external curved surface area of the cylinder.

OR

- iii) Find the volume of the cylinder.

- 38 An asana is a body posture, originally and still a general term for a sitting meditation pose, and later extended in hatha yoga and modern yoga as exercise, to any type of pose or position, adding reclining, standing, inverted, twisting, and balancing poses. In the figure, one can observe that the poses can be related to representation of quadratic polynomial



- i) Find the zeros of the equation: $x^2 - 12x + 20$
- ii) Find the two zeroes in the above shown graph are.
- iii) Frame the equation of the polynomial with these zeroes.

OR

- iii) Find a quadratic polynomial each with the given numbers as the sum and product of its zeroes respectively: $\frac{1}{4}$, -1



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
II PRE BOARD EXAMINATION (2024-25)

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS STANDARD (041)

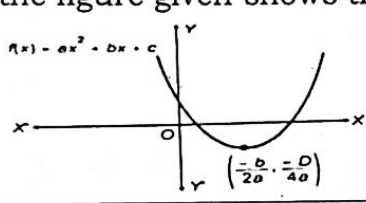
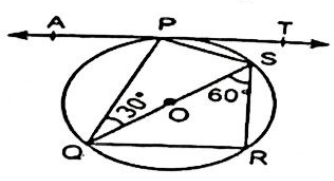
Class: X
Date: 11/01/2025
No of Sides: 06

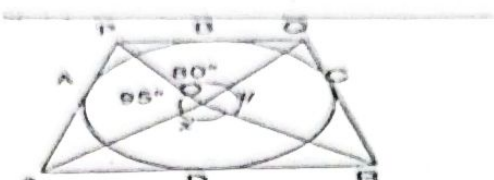
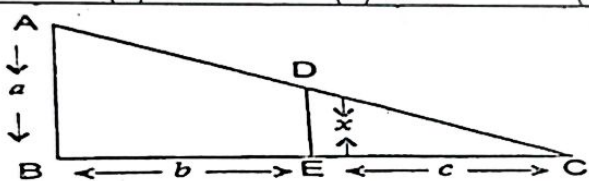
SET-1

Max Marks: 80
Reading Time: 8:00-8:15am
Writing Time: 8:15-11:15am

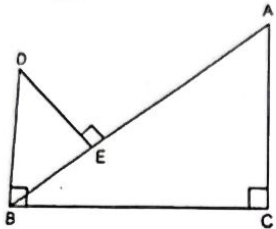
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- This Question Paper has 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.
- Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each
- Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each
- Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
- Section D has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
- Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with sub- parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
- All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Qs of 5 marks, 2 Qs of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2marks questions of Section E.
- Draw neat figures wherever required. Take $\pi = 22/7$ wherever required if not stated.

Section A		
Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each.		
1	If the figure given shows the graph of the polynomial $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, then ,  (A) $a > 0$ (B) $a < 0$ (C) $a = 0$ (D) $a \leq 0$	1
2	The number of solution/solutions of $3^{x+y} = 243$ and $243^{x-y} = 3$ is (A) infinite (B) 2 (C) No solution (D) 1	1
3	In the given figure QS is the diameter and O is the centre of circle. APT is the tangent at P. Find $\angle APQ$.  A) 50° (B) 60° (C) 90° (D) 40°	1

4	If k , $2k - 1$ and $2k + 1$ are three consecutive terms of an AP, the value of k is (A) -2 (B) 3 (C) -3 (D) 6	1										
5	The surface area of the largest sphere that can be cut out from a cube of edge 4.2 cm is (A) 221.76 cm^2 (B) 55.44 cm^2 (C) 38.808 cm^2 (D) 27.72 cm^2	1										
6	If $\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \sqrt{2} \cos \theta$, $0 \leq \theta < 90^\circ$, then $\tan \theta =$ (A) $\sqrt{2} - 1$ (B) $\sqrt{2} + 1$ (C) $\sqrt{2}$ (D) $-\sqrt{2}$	1										
7	 In the given figure, if quadrilateral PQRS circumscribes a circle then, (A) $x = 95^\circ$, $y = 95^\circ$ (B) $x = 100^\circ$, $y = 90^\circ$ (C) $x = 80^\circ$, $y = 95^\circ$ (D) $x = 100^\circ$, $y = 85^\circ$	1										
8	If the product of zeroes of $x^2 - 3x + 2k^2 - 1$ is 7, then the value of k are (A) ± 1 (B) $\pm \sqrt{5}$ (C) ± 2 (D) ± 4	1										
9	The sum of upper limit of modal class and upper limit of median class is <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Class Interval</td> <td>130-139</td> <td>140-149</td> <td>150-159</td> <td>160-169</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Frequency (f)</td> <td>5</td> <td>9</td> <td>28</td> <td>18</td> </tr> </table> (A) 159 (B) 319 (C) 318 (D) 300	Class Interval	130-139	140-149	150-159	160-169	Frequency (f)	5	9	28	18	1
Class Interval	130-139	140-149	150-159	160-169								
Frequency (f)	5	9	28	18								
10	 In $\triangle ABC$, $DE \parallel AB$. If $AB = a$, $DE = x$, $BE = b$, $EC = c$, then x is equal to (A) $\frac{ab}{b}$ (B) $\frac{ac}{b+c}$ (C) $\frac{ab}{c}$ (D) $\frac{ab}{b+c}$	1										
11	If $x = 0.2$ is a root of the equation $x^2 - 0.4k = 0$, then k is equal to (A) 1 (B) 10 (C) 0.1 (D) 100	1										
12	If $x = 2\sin^2 \theta$ and $y = 2\cos^2 \theta + 1$, then $x + y =$ (A) 3 (B) 2 (C) 1 (D) $\frac{1}{2}$	1										
13	Two cylindrical cans have equal base area. If one of the cans is 15 cm high and other is 20 cm high, then the ratio of their volume is (A) 1 : 3 (B) 2 : 3 (C) 3 : 5 (D) 3 : 4	1										

14	Cards bearing numbers 2, 3, 4, ..., 51 are kept in a bag. A card is drawn at random from the bag. The probability of getting a card with prime number is (A) $\frac{3}{10}$ (B) $\frac{7}{25}$ (C) $\frac{8}{25}$ (D) $\frac{13}{25}$	1
15	15. A circle has its centre at the origin and a point P(3, 0) lies on it. The point Q(6, 2) (A) Lies on the circle (B) Lies outside the circle (C) Lies inside the circle (D) Is the end point of diameter of the circle	1
16	Among 20 observations one was copied as 25 instead of 23 and then mean was 60. The correct mean of these observations is A) 56 (B) 75 (C) 65 (D) 115	1
17	The ratio in which (4,5) divides the line segment joining A(2,3) and B(7,8) is (A) 2 : 8 (B) 3 : 4 (C) 3 : 2 (D) 2 : 3	1
18	If three different coins are tossed together, then the probability of getting at least 2 heads is (A) $\frac{1}{8}$ (B) $\frac{1}{2}$ (C) $\frac{3}{8}$ (D) $\frac{7}{8}$	1
19	Assertion(A) is true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of (A) Assertion(A) is true but Reason(R) Is not correct explanation of (A) Assertion(A) is true and Reason(R) is false Assertion(A) is false and Reason(R) is true Assertion: $2 + \sqrt{3}$ is an irrational number. Reason: If p and q are prime positive integers, then $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q}$ is an irrational number.	1
20	Assertion: The area of the minor segment of a circle is always less than the area of the corresponding sector of the circle. Reason: The area of the major segment of a circle is always less than the area of the corresponding sector of the circle.	1
SECTION-B		
Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each		
21	21. Prove that $\sqrt{11}$ is an irrational number OR Is $3 \times 5 \times 7 \times 11 \times 13 + 13$ a composite number? Give reason for your answer.	2
22	A bag contains white, black and red balls only. A ball is drawn at random from the bag. The probability of getting a white ball is $\frac{3}{10}$ and that of a black ball is $\frac{2}{5}$. Find the probability of getting a red ball. If the bag contains 20 black balls, then find the total number of balls in the bag. OR	2

	A box contains 12 balls, out of which x are red. If one ball is drawn at random from the box, what is the probability that it will be a red ball? If 6 more red balls are put in the box, the probability of drawing a red ball is now double of what it was before. Find x .	
23	Evaluate $\frac{\cos 60^\circ - \cot 45^\circ + \operatorname{cosec} 30^\circ}{\sec 60^\circ + \tan 45^\circ - \sin 30^\circ}$	2
24	The mid-points of the line segment joining $A(2a, 4)$ and $B(-2, 3b)$ is $(1, 2a+1)$. Find the values of a and b .	2
25	Find the point on x-axis which is equidistant from $(2, -5)$ and $(-2, 9)$	2
SECTION-C		
Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each		
26	In the given figure $DB \perp BC$, $DE \perp AB$ and $AC \perp BC$. Prove that $\frac{BE}{DE} = \frac{AC}{BC}$  OR If the diagonals of a quadrilateral divide each other proportionally, prove that it is a trapezium.	3
27	A father's age is three times the sum of his two children. After 5 years his age will be two times the sum of their ages. Find the present age of the father.	3
28	If α and β are the zeroes of quadratic polynomial $x^2 - 4x - 3$. Find the value of $\alpha^4 \beta^2 + \alpha^2 \beta^4$.	3
29	Prove that $\frac{\operatorname{cosec} \theta + \cot \theta}{\operatorname{cosec} \theta - \cot \theta} = (\operatorname{cosec} \theta + \cot \theta)^2 = 1 + 2\cot^2 \theta + 2\operatorname{cosec} \theta \cot \theta$	3
30	A pendulum is swinging through an angle of 30° and describing an arc of length 8.8 cm. Find the length of the pendulum and area of the sector swept by the pendulum OR A brooch is made with silver wire in the form of a circle with diameter equal to 35 mm. The wire is also used in making 5 diameters which divide the	3

circle into 10 equal sectors. Find:
a) the total length of wire used
b) area of each sector of the brooch.

- 31 . A sweet-seller has 420 kaju barfis and 130 badam barfis. She wants to stack them in such a way that each stack has the same number and they take up the least area of the tray. What is the number that can be placed in each stack for this purpose? Find the number of stacks of each sweet. 3

SECTION-D

Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each

- 32 Form the pair of linear equations and find its solution graphically:
"10 students of Class X took part in a mathematics quiz. If the number of boys is 4 more than the number of girls, find the number of boys and girls who took part in quiz. 5

OR

Places A and B are 100 km apart on a highway. One car starts from A and another from B at the same time. If the cars travel in the same direction at different speeds, they meet in 5 hours. If they travel towards each other, they meet in 1 hour. What are the speeds of the two cars?

- 33 (a) Prove that "The tangent at any point of a circle is perpendicular to the radius through the point of contact." 5

(b) Two tangents TR and TQ are drawn to a circle with center O from an external point T. Prove that $\angle PTQ = 2 \angle OPQ$.

- 34 The angle of elevation of a jet plane from point P on the ground is 60° . After a flight of 15 seconds, the angle of elevation changes to 30° . If the jet plane is flying at a constant height of $1500\sqrt{3}$ m. Find the speed of the plane. 5

- 35 The following table gives the daily income of 50 workers of a factory. Find the median and mean by step deviation method of the given data. 5

Daily income(Rs)	100-120	120-140	140-160	160-180	180-200
Number of workers	12	14	8	6	10

OR

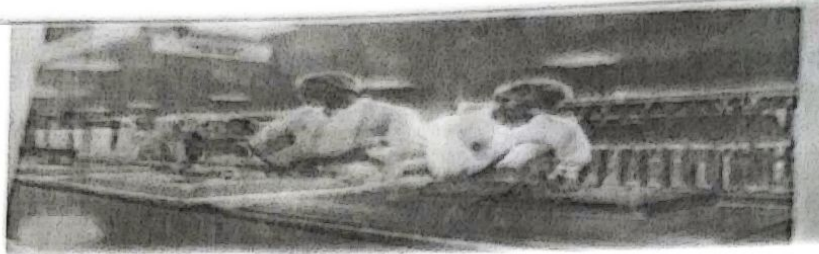
The mean of the following frequency table is 50. Find the value of the missing frequencies x and y.

CI	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	Total
f	17	x	32	y	19	120

SECTION-E

Section E consists of 3 case study based questions.

- 36 India is a competitive manufacturing location due to the low cost of manpower, strong technical and engineering capabilities contributing to higher quality production. The production of TV sets in a factory production increases uniformly by a fixed amount every year. It produced 16,000 sets in 6th year and 22,600 in 9th year 4



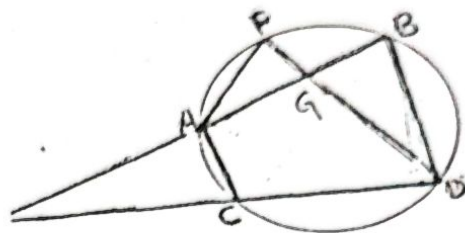
- i. Find the production during 8th year
- ii. In which year the production was 29,200?
- iii. Find the production during the first 3 years.

OR

The difference of the production during the 7th year and 4th year.

37

Mamta has some empty space at the backyard. She decided to make it to a garden. Mamta planted vegetables in $\triangle PCA$, red roses in $\triangle AFG$ white roses $\triangle GBD$. Remaining area will be covered by grass. She realised that her gardner had drawn a line segments such that $AC \parallel BD$.



1. Prove that $\triangle PCA \sim \triangle PDB$
2. Show that $PA \cdot PB = PC \cdot PD$.
3. Prove that $\triangle AFG \sim \triangle GBD$.

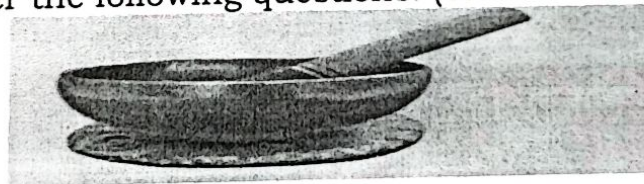
OR

If $PC = 9\text{m}$, $CD = 15\text{m}$ and $BD = 8\text{m}$, then find the length of AC

38

Singing bowls (hemispherical in shape) are commonly used in sound healing practices. Mallet (cylindrical in shape) is used to strike the bowl in a sequence to produce sound and vibration. One such bowl is shown here, whose dimensions are:

Hemispherical bowl has outer radius 6 cm and inner radius 5 cm. Mallet has a height of 10 cm and radius 2 cm. Based on the above information, answer the following questions: (Take $\pi = 3.14$)



1. What is the volume of the material used in making the mallet?
2. The bowl is to be polished from inside. Find the inner surface area of the bowl.
3. Find the volume of the metal used to make the bowl.

OR

Find the total cost of polishing the mallet if 10cm^2 cost Rs 15.



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
II PRE BOARD EXAMINATION (2024-25)
SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS STANDARD (041)
SET-2

Class: X
Date: 11/01/2025
No of Sides: 06

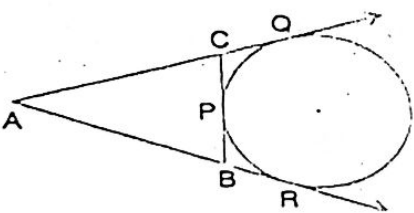
Max Marks: 80
Reading Time: 8:00-8:15am
Writing Time: 8:15-11:15am

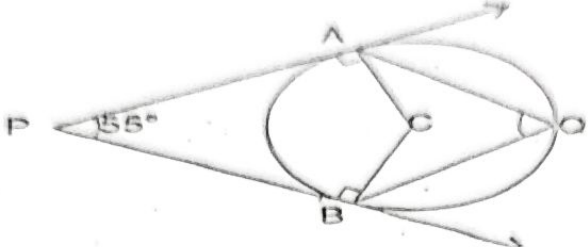
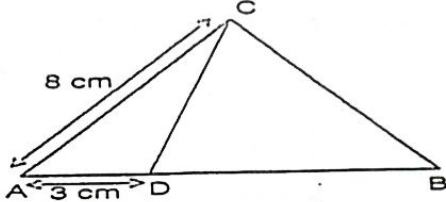
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- This Question Paper has 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.
- Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each
- Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each
- Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
- Section D has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
- Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with sub- parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
- All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Qs of 5 marks, 2 Qs of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2marks questions of Section E.
- Draw neat figures wherever required. Take $\pi = 22/7$ wherever required if not stated.

Section A

Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each.

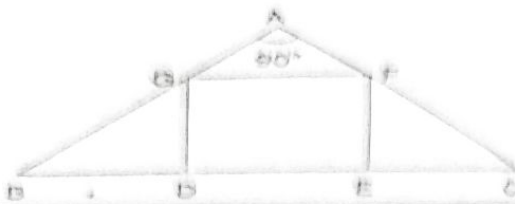
1	If α, β be the zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $2x^2 + 5x + 1$, then the value of $\alpha^{-1} + \beta^{-1} + \alpha\beta$ is (A) $-\frac{9}{2}$ (B) $\frac{11}{2}$ (C) 3 (D) -2	1
2	The pair of equations $x + 2y + 5 = 0$ and $-3x - 6y = 1$ has (A) unique solution (B) exactly two solutions (C) infinitely many solutions (D) no solution	1
3	In the given figure, $AQ = 5$ cm, then the perimeter of the $\triangle ACB$ is  (A) 8 cm (B) 12 cm (C) 13 cm (D) 10 cm	1
4	The next term of the AP $\sqrt{7}, \sqrt{28}, \sqrt{63}, \dots$ (A) $\sqrt{70}$ (B) $\sqrt{64}$ (C) $\sqrt{97}$ (D) $\sqrt{112}$	1

5	The ratio of volume of a cube to that of a sphere which will fit inside the cube is (A) $2 : \pi$ (B) $3 : \pi$ (C) $\pi : 4$ (D) $6 : \pi$
6	In $\triangle ABC$ right-angled at B, $AC = 13$ cm, $AB = 5$ cm. Then $\sin A$ is equal to (A) $\frac{5}{13}$ (B) $\frac{5}{12}$ (C) $\frac{12}{13}$ (D) $\frac{13}{12}$
7	In the given figure, PA and PB are tangents from external point P to a circle with center C and Q is any point on the circle, then the measure of $\angle AQB$ is  (A) $62\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ (B) 125° (C) 55° (D) 90°
8	If one zero of the polynomial $P(x) = (k^2 + 4)x^2 + 13x + 4k$ is reciprocal of the other, then the value of k is (A) 2 (B) -2 (C) 1 (D) -1
9	The relationship between mode, median, and mean for a moderately skewed distribution is (A) Mode = Median - 2 Mean (B) Mode = 3 Median - 2 Mean (C) Mode = 2 Median - 3 Mean (D) Mode = Median - Mean
10	In the given figure, $\angle ACB = \angle CDA$, $AC = 8$ cm, $AD = 3$ cm, then $BD = \dots\dots$  (A) $\frac{22}{3}$ cm (B) $\frac{26}{3}$ cm (C) $\frac{55}{3}$ cm (D) $\frac{64}{3}$ cm
11	The quadratic equation $2x^2 - \sqrt{5} + 1 = 0$ has (A) 2 distinct real roots (B) 2 equal real roots (C) No real roots (D) More than 2 real roots
12	$\sec^4 A - \sec^2 A = \dots\dots\dots$ (A) $\tan^2 A - \tan^4 A$ (B) $\tan^4 A - \tan^2 A$ (C) (C) $\tan^4 A + \tan^2 A$ (D) $\tan^2 A - \sec^4 A$
13	The volume of a right circular cone whose area of the base is 156 cm ² and the vertical height is 8 cm is (A) 2496 cm ³ (B) 1248 cm ³ (C) 1664 cm ³ (D) 416 cm ³
14	Among a pack of 52 cards, the probability that a card drawn at random is not a face card (A) $\frac{3}{13}$ (B) $\frac{9}{13}$ (C) $\frac{10}{13}$ (D) $\frac{3}{14}$

15	A triangle with vertices (4, 0), (-1, -1), and (3, 5) is a/an (A) Equilateral triangle (B) Isosceles triangle (C) Right angled triangle (D) Scalene triangle	1
16	The mean of 1,3,4,5,7,4 is 'm'. The numbers 3,2,2,4,3,3,p have mean (m-1) and median 'q' then, p + q = (A) 7 (B) 6 (C) 5 (D) 4	1
17	The coordinates of the point P dividing the line segment joining the points A (1, 3) and B (4, 6) in the ratio 2:1 are (A) (2, 4) (B) (3, 5) (C) (4, 2) (D) (3, 3)	1
18	The probability of selecting a rotten apple randomly from a heap of 900 apples is 0.18. Then the number of rotten apples in a heap is (A) 160 (B) 170 (C) 175 (D) 16	1
19	Assertion(A) is true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of (A) Assertion(A) is true but Reason(R) is not correct explanation of (A) Assertion(A) is true and Reason(R) is false Assertion(A) is false and Reason(R) is true Assertion(A) : If HCF (a,b) =4 and $ab = 96 \times 404$, then LCM (a,b) = 9696. Reason(R) : LCM of two numbers a and b = HCF (a,b) x a	1
20	Assertion (A) : If the length of the minute hand of a clock is 7 cm, then the area swept by it in 5 min is $\frac{77}{6} \text{ cm}^2$. Reason (R) : The length of an arc of a sector of angle θ and radius r is given by $l = \frac{\theta 2\pi r}{360}$	1
Section - B		
Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each.		
21	Prove that $2 + \sqrt{3}$ is irrational, where $\sqrt{3}$ is irrational. OR Check whether 8^n can end with the digit 0 for any natural number n.	2
22	Cards marked with numbers 3,4,5,6,7 ..., 150 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. A card is drawn at random from the box. Find the probability that the selected card bears a perfect square number. OR A jar contains 24 marbles, some are green and others are blue. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is green is $\frac{2}{3}$. Find the number of blue marbles in the jar.	2
23	If $A = 30^\circ$ and $B = 30^\circ$, verify that: $\sin (A + B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$	2
24	Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points A(3 , -6) and Q (5, 3) is divided by the x-axis.	2
25	If (-4, 3) and (4 , 3) are the two vertices of an equilateral triangle , then find the co-ordinates of third vertex .(The origin lies in the interior of the triangle.)	2
Section - C		
Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each		
26	A boy of height 90 cm is walking away from the base of a lamppost at a speed of 1.2 m/s. If the lamp is 3.6 m above the ground, find the length of her shadow after 4 seconds.	

OR

In the given figure DEFG is a square and $\angle BAC = 90^\circ$. Prove that $\triangle DBG \sim \triangle EFC$ and $DE^2 = BD \times EC$.



27 The angles of a cyclic quadrilateral ABCD are $\angle A = (2x+4)^\circ$, $\angle B = (y+3)^\circ$, $\angle C = (2y+10)^\circ$ and $\angle D = (4x-5)^\circ$. Find x and y and find the values of the four angles.

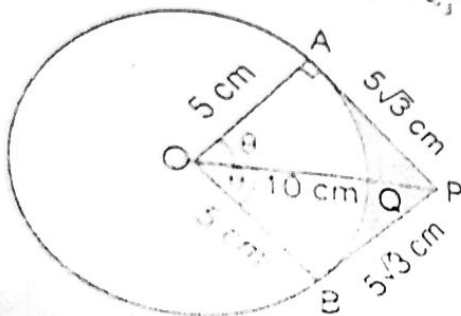
28 If one solution of the equation $3x^2 = 8x + 2k + 1$ is seven times the other, find the solutions and value of k .

29 Prove that : $\frac{\operatorname{cosec} A}{\operatorname{cosec} A - 1} + \frac{\operatorname{cosec} A}{\operatorname{cosec} A + 1} = 2 + 2\tan^2 A = 2\sec^2 A$

30 Area of a sector of central angle 200° of a circle is 770cm^2 . Find the length of the corresponding arc of this sector.

OR

An elastic belt is placed round the rim of a pulley of radius 5 cm. One point on the belt is pulled directly away from the centre O of the pulley until it is at P, 10 cm from O. Find the length of the belt that is in contact with the rim of the pulley. Also, find the shaded area. (Express area in π)



31 Find the largest number which divides 122, 150 and 115 leaving remainder 5, 7 and 11 respectively.

Section -D

Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each

32 Find the solution of the given pair of linear equations graphically $2x + y = 6$ and $2x - y + 2 = 0$. Shade the region bounded by these lines and x-axis also find the area of the shaded region.

OR

The ratio of the incomes of two persons is 9:7, and the ratio of the expenditures of two persons is 4:3. If each of them manages to save ₹2000/month, find their monthly income and expenditure.

33 i) Prove that "The lengths of tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal"

ii) PQ is a chord of length 8 cm of a circle of radius 5 cm. The tangents at P and Q intersect at a point T. Find the length TP

- 34 A man in a boat rowing away from a light house 100 m high takes 2 minutes to change the angle of elevation of the top of the light house from 60° to 30° . Find the speed of the boat in meters per minute. (Use $\sqrt{3} = 1.732$)

- 35 The following table gives the lifetimes of 200 bulbs. Calculate the mode and mean lifetime of a bulb by step deviation method.

Life time (in hrs)	400-499	500-599	600-699	700-799	800-899	900-999
No. of bulbs	24	47	39	42	34	14

OR

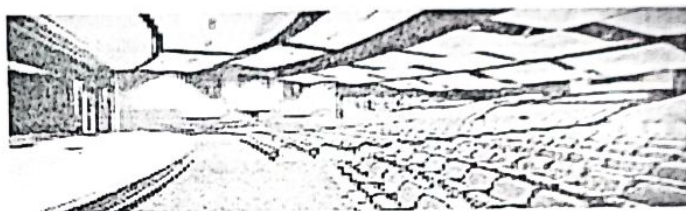
If the median of the distribution given below is 28.5, find the value of x and y

CI	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	Total
f	5	x	20	15	y	5	60

Section -E

Section E consists of 3 case study based questions.

- 36 An auditorium has 20 seats in the first row, 24 seats in second and 28 seats in the third row and so on.



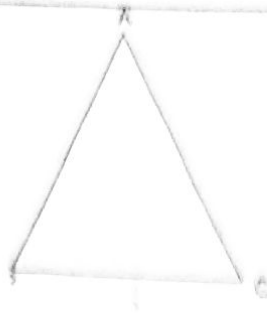
Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- How many seats are there in the 16th row?
- In the last row there are 116 seats. How many rows are there in the auditorium?
- Find the total number of seats in the auditorium.

OR

The hall was full on last Saturday for a show, how much were the total collection for the day for 100 rows. (if a ticket was for Rs 100 /seat)

- 37 Triangle is a very popular shape used in interior designing. The picture given above shows a cabinet designed by a famous interior designer. Here the largest isosceles triangle is represented by $\triangle ABC$ and the smallest one with shelf is represented by $\triangle DEF$. $PQ \parallel EF$.

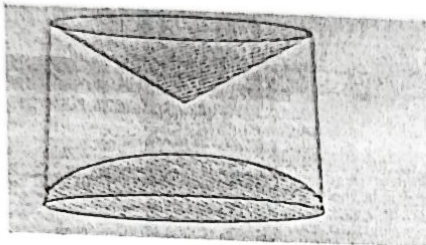


- i) Show that $\triangle DPQ \sim \triangle DEF$.
- ii) If $DP = 50$ cm, $PE = 70$ cm, then find $\frac{PQ}{EF}$.
- iii) If $2AB = 5DE$ and $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$, then show that $\frac{\text{Perimeter of } \triangle ABC}{\text{Perimeter of } \triangle DEF}$ is constant.

OR

If AM and DN are medians of $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$ respectively, then prove that $\triangle ABM \sim \triangle DEN$.

A wooden article was made by scooping out a hemisphere from one end of a cylinder and a cone from the other end as shown in the figure. If the height of the cylinder is 40 cm, the radius of the cylinder is 7 cm, and the height of the cone is 24 cm.



On the basis of the above information, answer the following questions:

- i. Find the slant height of the cone. (1)
- ii. Find the total volume of the hemisphere. (1)
- iii. Find the surface area of the article. (2)

OR

Find the total volume of the article. (2)



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
PREBOARD EXAMINATION [2024-25]
SUBJECT- SCIENCE (086)
SET I

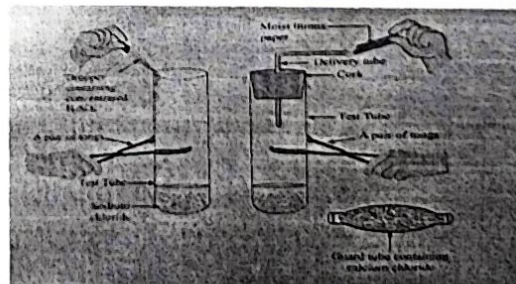
Class - X
Date : 08.01.25
No. of Sides: 8

Max Marks:80
Reading Time: 8:00a.m to 8:15a.m
Writing Time: 8:15a.m to 11:15 a.m

General Instructions:

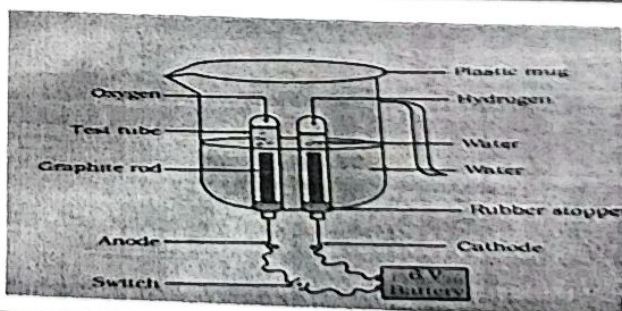
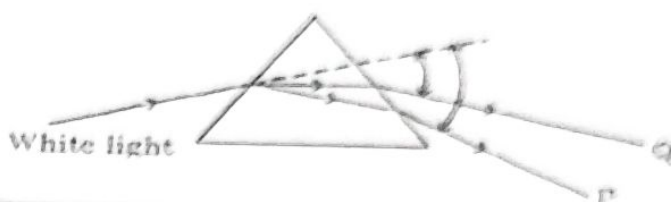
- i. This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.
- ii. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
- iii. **Section A** consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.
- iv. **Section B** consists of 6 Very Short questions carrying 02 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
- v. **Section C** consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
- vi. **Section D** consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
- vii. **Section E** consists of 3 case-based units of assessment of 04 marks each with sub-parts.

Section-A		
Question 1 to 16 are multiple choice questions. Only one of the choices is correct. Select and write the correct choice as well as the answer to these questions.		
1.	Identify a reaction which does not involve the evolution of heat (a) Reaction between zinc and dilute sulphuric acid (b) Reaction between quick lime and water (c) Reaction between lead nitrate and potassium iodide (d) Reaction between barium chloride and sulphuric acid	1
2.	Which of the following oxide(s) on dissolving in water, would turn blue litmus to red? (i) SO_2 (ii) Na_2O (iii) NO_2 (iv) K_2O (a) (ii) and (iv) (b) (i) and (iii) (c) (i), (ii), (iv) (d) Only (iv)	
3.	Identify the gas coming out of the delivery tube in the above process (a) Hydrogen gas (b) Hydrogen Chloride gas (c) Chlorine gas (d) Sulphur dioxide gas	1



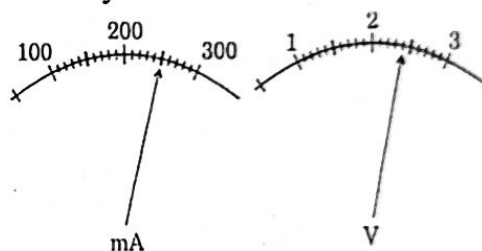
4.	Two solutions A and B have a pH of 5 and 9 respectively, identify the correct option in the following table: (a) A has a lower hydrogen ion concentration than B (b) On diluting a solution of B, its pH increases (c) On diluting a solution of A, its basic nature increases (d) Phenolphthalein is colorless in B and pink in A	1
5.	Which of the following statements about the reaction below are correct $\text{MnO}_2 + 4\text{HCl} \longrightarrow \text{MnCl}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{Cl}_2$ (i) MnO_2 is getting reduced. (ii) MnCl_2 is getting oxidised. (iii) MnO_2 is getting oxidised. (iv) HCl is getting oxidized. (a) (i) and (iv) (b) (ii) and (iii) (c) (i), (ii), (iv) (d) (ii) and (iv)	1
6.	The electronic configurations of three elements X, Y and Z respectively are, X- 2, 8; Y - 2, 8, 7 and Z - 2, 8, 2. which of the following is correct? (a) X is a metal (b) Y is a metal (c) Z is a non-metal (d) Y is a non-metal and Z is a metal	1
7.	A, B and C are three elements which undergo chemical reactions in the following manner. Which element is the least reactive $\text{A}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{B} \longrightarrow \text{B}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{A}$ $3\text{CSO}_4 + 2\text{B} \longrightarrow \text{B}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3 + 3\text{C}$ $3\text{CO} + 2\text{A} \longrightarrow \text{A}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{C}$ (a) A (b) B (c) C (d) All metals are equally reactive	1
8.	Lack of oxygen in muscles often leads to cramps among cricketers. This results due to: (a) conversion of pyruvate to ethanol (b) conversion of pyruvate to glucose (c) non-conversion of glucose to pyruvate (d) conversion of pyruvate to lactic acid.	1
9.	Which of the following is NOT a function of the nervous system? (a) Regulating body temperature (b) Sensing and responding to the environment (c) Controlling movement (d) Controlling thoughts and emotions	1
10.	When a person is suffering from severe cold, he or she cannot (a) differentiate the taste of chilly from that of pepper (b) differentiate the smell of a perfume from that of an agarbatti (c) differentiate red light from green light (d) differentiate a hot object from a cold object	1
11.	In human males, all the chromosomes are paired perfectly except one. These unpaired chromosomes are: (i) Large chromosome (ii) Small chromosome (iii) Y chromosome (iv) X chromosome (a) (i) and (ii) (b) (iii) and (ii) (c) (iii) and (iv) (d) (ii) and (iv)	1
12.	What will happen if deer is missing from the food chain : $\text{grass} \rightarrow \text{deer} \rightarrow \text{Tiger ?}$ (a) the population of tiger will increase (b) tiger will start eating grass (c) the population of grass decrease (d) population of tiger decrease and grass increases.	1

13.	Select the mis-matched pair: (a) Adrenaline: Pituitary gland (c) Estrogen: Ovary (b) Testosterone: Testis (d) Thyroxine: Thyroid gland	1
14.	A student used a device (X) to obtain/form the image of a well illuminated distant building on a screen (S) as shown alongside the diagram. Select the correct statement about the device (X): (a) This device is a concave lens of focal length 8cm. (b) This device is a convex lens of focal length 4cm. (c) This device is a concave lens of focal length 4 cm. (d) This device is a convex lens of focal length 8cm.	1
15.	In the following diagram showing dispersion of white light by a glass prism, the colors P and Q respectively are- (a) Red and Blue (b) Orange and Green (c) Red and Violet (d) Violet and Red	1
16.	Growing foetus derive nutrition from mother's blood through (a) uterus (b) fallopian tube (c) placenta (d) cervix	1
Question No. 17 to 20 consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below: (a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. (b) Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A. (c) A is true but R is false. (d) A is false but R is true		
17.	Assertion (A) : Zinc carbonate is heated strongly in presence of air to form zinc oxide and carbon dioxide. Reason (R) : Calcination is the process in which a carbonate ore is heated strongly in the absence of air to convert into metal oxide.	1
18.	Assertion(A) : Unisexual flowers have separate male and female flowers whereas monocot embryo consists of an embryonal axis with single cotyledon. Reason (R) : Cucumber, pumpkin and watermelon are examples of unisexual flowers.	1
19.	Assertion (A): As the temperature of a medium increases the refractive index decreases. Reason (R): When a ray travels from a vacuum to a medium, then μ is known as the absolute refractive index of the medium. ($\mu_{\text{vacuum}} = 1$).	1
20.	Assertion (A) : A geneticist crossed tall and dwarf pea plants and in the first generation all pea plants were tall. Reason (R) : The pea plants were heterozygous tall in F ₁ generation as they had both dominant and recessive gene for the height of the plant and tallness trait is dominant.	1
Section-B		
Question No. 21 to 26 are very short answer questions		
21.	During the electrolysis of water, formation of bubbles was observed at both the electrodes indicating the evolution of gases. (a) Compare the volume of gases evolved at the anode and cathode. Write a balanced chemical equation to justify your answer. (b) Why is dilute sulphuric acid added to water during electrolysis?	1.5 0.5



22.	(a) Mucus is not used for churning the food or digesting it. Then why is it secreted in the stomach? (b) Name the largest gland present in humans. What does it secrete?	2
23.	Attempt either option A or B. A. What happens when a. Planaria accidentally gets cut into many pieces b. Bryophyllum leaf falls on the wet soil OR B. (a) Name one gustatory receptor and one olfactory receptor in human beings. (b) Write a and b in the given flow chart of neuron through which information travels as an electrical impulse. <pre> graph LR D[Dendrite] --> a[a] a --> b[b] b --> E[End point of Neuron] </pre>	1 1
24.	State two main causes of a person developing near-sightedness. With the help of a ray diagram, suggest how he can be helped to overcome his disability?	2
25.	Attempt either option A or B. A. Three 2Ω resistors, A, B and C are connected as shown in figure. Each of them dissipates energy and can withstand a maximum power of 18 W without melting. Find the maximum current that can flow through the three resistors. OR B. Two lamps, one rated 100 W at 220 V, and the other 60 W at 220 V, are connected in parallel to electric mains supply. What current is drawn from the line if the supply voltage is 220 V?	2
26.	With the help of an example justify the following statement: "A trait may be inherited, but may not be expressed."	2
SECTION-C Question No. 27 to 33 are short answer questions		
27.	(a) With the help of electron dot structure show the formation of Sodium Oxide. (b) The gaps of broken railway tracks are repaired using a mixture of powdered iron oxide and aluminium. Explain with the chemical equation.	1.5 1.5

28.	Attempt either option A or B. A. Consider the following reaction and answer the following questions $A + H_2O + CO_2 + NH_3 \longrightarrow NH_4Cl + NaHCO_3$ (a) Write the chemical equation involved when electric current is passed through an aqueous solution of A. Name the process. (b) The gas evolved at the anode during the process mentioned in (a) reacts with dry slaked lime to produce a compound B which is used for bleaching cotton and linen in the textile industry. Identify the compound B and write the chemical reaction involved. OR B. Write balanced chemical equations for the following statements (a) Blue crystals of copper sulphate are heated (b) Conversion of baking soda to washing soda (c) Hydrochloric acid is dissolved in water	1.5 1.5 1 1 1
29.	(a) Draw a neat diagram of human male reproductive system and label the following (i) site of sperm production (ii) common passage for sperm and urine (iii) two glands that provide nutrition to sperms. (b) Name the male hormone.	3
30.	A gland P is located just below the stomach in the human body. The gland P secretes a hormone Q. The deficiency of hormone Q in the body causes a disease W in which the blood sugar level of a person rises too much. (a) Name the endocrine gland P and the hormone Q it produces ? (b) Deficiency of this hormone results in a disease W, name the disease. How does the body generally maintain blood sugar levels. (c) How are Some Patients of disease W treated ?	3
31.	The current flowing through a resistor connected in a circuit and the potential difference developed across its ends are as shown in the diagram by milliammeter and voltmeter readings respectively: (a) What are the least counts of these meters? (b) What is the resistance of the resistor?	3

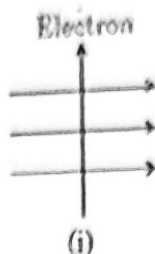


32. Attempt either option A or B.
 A. Give reasons for the following:
 (a) It is dangerous to touch the live wire of the main supply rather than neutral wire.
 (b) In household circuit, parallel combination of resistances is used.
 (c) Using fuse in a household electric circuit is important.

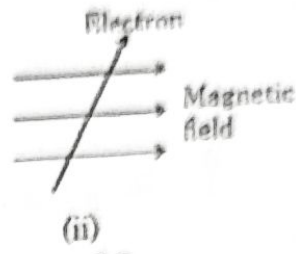
OR

B. (i) State the rule used to determine the direction of force acting on a conductor carrying current placed in a magnetic field.

(ii) Given below are two diagrams showing the entry of an electron in a magnetic field. Identify the case in which the force will be maximum. Give reason for your answer.



(i)



(ii)

(iii) Diagrammatically show that a straight current carrying conductor has magnetic field around it.

33. An object of height 4.0 cm is placed at a distance of 30 cm from the optical centre O of a convex lens of focal length 20 cm. Draw a ray diagram to find the position and size of the image formed.

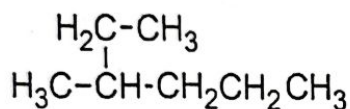
SECTION-D

Question No. 34 to 36 are long answer questions.

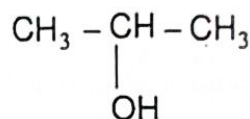
34. Attempt either option A or B.

A. (i) Name the following organic compounds:

(a)



(b)



(ii) Explain addition reaction with an appropriate example and a special mention of its commercial application.

(iii) Draw a labelled diagram of a micelle.

OR

B. (i) Draw the structural formula of the given organic compounds:

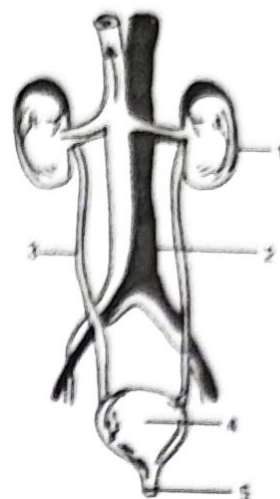
(a) 4-methyl hexanoic acid

(b) 3-bromo pentane

(ii) "Combustion of alcohol is not same as its oxidation." Justify with the chemical equations involved.

(iii) Write the IUPAC name and structural formula of the active ingredient present in Vinegar.

35. **Attempt either option A or B.**
A. Given below is the figure of certain organs and associated parts in the human body, study the same and then answer the questions that follow:
 (a) Name the parts 3 and 5.
 (b) Name the structural and functional unit of the part marked as '1' and mention the 3 important steps performed by it.
 (c) Explain the process which helps a patient to survive in spite of the dysfunction of the part '1'.
 (d) Name the gland associated with the part labelled 1 and the hormone they produce.



OR

- B.** (a) Draw a neat labelled diagram of human heart and show the flow of blood throughout the body.
 (b) Name the valves of the heart along with their respective location.

36. **Attempt either option A or B.**
A. (a) Define electric power and state its SI unit. The commercial unit of electrical energy is known as unit. Write the relation between this unit and joule.
 (b) In a house, 2 bulbs of 50 W each are used for 6 hours daily and an electric geyser of 1kW is used for 1 hour daily. Calculate the total energy consumed in a month of 30 days and its cost at the rate of ₹ 8.00 per kWh.

OR

- B.** (a) A piece of wire having resistance 'R' is cut into four equal parts.
 (i) How does the resistance of each part compare with the original resistance?
 (ii) If the four parts are placed in parallel, how will be the resistance of the combination compare with the resistance of the original wire?
 (b) The values of current I flowing in a given resistor for the corresponding values of potential difference V across the resistor are given below:

I (amperes)	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
V (volts)	1.6	3.4	6.7	10.2	13.2

Plot a graph between V and I and calculate the resistance of the resistor

Section – E

Question No. 37 to 39 are case-based/data -based questions.

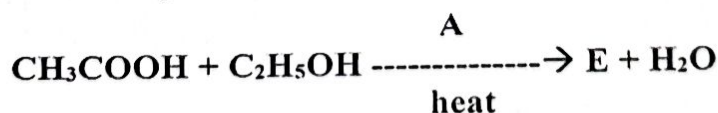
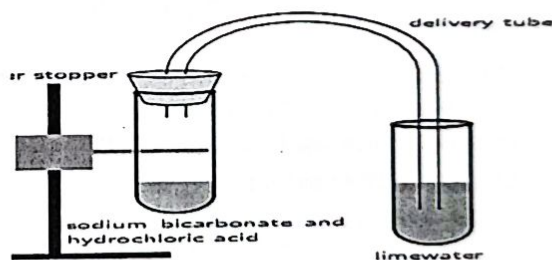
37. About 2ml of HCl is added to 0.5g of Sodium bi carbonate in a test tube.

- (a) Identify the acid and base from which sodium bicarbonate can be obtained.
 (b) Write a chemical equation to explain the reaction between Sodium bicarbonate carbonate and hydrochloric acid.

Attempt either subpart (b) or (c).

OR

- (c) If 2ml of acetic acid is used in place of 2ml of HCl in the above reaction, identify the salt and the gaseous product obtained.
 (d) Identify A & E in the given reaction.



	(c) Mention the role of A in the above reaction.	
38.	The belief the Ganga River is "holy" has not, however, prevented over-use, abuse and pollution of the river. All the towns along its length contribute to the pollution load. It has been assessed that more than 80 per cent of the total pollution load (in terms of organic pollution expressed as biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)) arises from domestic sources, i.e., from the settlements along the river course. Rampant deforestation in the last few decades, resulting in topsoil erosion in the catchment area, has increased silt deposits which, in turn, raise the river bed and lead to devastating floods in the rainy season and stagnant flow in the dry season. 1. Accumulation of toxic substances at higher trophic levels of an ecosystem through the food chain in water bodies affects which of the following organisms more? (a) Phytoplankton (b) Zooplankton (c) Small fishes (d) Large fishes 2. When toxic chemicals and nutrients get deposited in the water bodies, which of the following gases get depleted in the water bodies? (a) Oxygen (b) Carbon dioxide (c) Both oxygen and carbon dioxide (d) Nitrogen 3. Which of the following activities may pollute the river water more? (a) Agricultural waste (b) Human/animal excreta (c) Deposit flowers and leaves as the part of puja (d) Bathing without soap and detergent 4. Which of the following organisms grow abundant in water when the water gets mixed with nutrients like sulphates, phosphates etc.? Attempt either subpart (4) or (5). (a) Algae (b) Zooplankton (c) Small fishes (d) Large fishes OR 5. Give any two measures for preventing holy river Ganga from pollution	4
39.	When white light passes through a glass prism, it splits into its component colors, forming a spectrum of light. This process is called dispersion. Dispersion occurs when the propagation of light depends on wavelength. Examples of dispersion of light in nature include rainbows and raindrops dispersing sunlight. Many often get confused between dispersion and scattering of light. Scattering is change in the path of light in all possible directions when it encounters a particle in a medium. Colour of the sky is blue and clouds are white are due to scattering of light. Scattering depends on the size of the particles in the medium, (a) A glass prism produces a spectrum when the white light passes through it but the glass slab cannot produce it. Why? (b) Why is the red light used in the danger signals? Attempt either subpart (c) or (d). (c) Draw a well labelled diagram of rainbow formation in a rain droplet? OR (d) Why is the actual position of a star different from the apparent position?	1 1 2



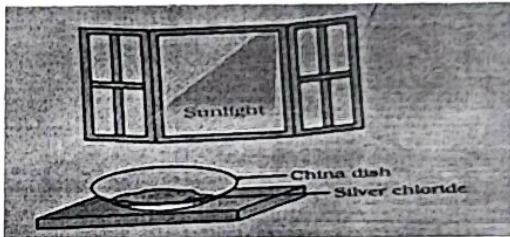
SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
II PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION [2024-25]
SUBJECT: SCIENCE (086)
SET - II

Class: X
Date: 08.01.2025
No. of Sides: 08

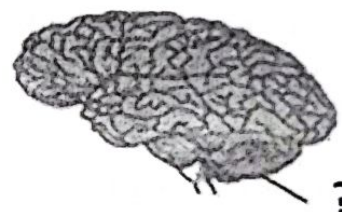
Max Marks: 80
Reading Time: 8:30 to 8:45 am
Writing Time: 8:45 to 11:45 am

General Instructions:

- i. This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.
- ii. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions.
A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
- iii. **Section A** consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.
- iv. **Section B** consists of 6 Very Short questions carrying 02 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
- v. **Section C** consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
- vi. **Section D** consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
- vii. **Section E** consists of 3 case-based units of assessment of 04 marks each with sub-parts.

Q.No	QUESTIONS	Marks
	<u>SECTION - A</u> Select and write one most appropriate option out of the four options given for each of the questions 1 – 20	
1.	What colour change is observed in silver chloride during the given chemical reaction: (a) Silver chloride turns white (b) Silver chloride turns brown (c) Silver chloride shows no colour change (d) Silver chloride turns grey 	(1)
2.	Which of the following would be obtained on prolonged reaction of iron with steam? (a) $\text{FeO} + \text{H}_2$ (b) $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (c) $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4 + \text{H}_2$ (d) Both Fe_2O_3 and Fe_3O_4	(1)
3.	Which of the following has the lowest pH: (a) Lime juice (b) Lime water (c) Antacid (d) human blood	(1)
4.	A colourless solution in the laboratory needs to be tested for an acid or a base. Suggest a suitable indicator that can be used by a visually impaired student for the test. (a) Universal indicator (b) Vanilla essence (c) Methyl orange (d) Blue litmus	(1)
5.	Select the incorrect statement among the following: (a) Decomposition reactions are the opposite of combination reactions (b) Copper can displace zinc from zinc sulphate (c) The reaction between sodium sulphate and barium chloride is a precipitation reaction (d) The non-gaseous product obtained by the thermal decomposition of calcium carbonate is obtained in the manufacture of cement.	(1)

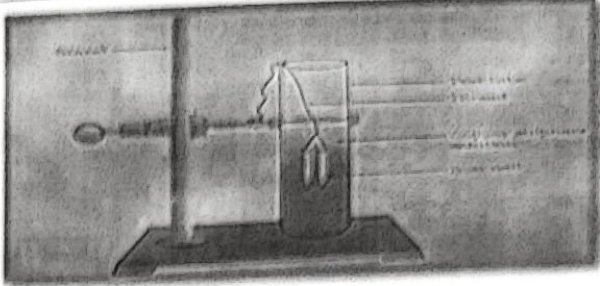
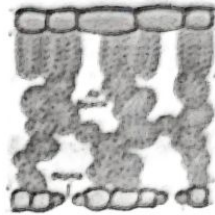
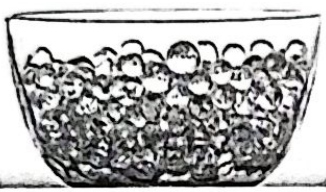
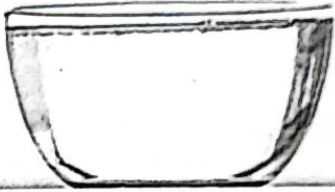
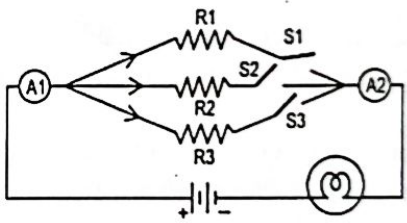
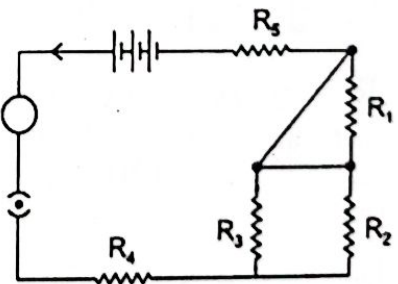
6.	2 g of yellow sulphur powder is burnt in a China dish and the fumes are collected in a test tube. Water is added to this test tube and the solution is tested separately with blue and red litmus paper. The correct observation is: (a) Blue litmus remains blue and red litmus turns blue. (b) Blue litmus turns red and red litmus remains red. (c) Blue litmus turns red and red litmus turns blue. (d) Blue litmus remains blue and red litmus remains red.	(1)
7.	Identify the gas evolved and its nature during the thermal decomposition of lead nitrate: (a) Nitric oxide, basic (b) Nitrogen dioxide, basic (c) Nitrogen dioxide, acidic (d) Nitrous oxide, acidic	(1)
8.	8. During cellular oxidation of Glucose, ATP is produced along with formation of other products in this reaction. Which of the following events is associated with production of maximum ATP molecules per molecule of Glucose during this process? Synthesis of (a) ethanol in yeast (b) lactic acid in muscle cells (c) carbon dioxide in yeast cells (d) carbon dioxide in human cells	(1)
9.	Blood circulation in fishes is different from the blood circulation in human beings because: (a) Fishes have only three chambers in their heart, the blood is pumped to the gills to get oxygenated blood and from there it passes directly to rest of the body. (b) Fishes have only two chambers in their heart, the blood is pumped to the lungs to get oxygenated blood and from there it passes directly to rest of the body. (c) Fishes have only two chambers in their heart, the blood is pumped to the gills to get deoxygenated blood and from there it passes directly to rest of the body. (d) Fishes have only two chambers in their heart, the blood is pumped to the gills to get oxygenated blood and from there it passes directly to rest of the body.	(1)
10.	Carnivores cannot digest cellulose but Herbivores can digest cellulose as they have (a) Longer large intestine (b) Longer small intestine (c) Smaller small intestine (d) Smaller large intestine	(1)
11.	9. Doctor checked an accident victim and found that there was brain dysfunction in a patient. Which of the following activities will get disturbed in this patient as a result of the part highlighted in the diagram is hurt? (a) Salivation (b) Hunger control (c) Posture and balance (d) Regulation of blood pressure	(1)
12.	What would be the genotype of the parents if the progeny of F ₂ generation are in the ratio of 1:1, in a pea plant for the character of height. (a) TT x tt (b) Tt x Tt (c) TT x tt (d) tt x tt	(1)
13.	The image of a candle formed by a lens is obtained on a screen placed on a screen placed on the other side of the lens. According to new Cartesian sign convention, if the image is three times the size of the flame, then the lens is (a) Concave and magnification is +3 (b) Concave and magnification is -3 (c) Convex and magnification is -3 (d) Convex and magnification is +3	(1)
14.	Which of the following correctly gives the sequence of events that take place when human eye changes its focus from a distant object to an object closer to the eye? (a) ciliary muscles relax --> curvature of eye lens increases --> focal length of eye lens increases (b) ciliary muscles contract --> curvature of eye lens decreases --> focal length of eye lens increases	(1)

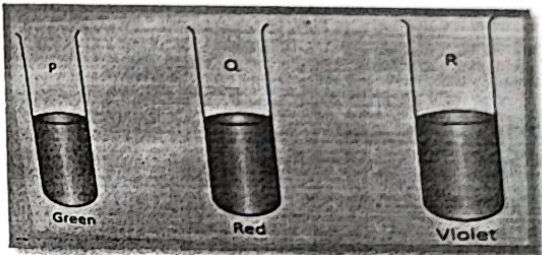


	(c) ciliary muscles relax --> curvature of eye lens decreases --> focal length of eye lens decreases (d) ciliary muscles contract --> curvature of eye lens increases --> focal length of eye lens decreases	
15.	Observe the given food chain and pick up the incorrect statement.  (a) Producers are the source of nutrition for the entire ecosystem. (b) decomposers break down the remains of dead animals and plants, to release simpler organic materials. (c) Every trophic level transfers energy to the next trophic level. (d) Only the first trophic level converts light energy to chemical energy.	(1)
16.	Which of the following is not the limitation of ecological pyramid (a) More than one species may occupy multiple trophic levels as in case of the food web. Thus, this system does not take into account food webs. (b) The saprophytes are not considered in any of the pyramids even though they form an important part of the various ecosystem. (c) These pyramids are applicable only to simple food chains, which usually do not occur naturally. (d) These pyramids do deliver any concept in relation to variations in season and climate	(1)
	Q. No 17 to 20 are Assertion - Reasoning based questions. These consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions selecting the appropriate option given below: (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A. (c) A is true but R is false. (d) A is False but R is true.	
17.	Assertion (A) : Hydrogen gas is not evolved when a metal reacts with nitric acid. Reason (R) : Nitric acid reduces Hydrogen gas into water.	(1)
18.	Assertion (A): The process of DNA copying does not result in variations. Reason (R): No biochemical reaction is absolutely reliable.	(1)
19.	Assertion: A person cannot see his image in a concave mirror, unless, he is beyond the center of curvature of the mirror. Reason: In a concave mirror, image formed is real provided the object is situated beyond its focus	(1)
20.	Assertion (A): DDT can pass along food chain from crops to man or other animals and harm them. Reason (R): DDT is non-biodegradable and cannot be metabolized within bodies of living organisms and accumulates in their bodies.	(1)

SECTION - B

Q. no. 21 to 26 are very short answer questions.

SECTION - B Q. no. 21 to 26 are very short answer questions.			
21.	(a) Identify the type of reaction that takes place when iron nails are dipped in copper sulphate solution. Compare the reactivity of iron and copper based on your observation. (b) Write your observation with respect to the iron nail and copper sulphate solution.		(2)
22.	Differentiate between alveoli and nephron on the basis of the following points: Structure, location and Function.		(2)
23.	Attempt either option A or B. A. Observe the given picture and describe the biochemical reactions which occur. OR B. Mention the source of production and their respective role of the following secretions in humans: (i) Bile (ii) Pepsin (iii) Trypsin (iv) Lipase.		(2)
24.	Rama took some clear gel beads and soaked them in water for a few hours. The gel beads absorbed water and increased in size. She then placed these beads in a glass container. The beads were clearly visible in the container as shown below.  Rama then added water to the container and it appeared as 		(2)
(a) Why are the gel beads not visible on adding water? (b) Would the gel beads shown in the first image be visible if placed in oil instead of water? Give a reason for your answer.			
25.	Attempt A or B: A) The circuit shown below has a bulb, three identical resistors R_1 , R_2 and R_3 , and three switches S_1 , S_2 and S_3 . There are also two ammeters A_1 and A_2 in the circuit. How will the reading on ammeter A_2 compare with the reading on ammeter A_1 when, (i) All the three switches are closed? (ii) One switch is closed? (iii) Which among the above two cases, the bulb in the circuit glow brightest? Justify. OR B) Consider the following electric circuit:		(2)
(a) Which two resistors are connected in series? (b) If every resistor of the circuit is of 2Ω , what current will flow in the circuit?			

26.	In 1987, an agreement was formulated by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) to freeze the production of "X" to prevent the depletion of "Y". i. What is X? Why should its production be frozen? ii. What would be the consequence if Y is depleted?	(2)
SECTION - C Q. no. 27 to 23 are short answer type questions.		
27.	(i) With the help of electron dot structure show the formation of Aluminium Oxide. (ii) The galvanized article is protected against rusting even if the zinc layer is scratched. Justify.	(3)
28.	Attempt either option A or B. A. In the above activity, when the wash bottle is tilted, the acid from the ignition tube mixes with sodium hydrogen carbonate. (a) Write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction between sodium hydrogen carbonate and sulphuric acid. (b) Identify the gas that comes out from the nozzle and write your observation on passing the gas through lime water (c) Identify the acid and base from which sodium hydrogen carbonate may be obtained. OR B. (i) What is the action of red litmus on: (a) Dry ammonia (b) solution of ammonia gas in water. Justify. (ii) On adding a few drops of universal indicator to three unknown colourless solutions P, Q, R taken in three separate test tubes, a student observes the changes in color as shown in the given picture: Write the decreasing order of pH of P, Q & R	(3)
		
		
29.	Water is used by the leaves of the plants for photosynthesis but rather than watering the leaves, we water the plant through the soil. A  B  (i) How does this water reach the leaves of the plant? (ii) How does movement of water differ in A & B of the given pictures.	(3)
30.	A. In a family of four individuals, the father possessed attached ear lobe(s) and the mother possessed free earlobe. If the parents had pure dominant and recessive traits respectively, then calculate the ratio of genetic makeup of F₂ generation. Show a suitable cross. B. If father had free earlobe and the mother had attached ear lobe, explain what effect it will have on the ratio of genetic makeup in F₂ generation.	(3)

31.	(i) Define electrical resistivity of a conductor. (ii) A copper wire has diameter 0.5 mm and resistivity $1.6 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \text{ m}$. Calculate the length of this wire to make its resistance 100 Ω .	(3)
32.	A person needs a lens of power - 2.0D to see clearly. What is the possible vision defect of the person? Draw ray diagram to show correction for the defect. It forms an image of an object at a distance of 10 cm from the lens. Find the distance of the object from the lens.	(3)
33.	Attempt A or B A. (i) How is the type of current used in household supply different from the one given by a Lead acid battery? (ii) Green wire in a household circuit helps to prevent appliances from short circuit. Comment (iii) An electrician is carrying out some repairs in your house. He wants to replace a fuse by a piece of wire. Would you agree? Give reasons for your response. OR B. (i) State the rule used to determine the direction of force acting on a conductor carrying current placed in a magnetic field. (ii) Given below are two diagrams showing the entry of an electron in a magnetic field. Identify the case in which the force will be maximum. Give reason for your answer. (i) (ii) (iii) Diagrammatically show straight current carrying has magnetic field around it.	(3)

SECTION - D

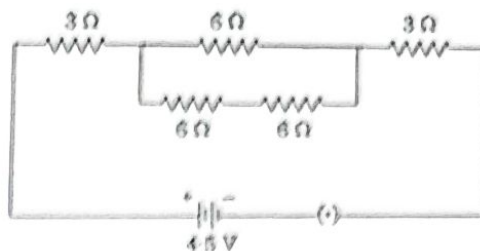
Q.no. 34 to 36 are long answer questions

34.	Attempt either option A or B. A. (i) Write the IUPAC name and draw the structural formula of the third member of Ketones. (ii) Compare ethanol and ethanoic acid based on one similar and one different chemical property with chemical reactions involved. OR B. (i) Explain single, double and triple covalent bonds with the example of first member of each of the hydrocarbons. (ii) Write the previous and the next homologue of Ethanal with their formula.	(5)
35.	Attempt either option A or B. A. The above picture shows four different types of reproduction. Describe the process in detail and comment on their differences. OR B. (a) Draw neat diagram of female reproductive system and label the following:- (i) The site where germ cells are produced. (ii) The site where fertilization occurs. (iii) The site where foetus develops. (b) What is menstruation? How does the menstrual cycle get affected after fertilization? (c) How is prenatal sex determination misused?	(5)

36.

Attempt either option A or B.

- (i) List any two advantages of connecting in parallel over series in a house hold circuit.
- (ii) In the electric circuit besides, calculate
- (a) Total current
- (b) Power dissipated by a 3Ω resistor

**OR**

- (i) Why is tungsten preferred as a filament in an electric bulb?
- (ii) Distinguish between kW and kWh.
- (iii) A household uses the following electric appliances
- (A) Refrigerator of rating 4 for ten hours each thy.
- (B) Two electric fans of rating 8 each for twelve hours each day.
- (C) Six electric tubes of rating 18 W each for 6 hours each day.
- Calculate the electricity bill of the household for the month of June if the cost per unit of electric energy is Rs. 3.00.

(5)

SECTION – E

Q.No's. 37 to 39 are Case - Based questions with 2 to 3 short sub - parts. Internal choice is provided in one of these sub-parts.

37.

Soaps and detergents are cleansing agents. Soaps are biodegradable and do not create water pollution. Some detergents create water pollution. However, washing soda, also known as sodium carbonate decahydrate, also used as a cleansing agent for domestic purposes, to soften hard water, and to control the pH of water.

- (i) Dry pellets of a common base B which is also a byproduct of chlor alkali process, reacts with the metal zinc to produce a compound A and a gas C which burns with a pop sound. Write a relevant chemical reaction to explain the above.

Attempt either subpart (ii) or (iii)

- (ii) Identify the compounds A and C mentioned in (i).
- (iii) Mention one use of each of any two products obtained in chlor-alkali process.
- (iv) Compare soaps and detergents on the basis of their cleansing action in hard water.
- (v) what are the two parts of a soap molecule made up of?

(4)

38.

Rakesh observed that in some plants like the pea plant climb up other plants or fences by means of tendrils. These tendrils are sensitive to touch. When they come in contact with any support, the part of the tendril in contact with the object does not grow as rapidly as the part of the tendril away from the object. This causes the tendril to circle around the object and thus cling to it. More commonly, plants respond to stimuli slowly by growing in a particular direction. Because this growth is directional, it appears as if the plant is moving. Later he observed that in mimosa the same touch shown different movement.

- i) What are tropic movements? Name them.
- ii) How is the movement in mimosa plant different from pea plant?
- iii) What type of tropic movement is exhibited by sunflower?

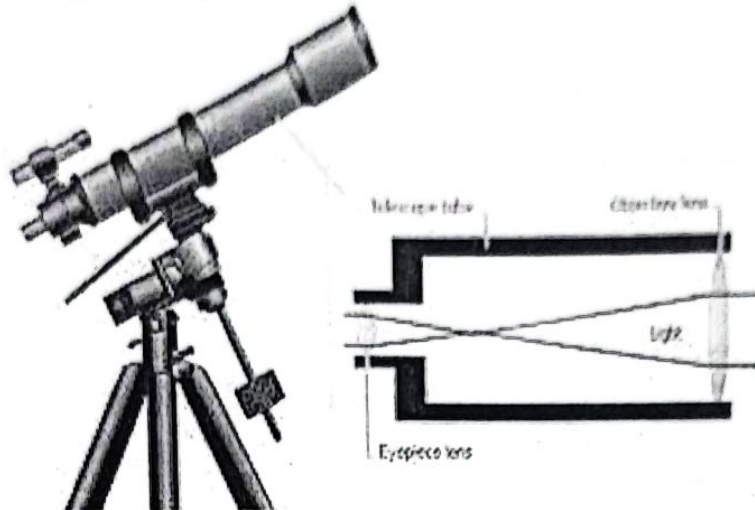
Attempt either subpart (iv) or (v)

- iv) Name the plants hormone which promotes cell division?
- v) Name the plant hormone which inhibits growth?

(4)

Rakesh wanted to see the stars of the night sky. He knows that she needs a telescope to see those distant stars. She finds out that the telescopes, which are made of lenses, are called Refracting telescopes and the ones which are made of mirrors are called Reflecting telescopes.

He decided to make a telescope and bought two lenses, L_1 and L_2 out of which L_1 was bigger and L_2 was smaller. The larger lens gathers and bends the light, while the smaller lens magnifies the image. Big, thick lenses are more powerful. So to see far away, she needed a big powerful lens. Unfortunately, she realized that a big lens is very heavy. Heavy lenses are hard to make and difficult to hold in the right place. Also, since the light is passing through the lens, the surface of the lens has to be extremely smooth. Any flaws in the lens will change the image. It would be like looking through a dirty window.



(i) Based on the above information, what kind of lenses would Sumati need to make the telescope? Which type of telescope she decided to make? (1)

(ii) If the powers of the lenses L_1 and L_2 are in the ratio of 4:1, what would be the ratio of the focal length of L_1 and L_2 ? (1)

Attempt either subpart (iii) or (iv)

(iii) Sumati did some preliminary experiment with the lenses and found out that the magnification of the eyepiece (L_2) is 3. If in her experiment with L_2 she found an image at 24 cm from the lens, at what distance did she put the object? Also, determine its focal length. (2)

OR

(iv) If she decides to have +10D for objective lens, how far from this lens would the image of the Moon form. Draw ray diagram to depict the image formation of the Moon by this lens.



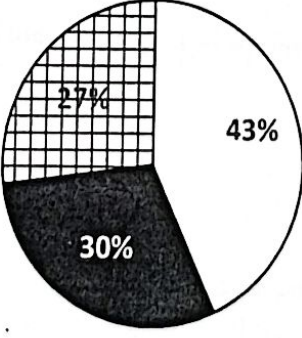
SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION- II (2024-25)
SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE CODE:087
SET-1

CLASS: X
DATE: 04.01.2025
No of sides: 7

MAX MARKS:80
READING TIME: 8:30 to 8:45 am
WRITING TIME: 8:45 to 11:45 am

General Instructions:

- Question paper comprises six Sections – A, B, C, D, E and F. There are 37 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- Section A – Question 1 to 20 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- Section B – Question no. 21 to 24 are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40 words.
- Section C contains Question no. 25 to Question 29 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words.
- Section D – Question no. 30 to 33 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 120 words.
- Section-E - Questions no from 34 to 36 are case based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each.
- Section F – Question no. 37 is map based, carrying 5 marks with two parts, 37a from History (2 marks) and 37b from Geography (3 marks).
- There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.
- In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary

SECTION- A		
Multiple Choice Questions (1x20=20)		
1	Who among the following led the peasants movement in Bardoli in 1928? a) Baba Ramchandra b) Vallabhbhai Patel c) Subhash Chandra Bose d) Jawaharlal Nehru	1
2	Interpret the following pie diagram and choose the correct option for the following question-  □ Plains ■ Mountains ▤ Plateaus	1

20	Assertion (A) Banks charge a higher interest rate on loans than what they offer on deposits. Reason (R) The difference between what is charged from the borrowers and what is paid to the depositors is their main source of income. a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. c) A is true but R is false. d) A is false but R is true.	1
SECTION -B		
VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (2X4=8)		
21	Mention the reasons for land degradation in a) Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh and Odisha b) Punjab, Haryana and Uttar Pradesh.	2
22	How were human societies interlinked in ancient times? OR Spanish conquest and colonization of America was decisively underway by mid-16th century . Explain	2
23	Highlight two sharp contrast between Belgium and Sri Lankan democracies,	2
24	Write two features of Final goods.	2
SECTION -C		
SHORT ANSWER- BASED QUESTIONS (3X5=15)		
25	Explain Protestant Reformation.	3
26	Name the agricultural term used for cultivation of fruits and vegetables. Write its two features with reference to India. OR Describe the conditions required for the cultivation of tea. Name two major tea producing states of India.	3
27	Which sector Organised or Unorganised is preferred for employment. Why?	3
28	Mention the constitutional provisions that makes India a Secular state.	3
29	Examine the controversy over Hindi and English as the official language.	3
SECTION -D		
LONG ANSWER- BASED QUESTIONS (5X4=20)		
30	Examine the reasons for the location of most of the jute mills in Hugli basin. OR Write the role of Information and Technology industry in India.	5
31	Who hosted the 'Vienna Congress' in 1815? Analyse the main changes brought by the Vienna treaty. OR Describe the Economic hardships faced by Europe in 1830's.	5
32	Describe any three efforts to reform Political Parties and Analyse the role of Political parties in Democracy-	3+2=5

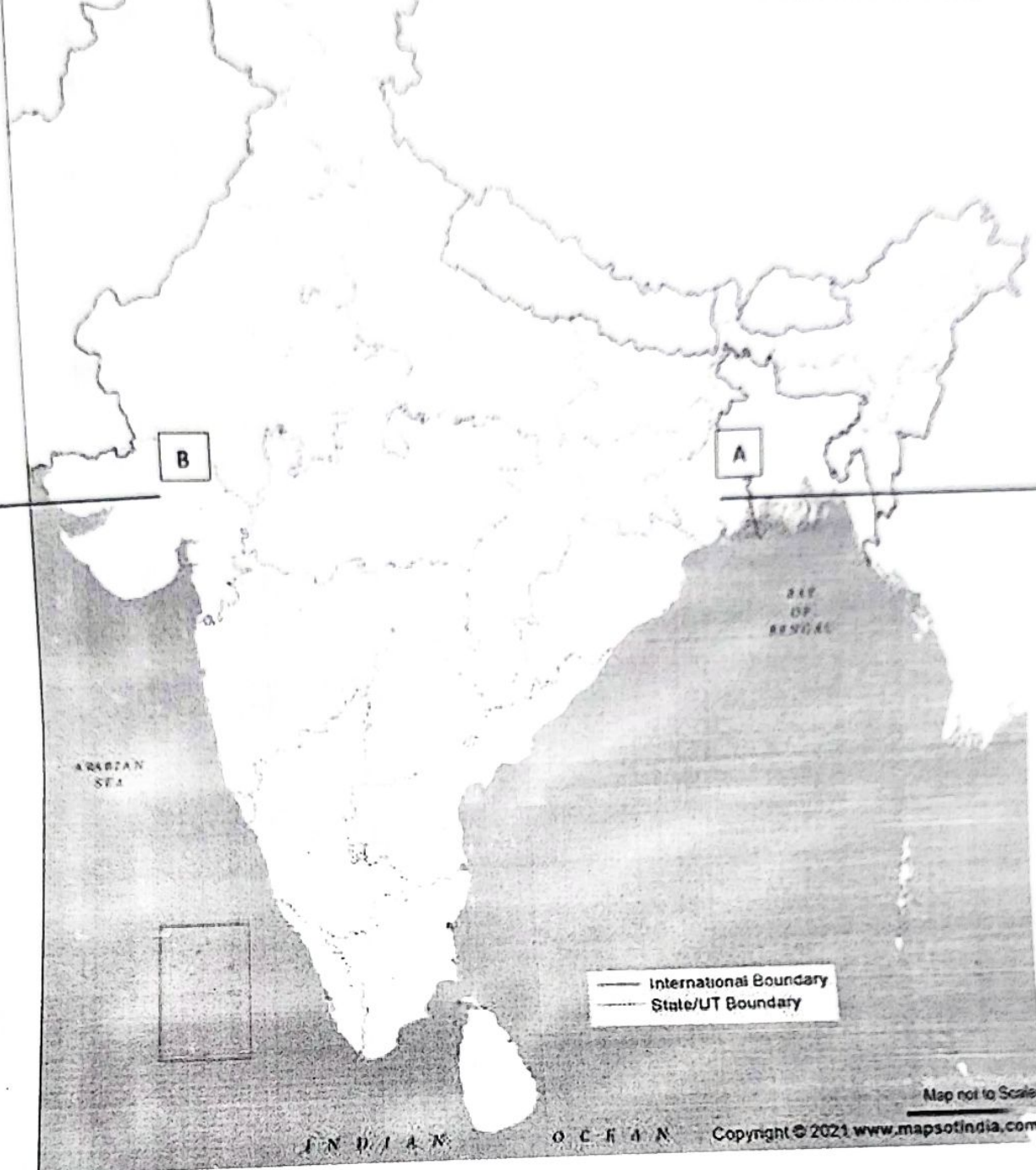
	a) Shaping Public Opinion b) Opposition Parties OR a) Name the Regional Political Parties predominant in Jharkhand, Sikkim and Orissa respectively with their symbols. b) Describe the features of two party system	
33	Mr. X borrowed money from a moneylender at a high rate of interest, as he could not pay the interest. Mr. X was forced to borrow from another landlord to settle the amount for the interest borrowed to the moneylender. State the consequences he may face in this situation. OR Differentiate between Formal sources of credit and Informal sources of credit.	5
SECTION -E		
CASE- BASED QUESTIONS (4x3=12)		
34	Read the source given below and answer the questions that follow- In February 1922, Mahatma Gandhi decided to withdraw the Non-Cooperation Movement. He felt the movement was turning violent in many places and satyagrahis needed to be properly trained before they would be ready for mass struggles. Within the Congress, some leaders were by now tired of mass struggles and wanted to participate in elections to the provincial councils that had been set up by the Government of India Act of 1919. 34.1) Why did some of the Congress leaders decide to participate in the provincial elections? 34.2) Why did Mahatma Gandhi withdraw the Non Cooperation movement? 34.3) Which party was formed within the congress to argue for a return to council politics? Who formed the party?	1 1 2
35	Read the source given below and answer the questions that follow- A particular mineral that will be formed from a certain combination of elements depends upon the physical and chemical conditions under which the material forms. This, in turn, results in a wide range of colours, hardness, crystal forms, lustre and density that a particular mineral possesses. Geologists use these properties to classify the minerals. 35.1) Copper, lead, tin and gold examples of which kind of minerals 35.2) What is peat? 35.3) Differentiate between Gondwana coal and Tertiary coal.	1 1 2
36	Read the source given below and answer the questions that follow- In the past two to three decades, more and more MNCs have been looking for locations around the world which would be cheap for their production. Foreign investment by MNCs in these countries has been rising. At the same time, foreign trade between countries has been rising rapidly. A large	

	part of the foreign trade is also controlled by MNCs. For instance, the car manufacturing plant of Ford Motors in India not only produces cars for the Indian markets, it also exports cars to other developing countries and exports car components for its many factories around the world. Likewise, activities of most MNCs involve substantial trade in goods and also services. 36.1) What is Globalisation? 36.2) Rapid improvement in _____ has been one major factor that has stimulated globalisation process. 36.3) List two benefits of Globalisation to the Indian economy.	1 1 2
	SECTION -F	
	MAP SKILL-BASED QUESTION (2+3=5)	
37a	a) Two places A and B are marked on that given outline map of India. Identify them and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them. A. The place where Indian National Congress session was held in September 1920. B. The place associated with the movement of cotton mill workers.	2
37b	b) On the same outline map of India locate and label any 3 of the following with suitable symbols. a) Salal dam b) Software Technology park- Noida c) Seaport- Kandla d) International Airport- Chennai (Meenambakam)	3

N
A

INDIA

OUTLINE MAP WITH STATES
& UNION TERRITORIES





SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION- II (2024-25)
SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE, CODE:087
SET-2

CLASS: X
DATE: 04-01-2025
No of sides:08

MAX MARKS:80
READING TIME: 8:00 to 8:15 am
WRITING TIME: 8:15 to 11:15 am

General Instructions:

- i. Question paper comprises Six Sections – A, B, C, D,E and F. There are 37 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- ii. Section A – From question 1 to 20 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- iii. Section B – Question no. 21 to 24 are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40 words.
- iv. Section C contains Q.25to Q.29 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words.
- v. Section D – Question no. 30 to 33 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 120 words.
- vi. Section-E - Questions no from 34 to 36 are case based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each.
- vii. Section F – Question no. 37 is map based, carrying 5 marks with two parts, 37a from History (2 marks) and 37b from Geography (3 marks).
- viii. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.
- ix. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary

SECTION- A		
	Multiple Choice Questions	(1x20=20)
1	The session in which the demand for “Purna Swaraj” was formalised by Indian National Congress? a) Nagpur b) Lahore c) Madras d) Kolkata	1
2	Transformation of things available in our environment involves an interactive relationship between _____ a) Nature and technology b) Nature, technology and institutions c) Nature and institutions d) Environment and human being	1

3 Read the given data and find out which country has most equitable distribution of income.

Countries	Monthly Income of Citizens of four countries in 2018					
	Citizen 1	Citizen 2	Citizen 3	Citizen 4	Citizen 5	Citizen 6
Country A	10500	11200	10800	11000	10700	10840
Country B	600	5000	600	600	600	1480
Country C	550	10500	400	7500	2000	4190
Country D	800	4800	700	5000	750	2410

a) Country A

b) Country B

c) Country C

d) Country D

4 Identify the type of forests based on the following statements.

- These are other forests and wastelands.
- These forests belong to both government and private individuals and communities.

a) Reserved Forest

b) Protected Forest

c) Unclassed Forest

d) Joint Forest

5 Which of the following are reasons for conservation of water scarcity?

- To ensure food security
- For continuation of our livelihoods and productive activities
- For ecological crisis
- To prevent degradation of our natural ecosystem

a) (i), (ii) and (iv) are correct

b) (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct

c) (ii), (iii) and (iv) are correct

d) (i), (iii) and (iv) are correct

6 **Statement I: Ethnicity is a social division based on shared culture.**

Statement II: People belonging to the same ethnic group believe in their common descent and they always have the same religion or nationality.

a) Statement I is true and Statement II is false

b) Statement II is true and Statement I is false

c) Both the statements are true

d) Both the statements are false

7 Choose the correct option from the following with respect to Belgium.

a) Flemish region is in the south of Belgium

b) Wallonia region is located in the north of Belgium

c) Flemish region majorly contains Dutch speaking population

d) Wallonia region is majorly contains German speaking population

8 For calculating Body Mass Index (BMI) weight of a person is divided by the

a) Square of the height

b) Square of the body weight

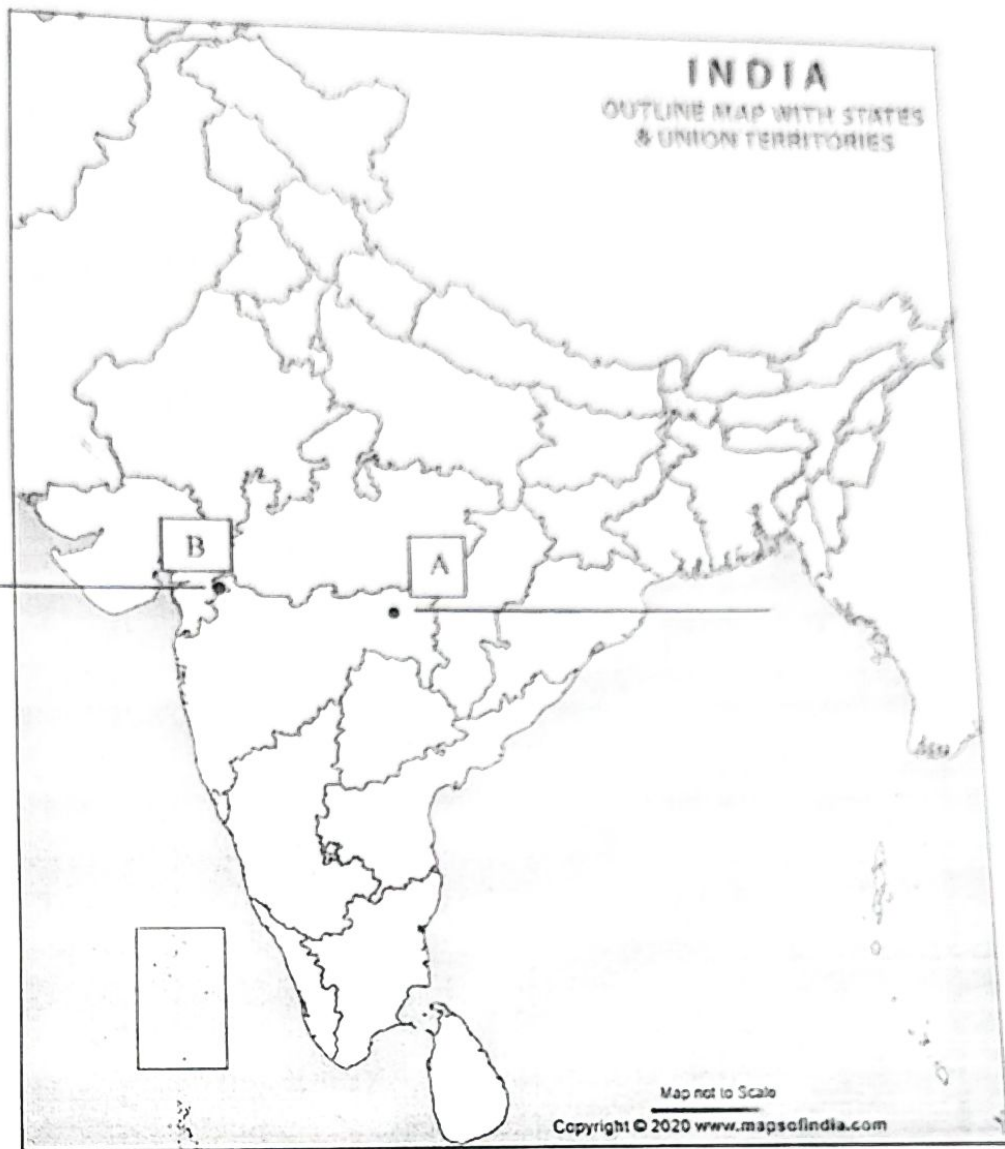
c) Square root of the height

d) Sum of the height and weight

14	Which of the following statement is correct about MGNREGA 2005? a) The act was passed in 2008 b) All those who are able to are in need of work in urban areas are guaranteed 100 days of employment. c) If the government fails in the its duty to provide employment it will give unemployment allowances to the people. d) The types of work that would in future help to decrease the production from land will be given preference under the Act.	
15	Consider the statements given and choose the correct answer. Statement I : The ideas of scientists and philosophers now became more accessible only for the rich people. Ancient and medieval scientific texts were compiled and published, and maps and scientific diagrams were widely printed Statement II : When scientists like Isaac Newton began to publish their discoveries, they could influence a much wider circle of scientific readers. a) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect. b) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct, c) Both I and II are correct. d) Both I and II are incorrect.	1
16	Which of the following statements about democratic government are correct? i) Every society can fully and permanently resolve conflicts among different groups. ii) We can certainly learn to respect these differences and we can also evolve mechanisms to negotiate the differences. Democracy is best suited to produce this outcome. iii) Democratic regimes often turn a blind eye to or suppress internal social differences. iv) Ability to handle social differences, divisions and conflicts is thus a definite plus point of democratic regimes. a) (i) and (ii) b) (ii) and (iii) c) (i) and (iii) d) (ii) and (iv)	1
17	Assertion (A): Ordinary people feel close to parties even when they do not fully trust them. Reason (R): For an ordinary citizen it is easy to approach a local party leader than a government officer. a) R is false but A is true b) A is false but R is true c) Both A and R are true but R does not explains A d) Both A and R are True and R explains A	1
18	Assertion (A): Democracies often frustrate the needs of the people and often ignore the demands of majority of its population. Reason (R): Democracy's ability to generate its own support itself an outcome that cannot be ignored. a) Both A and R are and R is a correct explanation of A b) Both A and R are but R is not a correct explanation of A c) A is true and R is false d) R is true and A is false	1

19	Statement I: In a barter system goods are directly exchanged without the use of money. Statement II: Money acts as an intermediate in the exchange process. a) Statement (I) is correct and (II) is incorrect b) Statement (I) is incorrect and statement (II) is correct c) Both (I) and (II) are correct d) Both (I) and (II) are in correct	1
20	Assertion (A): Credit would be useful or not depends on the risk involved in a situation. Reason (R): The chances of benefitting from credit are highest in agricultural sector. a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. c) A is true but R is false. d) A is false but R is true.	1
SECTION -B		
VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (2X4=8)		
21	Explain two different ways of soil erosion.	2
22	"Food offers many examples of long-distance cultural exchange"- Explain. OR "Thousands of Europeans fled Europe for America"-Explain.	2
23	Why power sharing is desirable?	2
24	Explain Industrial sector with two examples.	2
SECTION -C		
SHORT ANSWER- BASED QUESTIONS (3X5=15)		
25	"Through the nineteenth century, there were a series of further innovations in printing technology" – Explain.	3
26	Mr R was a regular worker in a small factory. He was not paid his wages properly and the factory did not follow the factory rules and regulations stated by the government, recently he lost his job and was found selling electrical items in a pushcart. Analyse the role of the government in protecting the workers like "R".	3
27	State any three characteristics of Commercial Farming. OR Describe three features of Kharif crop season.	3
28	"Communalism can take various forms in politics" – Explain.	3
29	"How the constitutional arrangements for sharing power work in reality depends to a large extent on how the ruling parties and leaders follow these arrangements" – Explain.	3
SECTION -D		
LONG ANSWER- BASED QUESTIONS (5X4=20)		
30	Explain any five measures to control Industrial pollution.. OR a) What are basic industries? b) Textile industry occupies unique position in the Indian economy. Explain.	5
31	"Nationalism aligned with imperialism, led Europe to disaster in 1914" – Explain. OR	5

	"Art and culture played an important role in developing nationalism among the people" - Explain under the context of Romanticism.	
32	a) Explain briefly any three challenges faced by political parties which are also reasons for people's dissatisfaction towards political parties. b) Differentiate between Regional parties and National parties. OR a) "Party system is not something any country can choose" – Explain. b) What is alliance? Which are the alliances pre dominant in India?	3+2 =5
33	Miss X wants to start a savoury food store in her village. She wants to supplement her income to raise the standard of living of her family. How do you think Self- Help groups can help? Support your answer with reasons. OR Cheap and affordable credit is crucial for a country's development. Explain with reasons.	5
SECTION -E		
CASE- BASED QUESTIONS		(4x3=12)
34	Read the source given below and answer the questions that follow- In June 1920, Jawaharlal Nehru began going around the villages in Awadh, talking to the villagers, and trying to understand their grievances. By October, the Oudh Kisan Sabha was set up headed by Jawaharlal Nehru, Baba Ramchandra and a few others. Within a month, over 300 branches had been set up in the villages around the region. So when the NonCooperation Movement began the following year, the effort of the Congress was to integrate the Awadh peasant struggle into the wider struggle. 34.1) Why were Awadh peasants dissatisfied with the Talukdars and Landlords? 34.2) What was Nai dhobi movement? 34.3) "The peasant movement, however, developed in forms that the Congress leadership was unhappy with" – Explain.	1 1 2
35	Read the extract and answer the following questions Minerals are an indispensable part of our lives. Almost everything we use, from a tiny pin to a towering building or a big ship, all are made from minerals. The railway lines and the tarmac (paving) of the roads, our implements and machinery too are made from minerals. Cars, buses, trains, aeroplanes are manufactured from minerals and run on power resources derived from the earth. Even the food that we eat contains minerals. In all stages of development, human beings have used minerals for their livelihood, decoration, festivities, religious and ceremonial rites. 35.1) In which of the industries mica is used? 35.2) What is Rat hole Mining? 35.3) Give any two reasons why conservation of minerals is important?	1 1 2
36	Read the extract and answer the following questions Even more remarkable have been the developments in information and communication technology. In recent times, technology in the areas of telecommunications, computers, Internet has been changing rapidly. Telecommunication facilities (tele- graph, telephone including mobile phones, fax) are used to contact one another around the world, to access information instantly, and to communicate from remote areas. This has been facilitated by satellite communication devices. 36.1) Name the process of rapid integration or interconnection between countries?	1



	36.2) What is MNC?	1
	36.3) List any two ways How Internet has helped in Globalisation?	2
	SECTION -F	
	MAP SKILL-BASED QUESTION (2+3=5)	
37 a	Two places A and B have been marked on the given outline map of India. Identify them and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them. A. The place where Indian National Congress session was held and compromise was worked out to start Non-cooperation movement. B. The place where in Gandhiji broke salt law.	2
37 b	In the given India Political map locate the following. (any 3) a. Tehri dam b. Cotton Textile Industry - Surat c. Seaport – Marmagao d. Software Technology Park- Pune	3



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU

PREBOARD-II (2024-25)

Date: 11/01/2025

Subject: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (417)

Max Marks: 50

Class: X

No of Pages: 05

Reading Time: 8.00am to 8.15 am

Writing Time: 8.15 am to 10.15 am

General Instructions:

1. Please read the instructions carefully.
2. This Question Paper consists of 21 questions in two sections: Section A & Section B.
3. Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
4. Out of the given (5 + 16 = 21) questions, a candidate has to answer (5 + 10 = 15) questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 2 hours.
5. All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
6. **SECTION A - OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (24 MARKS):**
 - i. This section has 05 questions.
 - ii. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.
 - iii. There is no negative marking.
 - iv. Do as per the instructions given.
7. **SECTION B – SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (26 MARKS):**
 - i. This section has 16 questions.
 - ii. A candidate has to do 10 questions.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. 1	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions on Employability Skills	(1 x 4 = 4 marks)
i.	_____ is not the quality of self-confident people (a)Dependent (b) Hard Working (c) Positive Attitude (d) Commitment	1
ii.	If you are aware of your own values, likes, dislikes, strengths, and shortcomings as an individual denotes the fact that you are _____. (a) Self-Confident (b) Self-Control (c) Self Motivated (d) Self-Aware	1
iii.	What is the shortcut key to rename a file or folder in windows? (a) Ctrl + R (b) F2 (c) Alt + R (d) Ctrl + F2	1
iv.	_____ is a series of postures and breathing exercises practiced to achieve control of body mind. (a) Meditation (b) Nature Walk (c) Yoga (d)Physical Exercise	1
v.	From the following statements, which one is not the positive impact of Entrepreneurship on society: (a)Stimulates Innovation and Efficiency (b)Creates Jobs and Employment Opportunities (c) Solves the problems of the society (d) Discourages welfare of the society	1
vi.	Ravi learnt that if a laptop gets overheated, the internal parts get damaged. What happens if he leaves his device plugged in even after it is charged 100%? (a) It can break (b) It can stop functioning (c) It can overheat (d) Data can get corrupt	1

Q. 2	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions	(1 x 5 = 5 marks)
i.	Tom is a student of grade five. He likes to move constantly at his desk. He plays with pencils and taps his fingers, stands up in his place any time he gets a chance. He enjoys playing	1

	basketball, and likes to play in the classroom. Which of the following intelligence does he demonstrate? a) Linguistic b) Logical-Mathematical c) Musical d) Kinesthetic	
ii.	In _____, the machine is trained with huge amounts of data which helps it in training itself around the data. (a) Supervised Learning (b) Deep Learning (c) Classification (d) Unsupervised Learning	1
iii.	Assertion(A): A Teacher works for a renowned School. Reason (R): The statement given above is an example of wage employment (a) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A (b) Both A and R are correct but R is NOT the correct explanation of A (c) A is correct but R is not correct (d) A is not correct but R is correct	1
iv.	Statement1: There are three layers in a neural network. Statement2: The first layer of the neural network is known as the input layer. (a) Both Statement1 and Statement2 are correct (b) Both Statement1 and Statement2 are incorrect (c) Statement1 is correct but Statement2 is incorrect (d) Statement2 is correct but Statement1 is incorrect	1
v.	_____ are modelled on the human brain, it is essentially a machine learning algorithm, useful for solving problems when dataset is large (a) Computer vision (b) Data Science (c) Natural Language Processing (d) Neural Network	1
vi.	_____ is a domain of AI that depicts the capability of a machine to get and analyse visual information and afterwards predict some decisions about it. (a) NLP (b) Data Sciences (c) Augmented Reality (d) Computer Vision	1

Q. 3	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions	(1 x 5 = 5 marks)
i.	Give 2 examples of Supervised Learning models. (a) Classification and Regression (b) Clustering and Dimensionality Reduction (c) Rule Based and Learning Based (d) Classification and Clustering	1
ii.	_____ is defined as the percentage of correct predictions out of all the observations. (a) Predictions (b) Accuracy (c) Reality (d) F1 Score	1
iii.	One of the most reliable and authentic sources of information where we can download the authentic data for our project are _____. (a) Private websites (b) Government websites (c) Personal websites (d) None of the above	1
iv.	Pick the odd one out : (a) Snap Chat Filter (b) Face Lock in Phone (c) Chatbot (d) Image search Option	1
v.	Efficiency of the model is calculated on the basis of which parameters. (a) F1 Score >> Recall >> Precision >> Accuracy (b) Accuracy >> Precision >> Recall >> F1 Score (c) Precision >> Accuracy >> F1 Score >> Recall (d) Recall >> Precision >> Accuracy >> F1 Score	1

vi.	Sometimes, you use the internet and try to acquire data for your project from some random websites. Such data might not be authentic as its accuracy cannot be proved. Due to this, it becomes necessary to find a _____ (a) Reliable source (b) Random source (c) Unauthorised source (d) All of the above	1
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Q. 4	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	
i.	7+3=3+7 is an example of _____ a) Different semantics, Same Syntax b) Different Syntax, Same Semantics c) Perfect Syntax, No Meaning d) Multiple Meaning of a word	1
ii.	Which of the following words occurs least in the corpus but add the most value to the corpus? a) Stop words c) Frequent words b) Rare words d) Fitting	1
iii.	Which of the following is a virtual assistant developed by Microsoft? a) Siri b) Cortana c) Google Assistant d) Alexa	1
v.	A MegaPixel refers to _____ a) Thousand Pixels b) Hundreds of pixels c) Millions of pixels d) Tens Pixels	1
v.	Raunak was learning the conditions that make up the confusion matrix. He came across a scenario in which the machine that was supposed to predict an animal was always predicting not an animal. What is this condition called? a) False Positive b) True Positive c) False Negative d) True Negative	1
vi.	Expand CBT _____ a) Computer Behaved Training b) Cognitive Behavioural Therapy c) Consolidated Batch of trainers d) Combined Basic Training	1

Q. 5	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	
i.	Poor precision and Poor recall refer to _____ a. Overfitting b) Low accuracy c) Underfitting d) Low F1 Score	1
ii.	The term Sentence Segmentation is _____ a) the whole corpus is divided into sentences b) to undergo several steps to normalise the text to a lower level c) in which each sentence is then further divided into tokens d) the process in which the affixes of words are removed	1
iii.	Prediction and Reality can be easily mapped together with the help of : a) Prediction b) Reality c) Accuracy d) Confusion Matrix	1
iv.	In _____, the machine is trained with huge amounts of data which helps it in training itself around the data. a) Machine Learning b) Artificial Intelligence c) NLP d) Deep Learning	1
v.	_____ is an example of Applications of Natural Language Processing. a) Evaluation b) Automatic Summarization c) Deep Learning d) Problem Scoping	1
vi.	What do you mean by syntax of a language? (a) Meaning of a sentence (b) Grammatical structure of a sentence (c) Semantics of a sentence (d) Synonym of a sentence	1

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions on Employability Skills marks)

(2 x 3 = 6)

Answer each question in 20 – 30 words.

Q.6	Name any two sources of stress in modern times?	2
Q.7	State two disadvantages of entrepreneurship as a career.	2
Q.8	Sameera is always punctual at school. She has a regular schedule that she follows every day. She plans for study and play time in advance. Enlist the four steps Sameera must have followed effective time management	2
Q.9	Ramya and Ramu both own plant shops. Ramu sits at his shop every day. When customers come, he sells to them. Ramya walks around and gets customers to her shop. She also sells seeds and flowers with her plants. Who is Entrepreneur out of Ramya and Ramu and why?	2
Q.10	Write few tips to protect your data from online theft and viruses.	2

Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions in 20 – 30 words each marks)

(2 x 4 = 8)

Q.11	Identify the given icon and explain about it.	2												
														
Q.12	Nila, a beginner in the field of NLP is trying to understand the process of Stemming. Help her in filling up the following table by suggesting appropriate affixes and stem of the words mentioned there <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"><thead><tr><th>S. No</th><th>Word</th><th>Affixes</th><th>Stem</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>i.</td><td>Tries</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>ii.</td><td>Learning</td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table>	S. No	Word	Affixes	Stem	i.	Tries			ii.	Learning			2
S. No	Word	Affixes	Stem											
i.	Tries													
ii.	Learning													
Q.13	Draw the confusion matrix table for the following data - the number of true positive = 100 - the number of true negative = 47 - the number of false positive = 62 - the number of false negative = 290	2												
Q.14	What is TFIDF? Write its formula.	2												
Q.15	What is Accuracy? Mention its formula.	2												
Q.16	AI is making people life easier. In another hand it creates unemployment. Is it ethical? Explain.	2												

Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 50– 80 words each

(4 x 3 = 12 marks)

Q.17	What is Intelligence? Explain in brief any three types of intelligence that are mainly perceived by human beings?	4																
Q.18	Explain the following. a) What do you mean by data privacy? What are the primary concerns related to data privacy? b) Mention any two features of neural network?	4																
Q.19	What are the steps of text Normalization? Explain them in brief	4																
Q.20	Create a document vector table from the following documents by implementing all the four steps Bag of words model. Document1: Sameera and Sanya are classmates. Document2: Sameera likes dancing but Sanya loves to study mathematics.	4																
Q.21	Calculate Accuracy, Precision, Recall and F1 Score for the following Confusion Matrix on Heart Attack Risk. <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>The Confusion Matrix</th><th>Reality: 1</th><th>Reality: 0</th><th></th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Prediction: 1</td><td>50</td><td>20</td><td>70</td></tr><tr><td>Prediction: 0</td><td>10</td><td>20</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>60</td><td>40</td><td>100</td></tr></tbody></table>	The Confusion Matrix	Reality: 1	Reality: 0		Prediction: 1	50	20	70	Prediction: 0	10	20	30		60	40	100	4
The Confusion Matrix	Reality: 1	Reality: 0																
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